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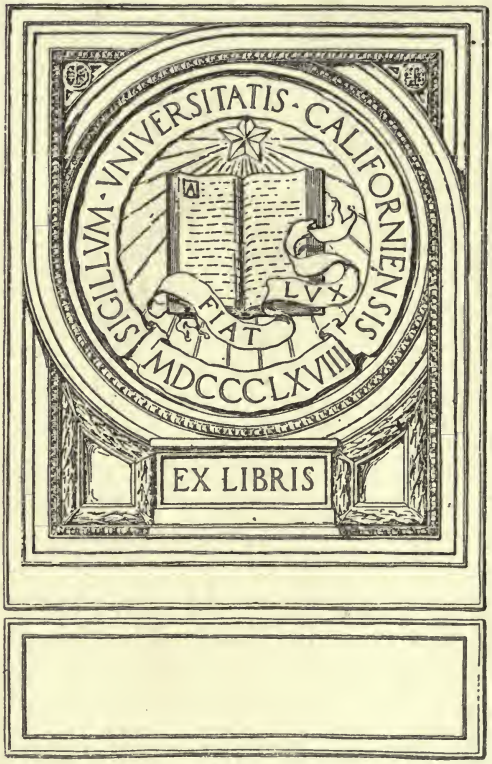
VICENNIAL RECORD OF THE CLASS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY SEVEN IN YALE COLLEGE

GIFT OF
W. A. Setchell



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"TWENTY YEARS AFTER."

VICENNIAL RECORD

—OF—

THE CLASS OF 1887

—IN—

YALE COLLEGE

GEORGE E. HILL, CLASS SECRETARY

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.
THE MARIGOLD-FOSTER PRINTING CO.
1909

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W A Setchell

FOREWORD

To the Class:

Thanks to those who have aided in the preparation of this book, and regret that its appearance has been so long delayed, are the two thoughts which demand expression in this, the last word for the Vicennial Report. The delay, I take wholly upon my own shoulders, extenuating my fault only by reference to a large number of calls upon my time and other personal reasons connected with my business. The forbearance of the Class I have always relied upon and have never been disappointed.

Even now, its pages would not have been ready for your perusal had it not been for the devoted labors of William Savage Burns, who, with diligence, skill, and cheerful sacrifice of time has done a very large part of the work of preparation of the biographies. The Bibliography is entirely his work and represents much labor in the best libraries within reach. To him I extend the most hearty thanks of the Class and myself.

Without enumerating them, I also wish to thank others of the Class, who, by written and spoken suggestion, and by supplying the photographs from which many of the illustrations are reproduced, have contributed much to make the book what it is. Who some of them are, will be apparent from a perusal of the pages which follow.

It will be noticed that the biographical sketches have been made more complete than in former reports, by the addition of information concerning parentage, preparation for college, relationship and other facts dating back of entrance to college. While these items may not add very largely to the present interest of the Report, it is hoped that they will add to its value as a permanent record. It should be possible to turn to the class record of any graduate of Yale and learn

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from its pages all concerning him which can be concisely stated in print. It is hoped that the biographies herein, approach that design; but at the same time addition of information not now available may be hereafter made to advantage.

It may have seemed to some of you that some of the information which you have been asked to contribute was somewhat irrelevant; but with the design above outlined in mind I think you will agree with me that every fact which I have sought to elicit from you may have a bearing upon the preparation of a biography which shall enable your classmates and others to see you as you really are.

I have made a diligent effort, too, to get back into the lists, some of the missing non-graduate members of the Class. Many of them have never been heard from directly or indirectly since they left college, and some have appeared only for a moment within the scope of the Secretary's vision, to disappear again.

If it shall be my lot to prepare another Class Report, it is my hope that it shall contain the name and some facts concerning every man whose name was ever enrolled upon the membership roll of '87. I ask each man to bear in mind this desire, and in the event that he shall have knowledge of any man whose biography is entitled to a place in our records, but is missing or incomplete, to see that such information reaches me.

Very sincerely yours,

GEORGE E. HILL,

Bridgeport, June 15, 1909. *Secretary.*

SINCE THE LAST REPORT

THE additional year or more since this report should, in the orderly progress of events, have been issued to an expectant world, gives some information for its pages which would have been necessarily omitted had it gone to press earlier. These lines are written as the news is being ticked across the world that the people have for the first time chosen a Yale man for President and a word of gratified pride that such is the case cannot properly be construed, in a Yale Class Report, as an introduction of politics into its pages. Doubtless some Yale men, perhaps some '87 men were among those who felt it a duty to vote against him, but even those will unite with all other Yale men everywhere in a feeling of satisfaction that worth and circumstance combined to give Yale the honor which thus comes to her.

The Class, entering upon its third decade of post-graduate life has, among its members, men whose accomplishments must be recorded early in these pages. To tell of them thus among ourselves is not a boast but a mere chronicle of events of interest and importance to each one of us. They cannot all be referred to here, but the pages which follow will show what each man has done for himself, the world and the reputation of Yale and '87, so far as they can be gleaned from the all too modest reports which you have given of yourselves.

It is a busy lot of fellows, this Class of '87. The drones are either few or absent altogether from its roll of membership. It is that persistence in useful occupation which will most impress one who tries to look them all over and draw a composite picture of the 127 men who remain.* Every man

*The statistical part of the Report was in type before the death of Clinton Larue Hare, who died June 4, 1909. It did not seem feasible to make changes in that part of the book already set up. The figures, therefore, include Hare among the living, rather than among the deceased members.

has a useful occupation and is making the most of the noon of his active life. Most of them are doing it in a way which is suggestive in some measure of the characteristics which marked him when he was in college.

Do you remember how George Pettee was accustomed to hustle in college,—especially around examination time? We all knew then as we know now that he was a born teacher

with an energy back of him which knew no limits. He is hustling just the same to-day. Not long ago he resigned from the headship of the University School, in Cleveland, because he wanted to work out plans of his own, and now he is working out those plans on a couple of thousand acres up in Berkshire County, Massachusetts.

Tom Penney has gone from bad to worse. He has been for years counsel for the Consolidated Street Railway Lines, of Buffalo, and "all 'round about," but not many weeks ago

he became President of the Company, thereby getting into the Trust Magnate Class.

In the meantime Fred Hill has been practicing law and writing books. From appearances the law practice must suffer sometimes for books, articles and stories follow one another with all the rapidity consistent with good work. The years since the last report have led Fred into at least three distinct lines of literary work—fiction, history and biography, with the last two predominating over the former. "Lincoln,

—"AND FROZE OUR FEATURES FOR A PHOTOGRAPH."

the Lawyer," "Decisive Battles of the Law," and the "Story of a Street," each fills a place of its own, untouched by other writers. In these books it is not that Fred has handled a particular subject better than some one else, but rather it should be said that he has handled well a subject no one else has touched. That Yale gave him an honorary degree Master of Arts in 1907, need surprise no one who has followed his literary progress.

Billy Kent was similiarly honored by Yale in 1908. In conferring this degree, the University recognized many things

which we of the Class have known for years. His recent gift to the United States Government of 295 acres of primeval California redwood growth on the slopes of Mt. Tamalpais, near San Francisco, is a matter of public record and public knowledge. The canon thus given and containing the last

HEADQUARTERS

of the primeval redwoods in that part of California—some of them eighteen feet in diameter and three hundred feet in height—has, by proclamation of the President, been made a "National Monument," and will be known as Muir Woods.

John Rogers, by a discovery but little known to laymen, has added materially to the store of medical knowledge and

contributed to the alleviation of human suffering. The nature of this discovery and the peculiar circumstances surrounding it cannot be better expressed than by quoting from an article by W. W. Keen, M. D., L. L. D., in the April, 1909, Harper's on "Recent Surgical Progress," in which the althor says:—

"Recently an antidote (for exophthalmic goiter or Graves' disease), has been prepared by Rogers and Beebe, of New York, which promises very much in the way of cure and may possibly obviate operation. One of the gentlemen most interested in the development of the antidote (Dr. Rogers), was spurred on in his experiments by the fact that his own wife was suffering dreadfully from the disease and rapidly nearing the grave.

The idea of preparing this anti-serum or antidote had come to him while watching the action of another anti-serum whose whole effect was spent upon the kidney, no other organ of the body being affected. This suggested to him the idea that an anti-serum might be prepared from diseased thyroids which would have its effect upon the thyroid gland.

Soon after this fruitful idea had developed in his mind, a patient with Graves' disease died, and at the post-mortem he obtained the thyroid gland from this unfortunate patient. With this a number of rabbits were inoculated, but in consequence of his total ignorance of the proper method of using it, all but one of these rabbits died. From this one rabbit there was prepared an extraordinarily good serum, which absolutely cured three human beings and partially cured two others. The second of the three who were cured was the wife of the Doctor himself. Her attending physician, one of great eminence, declared to her husband that how long she would live was only a question of hours. By reason of the fact that its instant use was imperative before it could be thoroughly tested on animals so as to learn its dangers and how to avoid them, he nearly killed his own wife in his attempt to cure her, but she is to-day a perfecly well woman; thanks to this experiment on a small number of rabbits."

Since the last report went to press, sixteen marriages have directly involved members of the Class. Five of these are second marriages.

Those whose names are thus added to what Sam Knight once called the Benedictine Class are: Adams, Bissell, Carlton, Cobb, Cullinan, Curtis, Dann, Douglass, C. Ferris, Gardiner, Hawkes, Lewis, C. Morse, Pritchard, Seymour and E. Trowbridge.

Twenty-seven bachelors still remain—an old guard which has neither died or surrendered.

—"CAPT. BAYNE SELECTED HIS BASE BALL TEAM WITH THE UTMOST CARE."

There are therefore just one hundred of the living members of the Class who have entered upon married life. Seven of the deceased members of the Class were married. Eight have contracted second marriages and one has been married three times.

Nine graduates and one non-graduate have died since January, 1903. Pennell died not long after that date, and then no deaths occurred until two years later, when, within a few months Hunt, Johnson, Peet, and Turney all passed on.

In May, 1906, Brigham died, and in 1907, we lost Bowers. In 1908 death claimed Abell, Gillespie and Hard.

Thus it appears that there are but one hundred and twenty-seven of us left of the one hundred and fifty, whose names appear on the complete graduate roster of the Class.

That the deaths have been more numerous in the second decade than in the first, is only natural To the close of 1897, seven members had died, while in the period from January 1, 1898 to January 1, 1909, we lost sixteen.

To compare the mortality of the Class with that of other classes shows us to have been less fortunate in this respect

than they. No class from '82 to '92, has lost as many members by death as we, and no class except the Class of '82, as large a percentage of members—and the figures for '82 cover a period of twenty-five years while ours cover a period of but little more than twenty.

Up to 1908, the Class of '87 had lost 15 per cent. of its graduate members by death, and '82 had lost the same percentage; '83 and '86, fourteen per cent.; '84 and '88 eleven per cent.; '85, ten per cent.; '89 and '92, eight per cent.; '91, seven per cent., and '90 only two per cent.

Of the seven deceased members who were married, five left children; while of the living benedicts, seventy-nine have children, leaving among the living members, twenty-one marriages thus far childless.

Two hundred and sixteen is the aggregate number of all our children and their average ages would be not far from eleven years.

The boys outnumber the girls somewhat, there being one hundred and nineteen of the former and only ninety-seven of the latter. Of this total of two hundred and sixteen, seven boys and six girls have died.

The average size of families of those having children is 2 57-100.

Twenty-two have but one child each; twenty-six, two each; seventeen, three each; eleven, four each; four, five each; two, six each; one, seven, and one eight.

Among the children are two pairs of twins.

The sons of '87 are already beginning to come to Yale. Pettee's son is in the Sophomore Class and John Hugus Caldwell, of the Freshman Class, is a son of "Vic" Caldwell.

The changes which the tweny odd years since '87 have wrought in the College are too many to be enumerated. That President Dwight, enjoying the fruits of a green old age still lives to reciprocate in some degree at least, the warm affection which '87 feels toward him is shown by a recent letter of which the following is a copy:

NEW HAVEN, March 15, 1909

GEORGE E. HILL, ESQ.,

My Dear Mr. Hill:—In reply to your kind letter offering me the privilege of addressing a few words of greeting to your classmates which may be published in your Class Report of this year, I desire to express my thanks and to request you to give to all the Yale men of '87 the assurance of my affectionate regard. Your class was the first that was graduated under my administration, and I may well have a special in-

terest in your life and work. I can scarcely realize—so quickly does time move onward—that nearly twenty-two years have passed since your graduation and that you have all moved forward from youth to middle age. But you may fitly rejoice, and all who have known you may well rejoice with you, in the knowledge of the good work that you have done and are doing, and in the evidence and the assurance that the true Yale spirit is abiding in you as the years move onward.

My best wishes and most kindly friendship continue with you, and I hope that each and all of your class will find in your personal experience that life grows happier as you grow older and that your outlook toward the future will be ever inspiring for your truest manhood.

Let me ask you to give me a kindly thought as you think of the past and to count me in the coming time as one who keeps in pleasant remembrance the days of 1887.

Very sincerely yours,

TIMOTHY DWIGHT.

Men over forty do not change their occupations or locations very materially. Like all Yale classes of the past fifty years the law has claimed a larger percentage of '87 men than any other profession or occupation; forty, or thirty-one per cent of the Class being lawyers.

A comparison with other classes of about our time may be of interest.

Percentage of Living Members in Four Leading Professions.

	Law	Teaching	Medicine	Ministry
Class of '82	32	12	10	6
" '83	29	8	11	2
" '84	37	8	12	6
" '85	36	9	12	9
" '86	28	8	16	5
" '87	31	11	10	4
" '88	28	14	9	7
" '89	38	7	11	6
" '90	28	10	5	4
" '91	30	7	11	5
" '92	31	8	11	10
Average 1838-1908	29	7	11	6

For the especial benefit of those who retain any degree of interest in the plotting of curves, certain charts have been prepared and inserted on the pages following, showing graphically the births, marriages and deaths. If the reader gives to them as much time as it required to prepare them they will be easily understood.

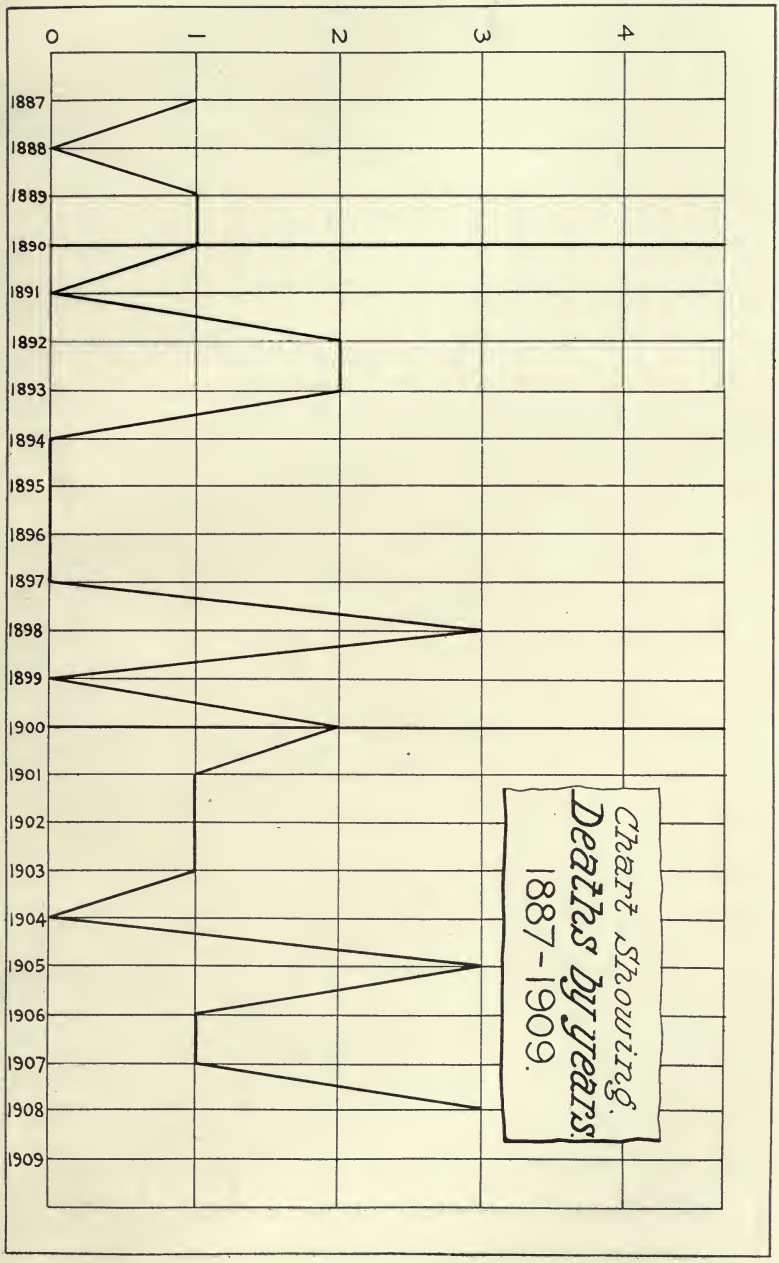
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Chart showing
Deaths by years
1887-1909.

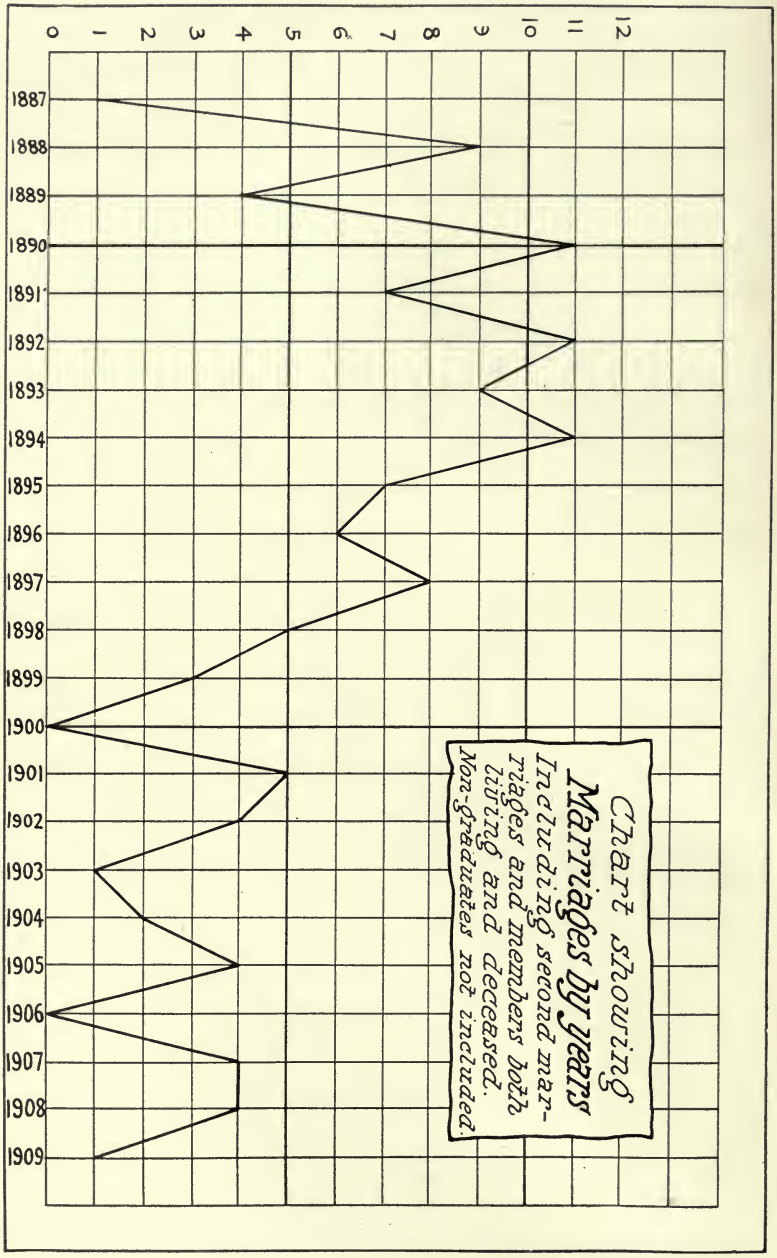
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Chart showing
Marriages by years
Including second marriages and members both living and deceased.
Non-graduates not included.

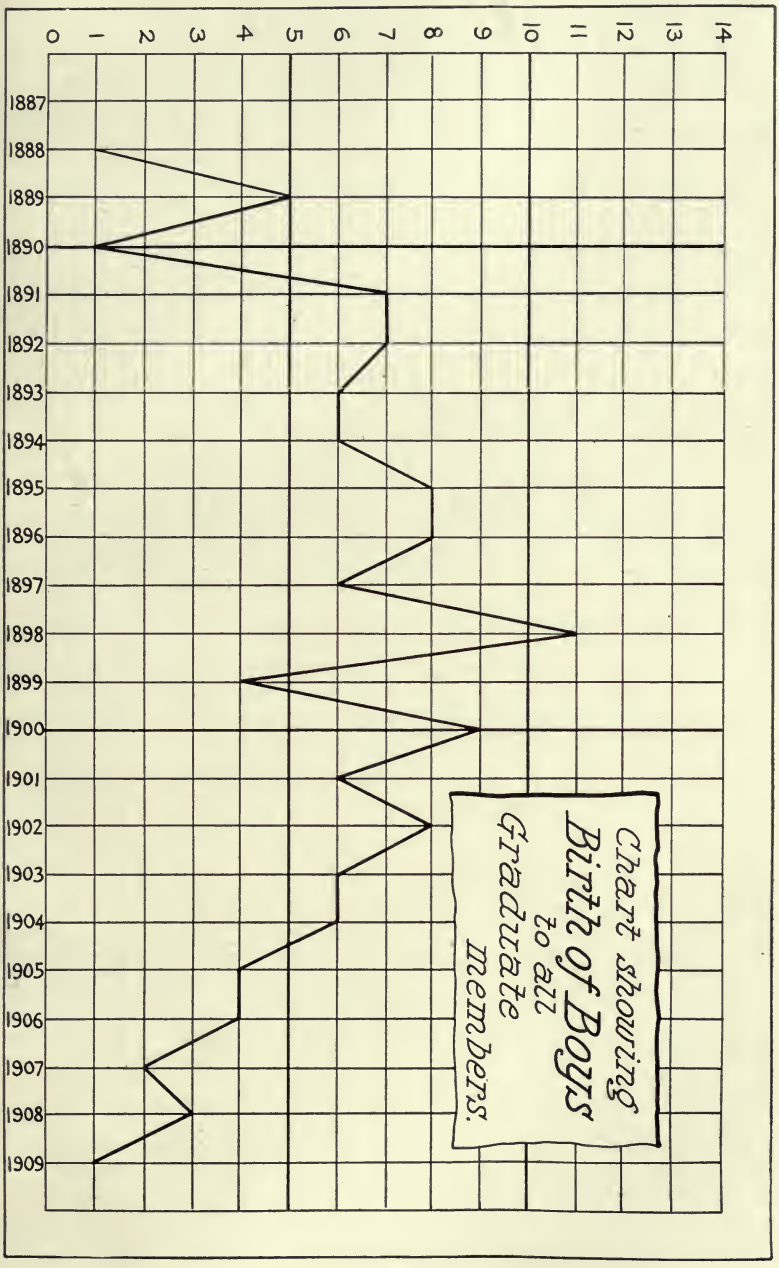
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Chart showing
Birth of Boys
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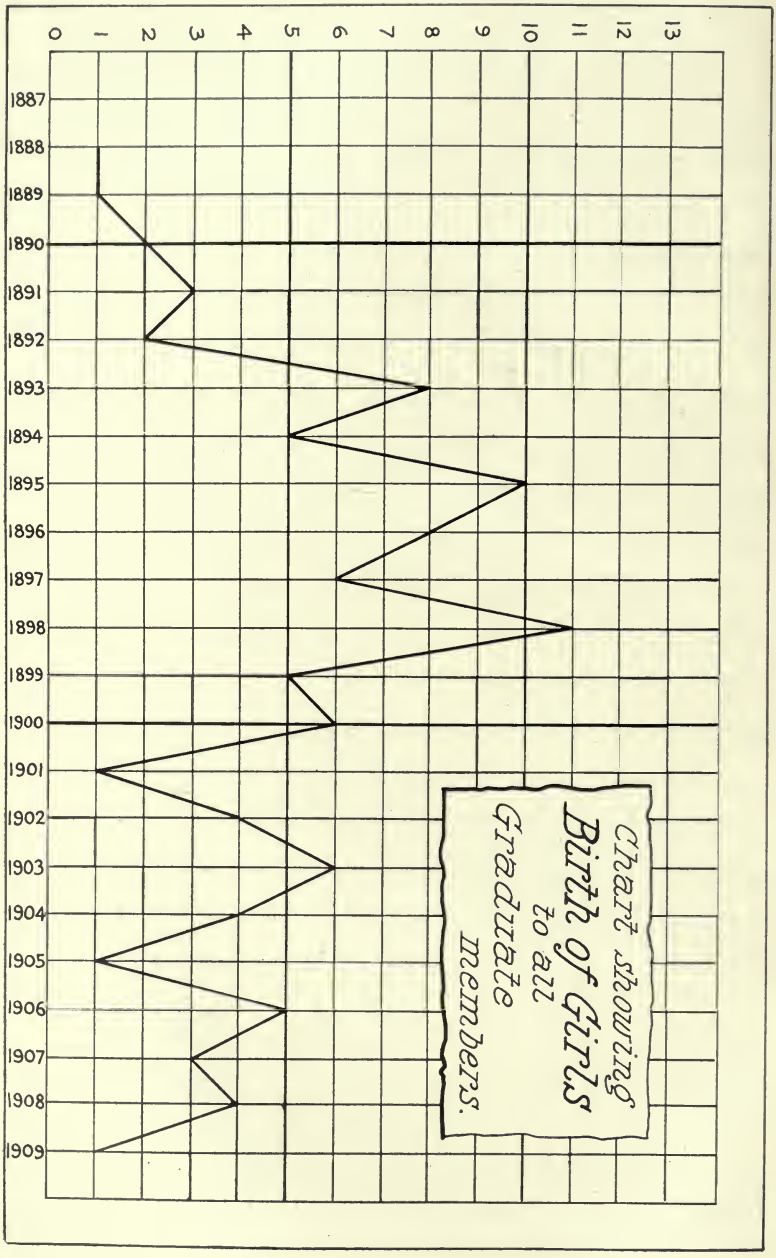
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Chart showing
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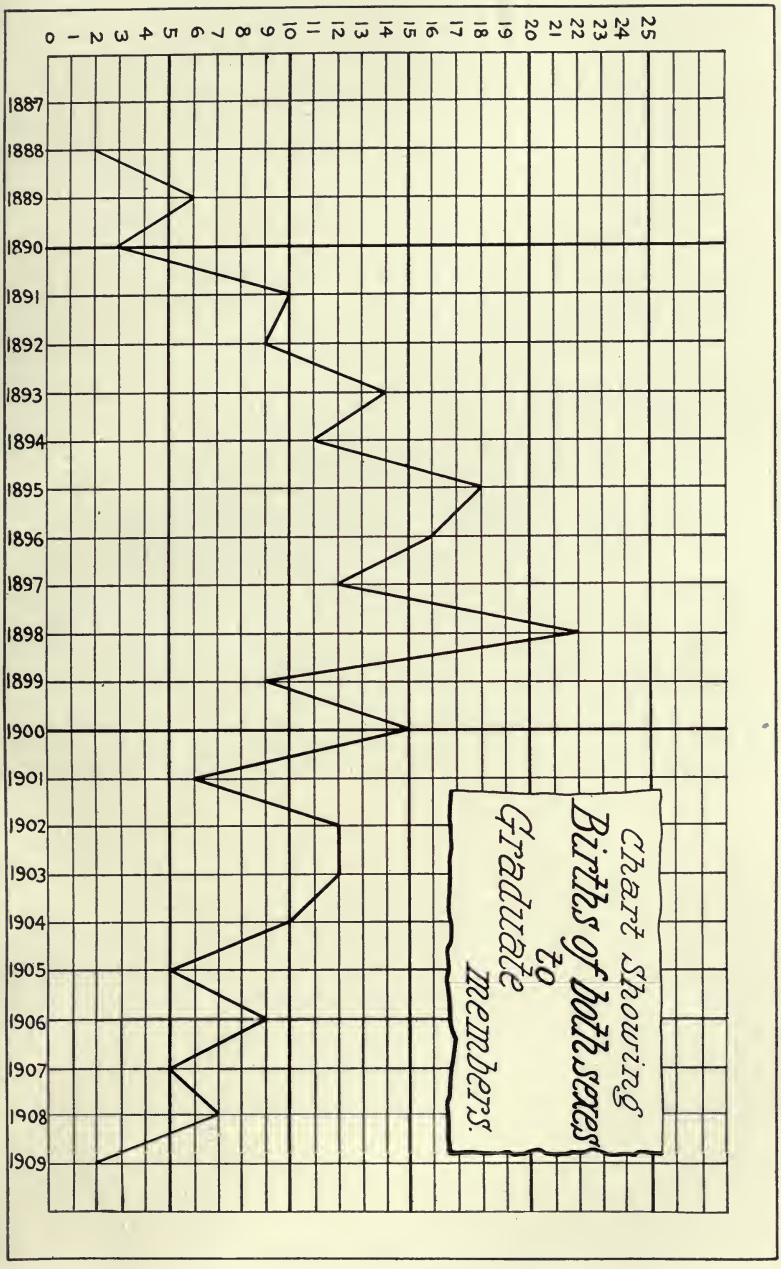
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Chart showing Births of both sexes to Graduate members.

THE VICENNIAL REUNION.

A CONTRIBUTION BY PROFESSOR WILLIAM LYON PHELPS.

SATURDAY morning, June 27, dawned clear and bright. After a somewhat prolonged experience with the New Haven climate, I find that the animadversions made upon it really come from envy rather than from a capacity or an inclination to tell the truth. The New Haven climate as a normal climate, is actually one of the best, if not the best, in the world. It is better than the climate of Russia, England, Scotland, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Chicago, Buffalo, Cleveland, and other wild and barbarous localities; it does not of course resemble the climate of Ceylon, Hawaii, Colorado Springs, or Southern California; but those places are not climates at all; they are Sanitoria. After this divagation or cadenza, I return to my muttons, that is, to the lost sheep of the House of Israel; more specifically to the remnants of the once youthful Class of '87.

Of all the members of the Class dwelling in the darkness of the outlying districts, the first to pierce the city limits of Elmtown was the majestic form of the Secretary, George Edwin Hill. One of the greatest myths now current in the class is the myth that George has gained in clay-weight since the day of his graduation. Put him on the scales, and they will fall from your eyes. In his freshman year he was indeed a lissome thing; to have seen him then in his present waistcoat, one would have guessed that he was taking the air in a dirigible balloon. Yet in the early months of his course he pranced about the campus like a wild gazelle. But one cannot laugh as often as he did during his college career without having tangible results. An examination of

his financial accounts from Freshman to Senior year shows that he spent some thousands of dollars, and gained sixty pounds! Now we cannot see too much of our Class Secretary; but I can prove that we see no more of him now than we did on Commencement Day. If he takes off his eyeglasses, he tips the beam at precisely the gratuity that he handed it when he received his diploma. Well, George

—"MONDAY WAS SPENT ON AND AROUND THE FENCE."

ambled up Chapel Street shortly after luncheon, and entered my front door at a dog trot exactly as the digits of the tall clock in my hall pointed to 2:19. We spent the golden hours of the afternoon in discussing various plans for the approaching event; and after night fell, and the ways of the earth were overshadowed, we made a desperate sortie and reached the fastness of the Graduates Club with only trifling loss. There we found a select bunch, consisting of Burke, Cowles, V. Caldwell, B. Kent, and—a particularly welcome spectacle —Nervy Bayne! This latter gentleman had apparently changed in physical contour not one iota-subscript since the days when in Freshman year he essayed strenuously and

vainly to put 'em over the plate. T. L. is a magnificent specimen of preserved youth, and no member of the class received a more sincere greeting than he. The evening was spent pleasantly in reminiscent gossip, and in anticipatory delight.

The diurnal motion of the spotted globe pushed New Haven into the sunshine at an early hour on Sabbath morning, and caressingly touched the whiskers of Benjy Romaine, till they glowed like much fine gold, and dripped honey sweeter than curry and the curry-comb. Benjy's experience was remarkable and dramatic, and proves that History does repeat itself. Immediately upon his arrival from San Francisco, Benjy repaired to the exact house on Crown Street where he had lived during the whole of his Freshman year. The same landlady was there who in the olden time had taken care of him, and she had exactly the same room for him, empty, swept, and garnished. No man was ever on better terms with his landlady than B. Romaine for did he not take her to the Junior Promenade? Of all the class, no one enjoyed the twentieth reunion more than this man, the noblest Romaine of them all, for he had traveled far to see the fun, and everybody was glad to greet him. Shortly after breakfast Tracy, Diehl and Brownson were "among those present," and the topic of conversation turned on wedding festivities as the burly form of the valedictorian hove in sight. T. Curtis, now of Oregon, had been married only a few days, and the Class Secretary had officiated as best man. Speaking of marriages reminds us that one of the pleasantest features of this reunion was the fact that so many of the men brought their wives with them to share the fun.

Sunday afternoon about twenty assembled at the Class Headquarters in Old South Middle, and temporarily froze their features for a photograph,—a rehearsal for the official picture which was to come.

Monday morning came blushing, clad in the finest of summer weather garments, and every train that entered the horrible New Haven station brought some '87 men to town. Jim Sheffield and Sam Knight were among the first to appear,

and as they walked up Chapel Street, arm in arm, many members of less fortunate classes stared silently at them, spell-bound in admiration. The feature of the morning was the '87 reception given at Grove Hall by Mrs. Thacher, who carried her eighty years with wonderful ease and grace. All the '87 men in town attended this reception to greet the wife of one of Yale's great Professors, and as she talked with another splendid octogenarienne, Mrs. Whitney, we were all vividly reminded of two names that have helped to make Yale great. Our honored and beloved President Dwight attended this reception, wearing an '87 button that one of the '87 wives had pinned to his coat. In vigor, cheerfulness, and high spirits, no undergraduate of to-day has anything on Timothy Dwight, '49, honorary member of '87. "Andy" Phillips, who had previously paid a formal visit to '87's headquarters, was also at this reception, and was heartily welcomed. Returning to South Middle, we gave a hearty cheer for the class of '57, and had no difficulty in recognizing among its members President Northrop, and Professor Wheeler, both of whom had done much to make the class of '87 the finest body of men that had ever graduated from Yale.

A great feature of our reunion was the genuine old Fence, which was placed in front of South Middle, and which was occupied by men of forty years of age from early morning till long after midnight. This Fence was regarded with silent reverence by the passing students, and we could hear them whispering about it as they departed.

On Monday afternoon, in the hallowed ground in front of Durfee, was pulled off the great base ball match between '87 and '92. Capt. Bayne selected his men with the utmost care, and a wonderful fight was the result. The ball looked like a rice-pudding, and the umpire was venal; two things which materially assisted in our splendid victory. The score was announced first as 402 runs to 179, in favor of '92, but after the umpire had been given a good cigar, a more righteous verdict was officially promulgated, and the rest of the afternoon was spent in celebrating. In the midst of the

match, time was called, while the graduating class, which had been holding its class histories in the proximity, marched across our diamond, accompanied by many fair ones. Cheers were given and exchanged with great spirit.

Monday evening was spent on and around the fence, which soon appeared exactly as in our time, for all the old songs were sung, and a fringe of muckers gathered on the outskirts, precisely like the dear dead dog days beyond recall. It was during this performance that the present writer lost his voice, for the first and only time in his life, and during

the rest of the week emitted only stage whispers. Late in the evening some of the '87 wives decorated the fence with their gracious presence, and it was well on toward morn before the rails were deserted.

Tuesday was again brilliant with sunshine, but hot—O, it was hot, and it grew steadily hotter till the fall of night. Over seventy-five members of the class were together at the fence, and the official picture was taken about noon. As a collection of deciduous heads, one copy has been deposited

in the archives of the Forest School; and owing to the glare of the sun, the expressions on the features of the men look like a pathological study. Most of them are simply "hanging" faces, and would require no additional or verbal evidence in a murder trial. A meeting was then held in the room in Osborn where English Literature is said to be taught by a member of the class. The hat was passed for extras, and was filled to overflowing with various images and superscriptions. Then the class adjourned to the University Dining Hall, where in heat that will make Tophet seem raw, a lunch was hastily swallowed. We then formed in order of march on College Street, and Billy Hand led the way toward the campus with the same old flag that he has always carried. In spite of all the hilarity of this occasion, many a man had a lump in his throat as he followed the '87 flag. On the campus the class reformed—the only time such a thing has ever been asked of it—and the line of march proceeded out Vanderbilt gateway, to High Street, down High to George,—where trolley cars were taken to the Yale Field. Around and around the Field we marched, winning universal encomiums for our splendid style, youth, and beauty. The game was a terrible shock to us, and many members of the class fainted under the awful surprise, for Yale actually won! ! ! Of course this made it seem like a real reunion, for in our day we knew little but diamond victories, but it is so long since anything like this has happened that we rubbed our eyes to see if Stagg were not in the box, and Dann whipping 'em down to second. After the game, in the fearful heat, we marched all the way in, and stopped first before the residence of the greatest College Dean in the World—Henry P. Wright. He made us a heart-warming speech, and as we went away we knew that the classes to come had every reason to envy us; for no matter how great Deans and Professors may be in the future, there is only one Baldy Wright. Then we marched, larding the lean earth as we walked along, to the home of President Dwight. He stood at the door, wearing the '87 insignia, and made us one of his incomparable speeches. Thence we proceeded to the house

of President Hadley, who showed that he remembered us collectively and individually. Back to the campus; break ranks; and every man hunted a bath, so that he could sit down to the dinner in his right mind.

The dinner is described elsewhere. By nine o'clock on Commencement morning every one had recovered and was sitting on and near the Fence in the warm Commencement sunshine. This was a delightful experience. We let the great procession of graduates go by, proud to see among them Fred Hill, our first "honorary," and spent the hours in cheerful smoke-talk. We found that many things had happened. Toot Bigelow had developed into a genuine literary star of the first magnitude; Victor Caldwell was financing the entire middle West; Jack Hume's name had become a terror to evil-doers; Irvin had Dayton so tame that it was eating out of his hand; Keeler had almost forgotten that he had once roomed with Blondy, and gave us many good stories of fair Southern climes: Rosenzweig had Kansas City where it couldn't get away; and Leverett made a dramatic climax by insisting that George Hill was Middlebrook!

During the afternoon, many folded their tents like the scarabs, and silently stole away. Few remained for the race at New London, where we did what our daddies used to do; affectionate goodbyes, promises to meet again, and hopes for future prosperity were interchanged; and the condition of the headquarters was finally immortalized by Billy Burns, in the following poem that he left in the old room in South Middle:

"'Tis Thursday afternoon; and all the gang
Have left the town, excepting only me.
Forlorn and desolate, I seem to hang
Like Dr. Holmes' last leaf upon the tree.

Another hour, and I too will be gone,
And Vigentennial will be no more.
We'll face the future with to-morrow's dawn,
And bravely enter on the "second score."

THE VICENNIAL DINNER.

HE preceding chapter from the pen of the Toastmaster but gives the setting of the jewel. The jewel itself—or rather the many jewels of thought—as presented by the stenographer who was smuggled in to the dinner as the musicians were thrown out, follows:

The men who were crowded into the all too small dining room of the University Club, were seventy-four in number. If any names are omitted it is because their owners failed to register. The great roster of the day, however, shows the following registrations:

Archbald, Adams, Burke, Bayne, Brownson, Burns, V. Caldwell, Clarke, Coit, Cobb, Chambers, Cowles, Corwin, Curtis, Chase, Copley, Coxe, Cullinan, Dann, Diehl, C. Ferris, H. Ferris, Gates, Goodenough, Gray, F. Hill, G. Hill, Hare, Hand, Hartridge, Haven, Hume, Hawkes, Irvin, Jenks, C. Jennings, O. Jennings, Kent, S. Knight, C. Knight, King, Kirkham, Keeler, Ketcham, Lewis, Leeds, W. Ludington, Maxwell, R. Morse, Middlebrook, Norton, Phelps, Pritchard, A. Perkins, H. Perkins, Penney, Pettee, Pomeroy, Romaine, Rosenzweig, Rogers, Setchell, Scoville, Sheffield, Tracy, Thacher, E. Trowbridge, F. Trowbridge, Tuttle, Taylor, Thomas, Torrey, Washburn, F. Woodward, G. Woodward, Wotkyns.

To this list should be added the name of George R. Carter, '88 S., Governor of Hawaii, who was present a part of the evening.

What was set before us in the way of food and drink, matters little, but the ante-prandial announcement of it, read as follows:

MENU

LITTLE NECK CLAMS

OLIVES RADISHES

SOUP, TOMATO BOUILLON

BROILED BLUEFISH

SARATOGA POTATOES CUCUMBERS

FILET OF BEEF, MUSHROOM SAUCE

NEW PEAS NEW POTATOES

SQUAB BROILERS

LETTUCE

COLUMBIAN CREAM

ASSORTED CAKE

EDAM CHEESE TOASTED CRACKERS

COFFEE

When the menu had been disposed of and the men had removed coats, neckties and collars for greater comfort, they turned to the second page of the menu card and beheld thereon the following:

'87

VICE-PERENNIAL

"We're twenty! we're twenty! who says we are more?"
Holmes

TOASTMASTER

WILLIAM LYON PHELPS

MILESTONES . . . . . JOHN C. DIEHL

"Every man should have a square Deal"—*Zeus*

THE STILL SMALL VOICE . . . . . S. KNIGHT

"The SAMNITE exhibited the highest development."
—Mommsen

ECHOES . . . . . A. R. PRITCHARD

"How cruelly sweet are the echoes."—*Bartlett.*

THE SECOND SCORE . . . . . H. F. PERKINS

"Look forward—not back."—*Hale*

THE GOLDEN WEST . . . . . G. I. ROSENZWEIG

"Kennst du das Land?"—*Goethe*

When the toastmaster arose to call to order the expectant assemblage it was discovered that for the first time in his life he was practically speechless. His usual mellifluous voice had been sacrificed to the enthusiasm of the game.

After several futile efforts to make himself heard, he found a few remnants of a badly broken voice and forced it to convey to the Class the following well chosen words:

THE TOASTMASTER:

For the first time in my life, I have lost my voice! I have been celebrating this '87 re-union by the hallooing of anthems,

SEVENTY-EIGHT AND EIGHTY-SEVEN.

and I have actually lost my voice. I have not however lost my nerve. I had a large number of things to say, but you won't be able to hear what I have to say for I am unable to say it. As I look over the men here I see a great difference between the class to-day and the class twenty years ago. It is chiefly an abdominal addition. If you look, you will see that what I say is correct. Nearly every man has a large protruding ab-

dominal cavity. Fred Chase of Waterbury is, of course, an exception.

I can't help thinking to-night how much the class of '87 has accomplished. It's a pleasant thing to remember that while our class was not particularly distinguished in college for anything in any special line, it was a class almost without party, and it really did stand for democracy.

A few years ago in one of the classes a student was asked, "What is your favorite character in fiction?" And the student replied, "My favorite character in fiction is Yale Democracy." Although it is impossible that democracy should exist in college to-day as it did in our time, the young men of 1907 are socially democratic. Still, the *real* democracy has remained in our class, and it is a pleasant thing to think that so many of our men have gone out into the world and accomplished so much. The condition of politics in various parts of the country would be very different to-night from what it is were it not for men like Billy Kent and Jim Sheffield and Woodward and Torrey—(old white haired Torrey there looks ten thousand years old.) Old Torrey there looks as if he had been born in B. C. To-day a man asked me if he didn't belong to the Class of '57. Now, old Torrey is a member of the judiciary committee that makes the laws in our legislature.

John Diehl. John went into a dentist's office and sat down to have some teeth fixed. The dentist said, "Will you open your mouth, please?" John did so and the dentist said, "Not so wide, I wish to stand outside."

John always was a square Deal, and he is going to talk to us about Milestones. John is at the head of an educational institution in Erie, Pennsylvania. Erie, Pennsylvania, is the absolute limit, but it isn't half so bad a town as it was before John went there. I met a man from Erie once, and I asked him, "Where do you come from?" He said, "Erie." And he said John Diehl was one of the biggest citizens in that town. And I want John to tell us how he lives in that place.

JOHN C. DIEHL.

Mr. Toastmaster, and Classmates of '87:

In one of its weak moments the class committee asked me if I would not respond to a toast this evening, and I thoughtlessly agreed to do so, but I feel very much like the little girl who entered the drug store and said to the druggist, "Can you fix castor oil so you can't taste it?" And he said, "I think so. By the way, little girl, wouldn't you like a glass of soda water?" And she said, "Yes, I do like it; it's very kind of you to give me some." And she drank the soda water. Then he said to her, "Did you taste it?" And she said, "What?" "Why," he said, "the castor oil! It was in that soda water." "Why," she said, "that castor oil was for mamma, what shall I do?"

Now, you know in the case of the little girl and in my own case, if it were done, it were well it were done quickly.

Probably the most famous row of Mile Stones in history, or one of the most famous, is the row of Mile Stones clear across the boundary of my native State of Pennsylvania and the State of Maryland. For a long time the family of William Penn and the family of young Lord Baltimore had disputed about this boundary line, and finally they sent over to England for two celebrated mathematicians and surveyors Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon, and they ran this boundary line 244 miles west, and at the end of every mile they planted a mile stone, and every fifth mile was larger than the rest, and on the north face of this stone were the arms of the family of Penn, and on the south face the arms of the family of Lord Baltimore. This row of Mile Stones is surpassed in history alone by the row of Mile Stones that is to be made by the Class of '87, since it left Yale College. Some of our Mile Stones are like these particular Mile Stones but they have on them on the back the arms and perhaps some other charming bits of anatomy of the New Haven girl, and on the front the arms and the features (becoming clearer and clearer), of one that was to take a higher place than any New Haven girl or any other girl could take.

The first large Mile Stone in our history, Triennial, has engraved upon it in large letters A-B-E-L-L and a baby boy that has in his hand the prize of a hotly contested race.

Between triennial and sexennial, the class began to change. I know that I cannot express what ought to be recorded of its different phases, but I find in George Hill's book, that forty-six of the class were married by the time we reached sexennial, and that there were born to these thirty children. Decennial came along and classmates no longer looked quite the same. This fact was brought home to me quite clearly the other day by my boy. I have a boy, twelve,

named Frederick, and a girl seven, named Annabel, and the baby is Samuel—

A Voice: Hurrah for Samuel.

They had saved up money to buy a phonograph and sundry musical records, and we were sitting at the table when somebody said, "Where is Annabel? She seems to be gone." "Yes, she has been invited out to supper," said her mother, "she has been invited out a good many evenings. She is getting quite popular." "Well," said Frederick, "if she is popular, I guess I must be classical." "Yes, you are, Frederick; you are classical," said his mother. "Well," he said, "then Samuel is rag time."

So it seems to me as we are going on from mile stone to mile stone there are certainly changes that are coming among us. There are more billiard balls appearing in place of the covered pate.

Now, a few words with regard to vicennial, and you will be glad that you are through with this ordeal. The children in a little school were asked—(I give this for our Class Secretary and others that are in the same condition. They may be worried just the same as the little girl was in the school.) They were asked to a make a picture of what they would like to be when grown up. The teacher came down and looked at the slates and this little girl's slate was empty. She said to the little girl, "Why, wouldn't you like to be something?" "Yes," said the little girl. "Well," she said, "why don't you draw it?" "Why," she said, "I don't know how." The teacher said, "What would you like to be?" And the little girl said, "Why I would like to be married, but I don't know how to draw it."

Now, we hope that our class secretary and others of this class who still have that before them will know how to draw it.

We find that the other day our valedictorian found his match.

And in this case again we find that scripture has been verified. That the first shall be last and the last shall be first.

Certainly I am very proud to be a member of the Class of '87. It has been said that we make our friends before the age of forty, and acquaintances afterward. I am certainly very happy, and I know you are happy, that we met each other when we did. Most of us have now reached about the age of forty, and I am very proud to call every one of you seated around this table a friend.

My wife and the rest of the family and friends at home have a very exalted idea of the Class of '87. They have an idea that this is the class that made Yale famous.

President McKinley falls at the hands of an assassin and a man takes up and conducts the prosecution in such a skilful and diplomatic manner that they say, "Who is that man Penney?" "Why," I say to them "he was a class mate of mine in college."

And we see a picture in Harper's Weekly of a young man that has been advanced to some high office in New York City, and we see his name is J. R. Sheffield. "Who is this man?" They say, "Why, a class mate of mine, certainly; the class of 1887. Used to sing on the glee club with him."

And then we see in the Yale Alumni Weekly the classical features of our toastmaster. "Who is this Prof. William Lyon Phelps?" "Why, Phelps! I used to play tennis with him in college. A class mate of mine."

MR. PHELPS: And you used to get licked too.

We had a debate in our school—our high school, and I asked the president of Cornell University to name some educator from Ohio to serve as judge for us, and whom should he name but Principal Pettee of the University School, Cleveland. He came down and decided against me and my school.

You see he arose above all feelings of mere favoritism, and he was true to his word and his work, and—I may say, to his friends.

Why, it has been said that the Class of '87 was even responsible for the cold weather we had this Spring.

You know that scientists—great scientists such as Setchell, Cornish and others of that stamp, have told us that we are bound to have warm or cold weather during the year—of about the same amount.

A certain member of our class kept up such a continual Thaw in New York City when we should have had the cold weather that the cold weather came in the spring instead.

My friends tell me that I am very much like a man that came home from England, and wished to pose as a literary man. "I suppose you knew Thackeray?" "Oh, yes, Thackeray was a personal friend of mine?" "You knew Dickens?" "Oh, yes, went to school with Dickens." "You knew Kipling?" "Used to play golf with Kipling." "You knew George Eliot?" "Slept with George Eliot many a time."

Now, fellows, I have enjoyed very much coming back here and being with you, renewing my youth, renewing my friendship and renewing my loyalty to Yale, and in closing I give you this sentiment:

"You to the left and I to the right,
For the ways of men must sever;
And it well may be for a day or a night,
And it well may be forever.
But whether we meet, or whether we part,
For our ways are past our knowing;
A pledge from the heart to its fellow heart,
On the ways that we all are going.
Here's luck! for we know not where we are going."

THE TOASTMASTER:

We have with us the Governor of Hawaii. Now the Governor of Hawaii is a Yale man, and a contemporary of ours. Mr. Carter, who has been good enough to come in here with us is '88 Sheff. as you may remember, and you have seen what he did in certain lines of activity as an undergraduate. Since that time he has made good in every single line that he has undertaken, and he has undertaken big things. He has taken up what Kipling calls "The white man's burden." And he has carried it. And to-day he has one of the most respected and honored names in the whole American Republic or Empire, or whatever you like to call it. Here again is a man who has arrived, who has *done* some thing, and it's a fine thing to have a man of that sort with us, and I am going to call for three cheers for Governor Carter, and the Sandwich Islands.

(Great Applause.)

A VOICE: I don't know the governor of Hawaii, but I know George Carter, and I propose three times three for George Carter.

(Cheering.)

A VOICE: Take off your coat.

THE SPEAKER: I will.

GEORGE R. CARTER:

MR. TOASTMASTER AND GENTLEMEN OF '87:

Gentlemen, I come from the land of liquid sunshine, where sparkling surf dashes on the white sands—and ozone fills the air the year around—I come from Hawaii with a greeting to Yale and to '87. There are thirty-six of us Yale men in the University Club in Honolulu. Or were when I left for here. All of us started for New Haven but walking is bad, and I am the only one that has arrived as far as I know.

There is nothing that gives me greater pleasure than to meet you all again. You may talk what you like about the greatness of '87. You may extol your virtues, your accomplishments and your achievements, but the greatest thing that '87 has ever done was to make '88. Here is Jennings over here and John Rogers and many of you that I cannot recall by name as I look around the table—

A Voice: Will you meet us in Heaven, George?

Speaker: No, we may not all get there.

But I want to pay my tribute to '87, and I am glad of this opportunity of doing so. It was the '87 boat, you will remember, that '88 bought, and went in the Freshman race with Harvard. If the boat had lasted, we would have won the race, for '87 was our model, our ideal.

You fellows used that boat so hard that when we got into the race the boat deck gave away, filled up, and we rowed under water. It was our ambition to make, like '87, that boat victorious as it ever had been before.

Gentlemen, there is nothing that gives me greater pleasure than to come this distance and see your faces again, and I appreciate exceedingly the opportunity. And I want to propose the good health of '87. It needs no comment from me; it is doing its work, and it will continue to do so. (Applause). Good luck to '87.

The Toastmaster:

Sam Knight is going to speak to us in a moment. In our Freshman year there were only three gentlemen in the class: Sam Knight, Jim Sheffield and—the other I will not mention. I used to look at Sam Knight and Jim Sheffield with admiration.

Sam sat in front of me in Freshman year. He was the most dignified man that I ever saw. He hasn't changed yet. You never get on to Sam. I haven't got on to him yet. It must hurt like the devil to keep up that bluff for twenty-five years. (Laughter). If I had a bluff like that they would be on to me in about three minutes.

Sam always had this elegance, this refinement this—I never heard him use a slang phrase. I never heard him disport himself in any fresh or foolish manner. He was a good scholar and not a vulgar scholar like John Pomeroy. John Pomeroy's recitations were so good that they were almost indecent. I never heard anything like them. The only time Sam Knight said anything impulsive was when the faculty got his marks mixed up with Doc Knight's. This is the absolute gospel truth. Sam Knight forgot his composure and started to raise H— with the faculty, and did it.

Sam Knight began right. Sam said, "I want to work." "I don't want to work too much." "I want to study well, but not too well." "I want to do everything as it should be done."

I asked a man once "who was the most perfect gentleman on the Pacific Coast," and he said, "Sam Knight is, and we haven't found him out yet." He said, "You can't touch him in conversation; and he is speckless in oratory." In after dinner speeches he doesn't give us anything too long or anything too short, always just right. How the deuce do you do it, Sam? I like Sam Knight, not only because he is so handsome but because his face sheds rays of intelligence.

As a freshman his face beamed with intelligence, his eyes shone with the brilliance of successful maturity; the language that flowed from his lips was like bits of silver.

I call upon the great gentleman of '87. Samuel is the real thing.

Let her go, Samuel.

SAMUEL KNIGHT:

Mr. Toastmaster and Gentlemen:

I don't know how I can say anything after this most fulsome, and in many respects far from truthful eulogy the toastmaster has been kind enough to pronounce upon me. It has fairly overwhelmed me, and I trust that a few of those tender sentiments will be found preserved in eptiaphs upon my tombstone, or rather an expurgated edition of them. Yet, gentlemen, I suppose there is no one here who has not something in his heart upon which he could speak which has been suggested by his life in the last twenty years. Perhaps we have not all of us been elected to membership in the Ananias Club, but yet we are here with the same old spirit, the same old capacity to drink that Billy Kent had, and perhaps now has, and the same old capacity to enjoy the good things of life that we had twenty years ago.

Now, the toastmaster has given me as a toast, "The Still Small Voice." I commenced to feel in me a still small voice a little while ago when the dinner did not come on with any degree of alacrity. I didn't know but that was the still small voice that the toastmaster had reference to. I was afraid for a while that this dinner, from a culinary standpoint wholly, would not come up to the description

of a good dinner which I heard given by an epicurean friend of mine during the course of a trial before a justice of the peace. He had brought suit for two hundred and ninety-nine dollars damages against the Western Union Telegraph Company by reason of the latter's failure to seasonably deliver to him a telegram at Benicia inviting him to come down from there to San Francisco and attend a dinner, which he had every reason to believe would be a good dinner. He alleged as his damage his inability to reach San Francisco in time for the feast. Upon his cross-examination, he was asked by the Telegraph Company's attorney, "Will you be kind enough to tell us what you mean by a good dinner?" He replied, "Sir I regard a good dinner as a dinner where you sit three feet from the table and eat until you touch." But happily our fears on this score speedily vanished.

Possibly the sentiment of my toast is really an invitation from the toastmaster to make my voice still smaller. However, he has suggested that before I sit down I should devote my still small voice to saying something about the conditions in San Francisco. At first I was a little reluctant to discuss a topic of that kind, but I have had so many inquiries since I have come here about my native burg that perhaps it will not be amiss for me to say something about one or two phases of the existing conditions there.

We have been having a pretty hard time of it out there, as the newspaper despatches show. We had first a physical upheaval, followed by a fire, which, God knows, was bad enough; and this has been followed by a still greater moral upheaval.

We are going through what a great many of the large communities and places have gone through in this country. New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee have experienced this municipal graft. I think George Carter in Honolulu found and squelched it in its incipiency two or three years ago, and we had it in Alaska seven years ago.

The form of graft we find in San Francisco is not particularly novel in character, but in the West it has assumed certain new phases. For some little time, it has been generally known that there existed in San Francisco a great deal of municipal graft, which was prevalent in a number of different departments. This system of graft was cultivated by Mayor Schmitz and by his boss, Abe Ruef, who, I regret to say, is a college man graduated from a Western University, and the voracity of these municipal pirates grew greater and greater. They controlled all of the departments, and Schmitz had been elected and re-elected twice by the voters of San Francisco. Each time there was placed in office with him a greater number of men who were more and more closely identified with him and his method of doing business. The decent elements

were largely divided into two classes—rather into two parties, the Democratic and Republican; and each of those parties had insisted upon placing a complete ticket in the field, while all of the irresponsible elements, pulling together with those from the Tenderloin and others similarly disposed, went solidly for Schmitz. After each election, the greed of these municipal pirates became worse and worse, until the situation became well nigh unendurable.

This was in the fall of 1904. There were then two public service corporations whose officers, elected just prior to this time, determined to do what they could to rid the city of grafters and the boss administration.

Therupon a movement was started with this object in view. A small temporary organization was formed for the purpose—it was really not an organization, it was simply a gathering of four men—for the purpose of raising a fund sufficient to start a movement of this kind and put it on its feet, and to mature and carry out plans whereby the opposition to Schmitz and to that entire crew of grafters could be centralized in one political ticket at the approaching municipal election, instead of two as formerly.

The plan was carried out, and later a general committee of one hundred business men—representative business men of San Francisco—was selected for the purpose of giving this movement weight and character, and to control it in the selection of its candidates. Although their connection with the campaign was not known to the public, the originators of the movement withdrew from it in order that their direct or indirect association with one or the other of these two public service corporations might not in any possible way prejudice the movement in the eyes of the people, who believe that no moral good can come from anything of a corporate nature. And so this movement was put on its feet. Pursuant to the plans thus formed, one ticket for the support of the decent element was put in the field, and ratified by both the Democratic and the Republican City Conventions.

The only issue raised was that of graft versus anti-graft. The ticket was eventually headed by a young man who had made an excellent public record, and the indications were that this ticket would succeed. Francis J. Heney, who is now in charge of the prosecution of the so-called graft cases, espoused this reform movement and promised, at the huge closing meeting of those supporting the reform ticket that if the voters of San Francisco elected its candidates and desired his services as prosecuting officer, he would undertake to put the grafting boss behind the bars of San Quentin, our state prison. What was the result? Schmitz and his entire ticket, composed in many instances of the scum of the city were elected by substantial majorities. His candidate for city and county attor-

ney thought so little of his chances of election that he refused to contribute twenty dollars toward his campaign expenses; and these fellows were all swept into office by the votes of the labor union men, who rather prided themselves on electing a labor union administration and by the votes of the tenderloin and of similar elements, as well as others who apparently preferred that kind of city officer. Thus the people of San Francisco served notice on the outside world that they preferred to have a wide open town; that everything was to be on the dollar and cent basis; that if you had any business with the municipal departments you were expected to pay tribute for transacting that business, or suffer the consequences. But, while the movement itself did not succeed, it had a certain

—"WINNING ENCOMIUMS FOR OUR SPLENDID STYLE, YOUTH AND BEAUTY."

moral effect in that it started people to thinking over the subject of municipal reform, and it showed that even if this effort was defeated, at least there was still a chance of uniting the honest element in San Francisco. And I am sorry to say that one of the principal reasons why this movement was defeated was that, included in the majority of the voters of San Francisco were many merchants who thought that more money could be made in a wide open town than if the town were otherwise run. It was a discouraging situation, but, nevertheless, it was one that I am sorry to say actually existed in San Francisco.

It seems as many of the people there didn't seem to care anything more about reform than you recollect the drunken bum did in the old campaign of Tilden and Hendricks, where the slogan was "Reform;" and when he read this last word on the party banner across the street, he laboriously spelled it out "R-E-F-O-R-M"—Reform. "Who the hell is he, anyway?" And it did seem as if that was the state San Francisco was in.

Then it was that Rudolph Spreckels started in to raise a campaign fund for the purpose of suppressing the grafters, and many people contributed to it in the belief that it was to be used for the purpose of prosecuting these dishonest officials.

Now, here is one of the anomalies of the situation. One or two of the officers of these corporations to which I have referred, who were anxious that this reform movement should succeed, have been, nevertheless, themselves indicted by the grand jury for bribery alleged to have been committed since that election, although these dishonest municipal officials and the dishonest boss have virtually been given immunity because they confessed their sins; and they are the men who are in office to-day in the city of San Francisco, while the others have been indicted because they did not confess their sins. Those who are in charge of this graft prosecution have stated that a further reason for giving clemency to the municipal officials is that the prosecutors were moved by motives of expediency and public policy.

That there has been a great deal of extortion, and there has been a great deal of bribery, there is no question; but it is a question as to whether or not the bribery has been committed to the extent claimed. That these city officials have received money at different times, directly or indirectly, for their official action is unquestioned; but it is a matter of considerable question whether or not the money paid by the various public service concerns, or some of that money, was not paid for immunity from petty persecution at the City Hall, or was not paid for freedom from labor strikes, both of which the boss in San Francisco was able to guarantee by reason of his control over the labor party. However, whether or not these offenses have been committed and to what extent will come out later, if at all, in the result of these prosecutions. The situation, naturally, is a very peculiar one.

Now, it has been seriously questioned, and it is a matter of perhaps some doubt, whether or not there were other motives for undertaking these criminal prosecutions than the laudable one of ridding the city of the grafters, but I, for one, am slow to criticize a man's motives when he is striving to accomplish good results. That Spreckels, who had raised a fund for prosecuting the grafters, was keenly disappointed over his failure to obtain control of one of the

corporations to which I have referred, is undoubted; that he was more keenly disappointed over his failure to obtain certain franchises which were obtained by the other one of those corporations to which I have alluded, is also undoubted; and that he entertains an undying hatred for the officers of that company is also undoubted. And yet it is easier to criticize than it is to construct, and I know of no one who is better able to put through a movement of this kind than the men who have taken it up, and I know of no set of men who have done more efficient work and whose work will redound more to the benefit of the country in general than the men who are now engaged in the prosecution of these municipal graft cases.

There is one more word I want to say. I presume when we all entered college, and, again, when we graduated here, we had the feeling in our hearts and we believed that whatever success we afterwards attained in life, we could attribute to the education and training we obtained here; but I also believe that the last twenty years have demonstrated to us that it was not so much the education, it was not so much the training we received here, as it is the subtle influence of that indefinable something that a man breathes in here the moment he enters freshman year that grows upon him as his college life lengthens, and departs with him as he goes beyond its gates into the outside world, that invaluable possession—the "Yale spirit"—a sort of sub-consciousness, as it were, that speaks in a still small voice, stiffening our backbone when it needs stiffening, and making us realize the necessity of living up to the standard of a Yale man in all that that term implies—that standard, that ideal that is happily ever with us, guiding and supporting us throughout the perplexities of life.

I count that man fortunate, as we are all here fortunate, who, going out into the world, possesses that still small voice that is the accompaniment of a Yale blessing.

THE TOASTMASTER:

The next man I am going to call on is Fred Hill. You may not all know it, but Fred Hill to-morrow morning is going to receive from Yale University the honorary degree of M. A. Fred is the first member of '87, if I am not mistaken, to receive an honorary degree, and to be thus publicly honored by the great university for purely literary work.

His only claim to literary talent in our time centered in the fact that he invariably sharpened his lead pencils with a razor. That's as far as he ever got in literature. It's a surprise and a delight to many of us that Fred developed

not only a literary reputation, but genuine literary talent. And during those years literature has not only come from him but has returned upon him in rich blessing. So that instead of being the kind of person we thought he was he is not only universally admired, but universally welcome.

FREDERICK T. HILL:

Mr. Toastmaster and Gentlemen:

The remarks of our inimitable toastmaster remind me most forcibly of Mark Twain's observation, that man is the only animal that can blush, or needs to. However, my experience in the law

—"WE THEN FORMED IN ORDER OF MARCH."

has taught me that there are some duties which cannot be delegated; some acts which one cannot perform by attorney—and one of them is blushing. For a man must either blush for himself or have others blush for him, and between those alternatives, there is no self-respecting choice.

Now, I am quite sure that you do not want me to make a speech, or expect me to respond at all adequately to your friendly greeting. All I can do is to express my very deep appreciation of the honor that has been conferred upon the Class of '87 in my person, and

to thank you and all of you whose approval enables me to represent the class in this gracious and gratifying manner.

And permit me to say right here and now that if the proposed action of the Corporation did not very generally meet with your approval; if I did not feel that I was justified, in some measure at least, in regarding myself as your candidate and nominee for this honorary degree, then the distinction would have very little value in my eyes and be to me an empty honor, even at the hands of Yale.

Now, Billy Phelps, in that still, small and husky voice of his, intimated to me that I would be expected to respond to an informal toast on "Law, Lincoln and Literature." But that long-winded theme is no fit subject for a New Yorker.

At one time New Yorkers were supposed to live according to the law and the prophets; but of recent years the general public there has been so busy with the profits that it has had very little time to give attention to the law, and successful members of the bar cannot afford to study a subject which is apt to bring them into conflict with the opinion of the courts.

So, I have nothing to say under the head of law.

And as for Lincoln. Well, he has been appropriated by Tammany Hall and Hearst and other founders of the Lincoln Democracy, and surely, that is the last word upon the first American!

And to "Literature," Billy Phelps should respond himself, for he has done more for it than any other Yale man I know of. Indeed I can, perhaps, best illustrate the work that he is doing in that line by a story told me by Augustus Thomas who said that when he was working on a newspaper out West a grouchy old fellow who never had a pleasant word to say of any of his subordinates was Editor-in-Chief. One morning an enthusiastic young member of his staff, hoping for a word of praise went to him and exclaimed, "I don't know what's the matter with me! I don't seem to be able to write any more. I think I've lost the knack." And with that he threw down his copy. The editor picked it up, glanced at it and growled. "You write just as well as you ever did, but your taste is improving."

That's what Billy Phelps is doing for Yale. We may not write any better than we ever did, but our taste is improving.

THE TOASTMASTER:

No '87 dinner would be complete without Bill—if Crazy Bill didn't come up and say something. I will allow him to speak on any subject he chooses, except California. Get up,

old primitive man! Get up! Let's hear what you have got to say, Bill Kent.

WILLIAM KENT:

B. Phelps has bestowed asparagus on all of us with a free hand. In the case of others he has blithely twitted on facts. Maybe in introducing me as one demented, he is right.

I guess it is crazy to travel 3,000 miles, urged by a sentimental desire to be a child again along with you children.

To save myself from libel suits in the strenuous days of politics I have been willing to be called crazy, and now to escape any more Phelpsims, I again acknowledge the corn. Yes, I am crazy, just as crazy as I want to be.

Since securing an unexpected certificate of complete enlightenment twenty years ago, I have seen many places and many men and the more men I have "seen and known and met along," the more confidence I have in human nature and the more respect I have for mankind.

If the philosophy that has grown out of my experience is right, the trouble is not that men are bad but that they do not put their emphasis in the right place. Our greatest emphasis should be put on our social relations, where we freely acknowledge the rights of the "other fellow." All rational ethics teach this, all experience teaches this, and yet the individual forgets that the "other fellow" is a part of his life and part of himself.

We have our ideals which we think are high, but none are high enough unless they are social ideals. If we men blessed with education and opportunity wish to do good in this world we must practice and preach the social life. We must realize that a man cannot be an honest man and a selfish man, for selfishness means the privation of the "other fellow" of what should be coming to him. He may think he is honest, who, heedless of the "other fellow" claims something as his, but if that claim inpinges on the just claim of the "other fellow" then your conventional individualist is dishonest.

The social ideals are the only ideals that can make men really honest. It is this sort of honesty that will make the world better.

How he may best struggle up hill in this direction must rest with every man to determine, the direction is right, anyhow.

Perhaps my own course has been erratic, perhaps even crazy, but I want you to know and to believe that my insanest efforts have been directed toward the development of these same social ideals, and I hope to die in the same demented condition.

THE TOASTMASTER:

No dinner would be complete without a speech from a minister. The man I refer to is old Charles Otis Scoville, the kind old village preacher of '87. Scoville spent four years in college trying to get his degree. He is practically at the head of Trinity Church, which is the most important Episcopal church in the city. And I could tell you a lot about the politics of that church, how he was put in there a good many years ago as assistant curate; and he is now the only person who has survived. Every man, woman and child in that church loves Scoville. He not only preaches his sermon on Sunday but during the week his life talks. I could tell you, if I had the time, exactly how the people regard him.

CHARLES O. SCOVILLE:

I am afraid the only thing I can do is to make a bow and sit down. I really didn't recognize myself in the description Phelps has given of me, but I don't know that I want to talk about it. Yes, I have lived here all these years, and I can only say that it gives me great pleasure to stand here and look at you men again. I will say that for myself whatever I have obtained myself that I have obtained by considerable hard, persistent work. It's getting to be after one o'clock and while I have some things I might like to say I believe that every clergyman gets in the way of talking to the congregation that can't talk back and the first thing he knows he gets to preaching, and gets to telling the other fellow how to do it. I don't want to preach here to-night or say anything that might seem giving advice. I just simply want to express my gratitude and appreciation, and sit down.

THE TOASTMASTER:

Full many a flower is born to blush unseen but the Rose of Missouri blushes in the limelight. Rosie is a man who has done things in the Great West—a man who counts for something in Kansas City, and one whom all '87 is proud of. Some day he will write his autobiography, "From North College to Kansas City, or How I Raised the Limit."

Rosie used to paint Diehl's tonsils; now he paints the town. You may fire, Rosie, when you are ready.

GRANT I. ROSENZWEIG:

Mr. Toastmaster and Fellows:

In saying the few words that I have to say to you, I hardly feel brazen enough to enter into a long dissertation on the Middle West, from which I come. I don't intend to tell you any exaggerated stories about the Middle West, although one does come to my mind touching a subject of which you most frequently read in the newspapers—in relation to cyclones. I happened very recently in a cigar store and there an old German was standing at the counter using the telephone. He was calling up the owner of the property from whom he rented. "Is this Mr. Watson?" asked the old gentleman ** "Well," he continued, "I am Mr. Schmidtz. I want to tell you that last night the vind blew the shutters off." ** "Yes, the shutters." ** "The vind last night, the vind blew the shutters off." ** "The vind, I am telling you, it was the vind! ** Tam-it, vind, v-i-n-t, vint!"

Gentlemen, I came to Yale from what I believed at that time to be the West. I came to Yale, because I though Yale was a big and broad university; and after I finished my course at Yale I went out into the Middle West, which we like to call the Golden West because of the golden color of those vast plains, and I found there a country that was also big and broad. I came to Yale because I expected to find Yale big and broad, and I went further West because I expected to find there a country that was big and broad, and I was not disappointed in either expectation.

There is one episode in my career at Yale that I look back upon with a good deal of amusement now. For a few days I was a member of the class of '88. My father had been in a railroad wreck and had been very seriously injured, and this threatened my college career so that I felt obliged to hurry. I had taken my examinations and had been admitted to the Class of '88, and at the same time had made application for admission to '87, which application had not yet been passed upon. I didn't know precisely where I stood for the first few days I was in New Haven, and I was absolutely unsophisticated in the ways of New Haven life. I had heard of hazing, but I didn't know exactly what it was. I didn't know what the fellows did. But about the first or second evening I was in New Haven, we were sitting, a crowd of us, when we heard a lot of boys come down the street singing. I did not know what that meant except that it appeared a good-natured crowd and I could see no harm in joining the edge of it, which I did. The crowd went down the street and finally we got into a room, and about the time we had fairly landed in the room somebody closed the door and assumed guard over it,—and I was on the inside. It was too late! I was a

member of '88 at that time. I was there in ignorance of the conditions and proprieties,—ignorant even of the fact that it was an '87 crowd in command, with a number of '88 men as victims in tow. Ogden was brought forward into the center, and about the time things were getting lively for him I had begun to realize the situation and was shrinking back against the wall scared to death, and edging towards the door with hopes of rushing past the guardsman. But Copley's black and suspicious eyes from his station away up in front, had looked around and seen that I was there and paralyzed my very motion. Each look from Copley was like a spear thrust. He had it on the point of his tongue a half dozen times to ask who I was and why there. I tremble even yet to think what might have happened if the question had been asked. But the same ignorant chance which led me into it, saved me from a danger, beside which Ogden's fate would doubtless have been trifling, and by this escape from my own future mates I was left stunned with terror, but with whole bones to complete my course with the glorious Class of '87.

I had another experience on the first day I was in New Haven in relation to the boat race. I had landed here late in the afternoon, and in going out to get my dinner I found a tremendous concourse of people on Chapel Street. I did not know what it was all about,—not the faintest idea in the world what was the cause. I went up to a man and said, "Will you kindly tell me what the celebration is about?" And he looked at me without a word of reply. To another I said, "Will you kindly tell me what the excitement is?" With the utmost disdain he said, "Don't you know?" I said, "No, sir, I don't." And without more, he turned his back and walked away. After five or six similar experiences I was finally told "It's the race." But after that information I didn't know whether it was a race that had been run, or was to be run in future, in the public street, or by man or beast. Later in the day when the bombs began to explode, I learned that the race had occurred and that it was a boat race, with triumph to the blue. And I learned several other things after that. But of all the things I learned at Yale, Fellows, I think I can safely say that the best was gained from association with you. I learned from you what I might apply in a larger world, for which I was trying to fit myself at that time.

I found, without undue flattery to any of you, I found among the fellows in the Class of '87 as good material, as strong minds, as able, as conscientious, as hardworking men as I expected to find, and as I have found in fact in the world at large.

The training here stood me in good stead there. I guess I am nearly the sole representative of '87 located in that section, outside of Douglass, and he wishes me to express his deepest regret that

he could not be here. It so happens there are very few of our members located in that section of the country. And that is a tremendous country. It is tremendously big,—it is tremendously broad. You all know what it means, of course, when you hear of the West. I know a single man out there who cultivates a single ranch, which, if it were spread out in a strip of land a mile wide, would run forty miles straight away. Men who run farms of that magnitude are not always men of education by any manner of means, but gentlemen, the Middle West, whether of the college or non-college brand, is made up of the same type of men that are leading everywhere, the same type of men that were found in '87, the men of mind and energy.

I am more than glad that I came on here. I had very grave doubts of my ability to come. The sight of you stirs up good feelings and happy memories that we are too prone to miss. I sincerely express the hope that we may often be together through many future years.

OCCUPATIONS.

THE Directory of Living Graduates of Yale University for 1908 indicates with each man's name and address his occupation. It is not meant that the man is in every case actually at present following the occupation given, but in some cases only that such has been his principal line of work. A close classification of occupations is not attempted, all men being assigned to fourteen general heads.

The living graduates of '87 are grouped below under the heads employed in the Directory. The occupations of some men do not seem to belong under any of the heads, and it is only by a rather forced classification that they have been placed where they are. Other men do not appear in groups where they might be expected to be, because, though they have distinguished themselves in more than one line, no name is assigned to more than one occupation. Thus, our group of literary men includes neither Fred Hill nor Billy Phelps, because the one appears among the lawyers and the other among the educators.

However, the Secretary has preferred to adopt the system of classification as he finds it, except that he has substituted "Architecture" for the compound heading "Art, Architecture and Music," used in the Directory. Two of the fourteen groups, namely, "Government" and "Sciences," have no representatives in '87; and four men, Francis, Gardiner, Holly and Stein, have not been assigned to any group.

Law and Judiciary—Anderson, Babcock, M. A. Caldwell, Carlton, Cochrane, Coit, Cullinan, Cunningham, Dann, Douglass, C. C. Ferris Gaffney, Gates, Grant, Gray, Hand, Hartridge, F. T. Hill, G. E. Hill, Hume, Irvin, O. G. Jennings, Ketcham, Kirkham, S. Knight, Middlebrook, C. T. Morse, R. D. Morse, Penney, Penrose, A. Perkins, Playford, Pomeroy, Romaine, Rosenzweig, Seymour, Sheffield, Torrey, Tracy, Weed—40.

Mercantile Business—Burke, Hare, Howe, Ivison, Jenks, Keeler, Lee, Lewis, W. H. Ludington, Maxwell, Norton, Porter, Thomas, Tuttle, Young—15.

Medicine—Bliss, Bonar, H. B. Ferris, Goodenough, Guernsey, H. S. Hart, Hawkes, C. A. Knight, Leverett, Partree, Pickett, Rogers, Staehlin, G. Woodward—14.

Education—Bissell, Brownson, Burns, E. L. Caldwell, Cornish, Corwin, Diehl, Pettee, Phelps, Setchell, Taylor, Thacher—12.

Manufacturing—Chase, Copley, C. B. Jennings, Leeds, C. H. Ludington, Lyne, H. F. Perkins, Pritchard, Sprague, E. P. Trowbridge—10.

Finance—Adams, Brooks, V. B. Caldwell, Cobb, Haven, Hinkle, Hyde, Kent, Simonds—9.

Journalism and Letters—Bigelow, Cowles, W. McCormick, Sheppard, Smith, F. B. Trowbridge, W. R. H. Trowbridge—7.

Ministry—Arn, Beard, F. W. Hart, King, Root, Scoville—6.

Engineering—Archbald, Curtis, Leffingwell, Spencer, F. S. Woodward—5.

Farming and Ranching—Coxe, J. McCormick—2.

Transportation—Brady, Clarke—2.

Architecture—Chambers—1.

THE BENNETTO SCHOLARSHIP.

YEAR by year the Bennetto Scholarship, established by the Class in 1902, has been doing a work in helping each year two men—one Senior and one Junior—who are recognized by the Committee of Award as characterized by sound and strong character, marked ability, and a high standing in the college world, and in the estimation of their classmates.

In the establishment of this scholarship in memory of John Bennetto, it was the hope of the Class that as time progressed it would come to be recognized among college men as an honor of consequence to be deemed worthy to hold this scholarship. That such is now the case there can be no doubt.

No man connected with the University has a keener perception of the under-graduate public sentiment than he who, as this is written, is about closing his long and useful career as Dean of the Academic Faculty, Professor Henry P. Wright.

He writes of the Bennetto Scholarship as follows:

"Great care has been taken to select for this Scholarship men whose position in College and whose aims are like those of John Bennetto,—men who have to work their way, who are good if not high scholars; men of strong character, who are prominent for some kind of activity outside the class-room. The list shows that the appointments have been wisely made.

When a student is awarded the Scholarship, he receives a copy of the life of John Bennetto, from which he must get an inspiration. Many of the Bennetto scholars have spoken of the effect which this little book has had upon them.

The Bennetto Scholarship holds a high position among College awards and is valued not only for the aid which is given to a man in limited circumstances, but especially for the honor which is thus conferred on one who is thought by the Faculty worthy to have his name associated with that of John Bennetto."

The recipients of this fund from the beginning with a brief biographical sketch of each, are as follows:

1903. Antonio Johnston Waring. High Oration standing; Second TenEyck Prize in Junior year; Chairman of the editorial board of the Yale Literary Magazine; Secretary of Phi Beta Kappa; member of Chi Delta Theta and Skull and Bones; spent the first year after graduation as Secretary of the Academical Department of the Yale University Christian Association; entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the fall of 1904, where he received the degree of M. D. in 1908. He is at present attached to the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City.

1904. Lawrence Mason, son of Edward G. Mason, Yale 1860, member of the Yale Corporation; Philosophical Oration; special honors in English; member of the *Pundit Club and of the Elihu Club; Editor of the Yale Daily News; Editor of the Yale Record; Class Historian; taught three years at the Hotchkiss School; Co-editor with Mr. Buehler, Head Master at Hotchkiss, of a school edition of "Tale of Two Cities," Macmillan, 1906; now instructor in English in Yale College.

1905. James J. Hogan. Chief Marshal of his class in the Bicentennial Parade; Manager of the Yale Dramatic As-

* The Pundit Club, founded by the Class of '87 has become one of the recognized and important undergraduate institutions.

sociation; Captain of the Yale Foot Ball Team in his Senior year; member of Skull and Bones; now Deputy Commissioner of the Street-Cleaning Department in New York City.

1906. Donald Bruce, son of Irving Bruce, Yale 1882. Took the Waterman Scholarship ($800) in his Senior year, and the Barge Mathematical Prize in Freshman and Sophomore years; Philosophical Oration; member of Chi Delta Theta, Phi Beta Kappa, Skull and Bones, and the Kitcat Club; also member of the editorial board of both the Yale Literary Magazine and the Yale Courant; is at present a student in the Yale Forestry School.

Harry Beal. Received the Bennetto Scholarship at the beginning of Senior year, after Bruce had been transferred to the Waterman. Philosophical Oration; Second TenEyck Prize; member of Phi Beta Kappa and of the Pundit Club; President of the Yale Debating Union; President of the Berkeley Association; Vice-President of the Phi Beta Kappa Society.

1907. William B. Roulstone. Founder, with Stephen D. Thaw, of the Yale Monthly Magazine; Co-editor of the Yale Courant; President of Berkeley Association; on account of ill-health, has not finished his work for a degree.

1908. Lewis C. Everard. Captain of the Yale Gymnastic Team; Philosophical Oration; President of Phi Beta Kappa; won the John Addison Porter Prize in American History; was married in 1908 and is at present (March, 1909), studying in Paris on the Borden Fellowship ($800).

1909. James L. McConaughy. High Oration; C. Wyllys Betts Prize in Sophomore year, and Second TenEyck Prize in Junior year; Chairman of the Board of Editors of the Yale Courant; member of three class and two department debating teams; member of the University Debating Team, which won against Princeton in 1909; President of the Yale Debating Union.

1910. John J. MacCarthy. Chairman of editorial board of the Yale Courant; High Oration standing; member of the Kitcat Club; tied for the last place on the Phi Beta Kappa list.

THE MEACHAM MEMORIAL.

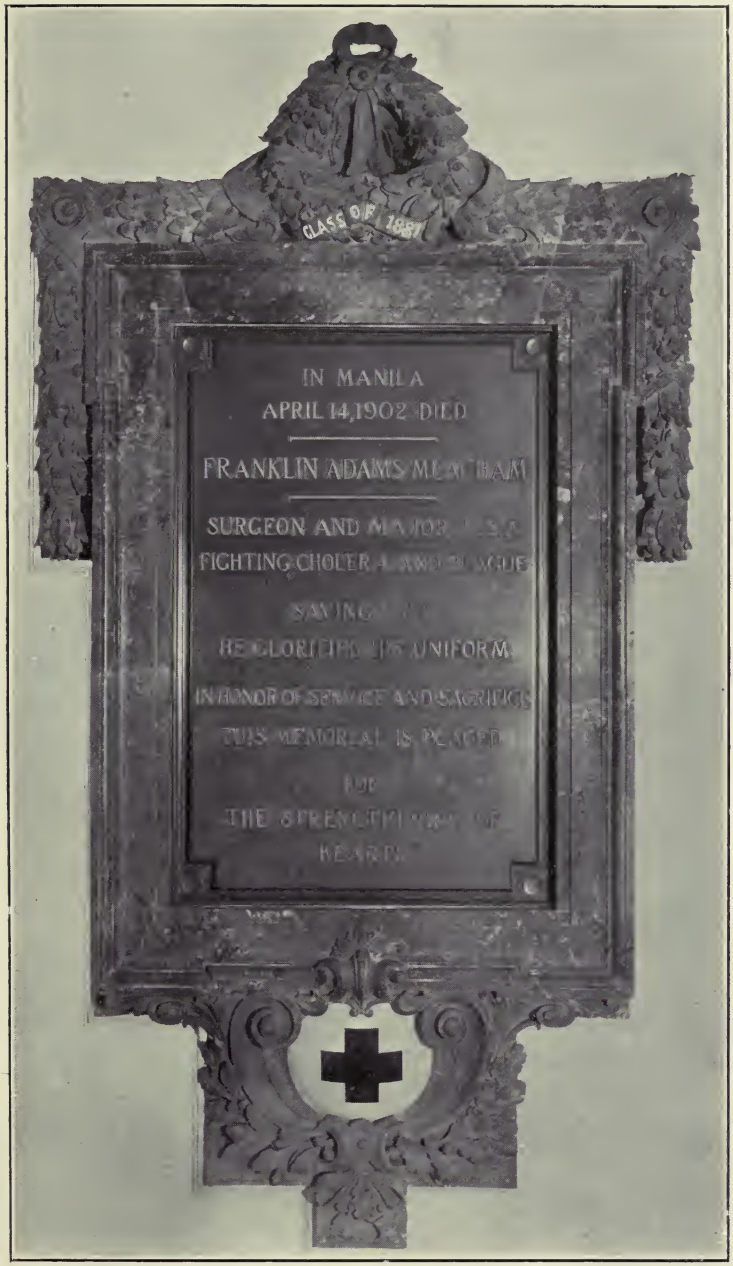
IT was the spontaneous tribute of his Classmates, to the memory of Franklin Adams Meacham, whose life was given to his country and his profession, which took form in the gift by the Class of '87 to the University of the tablet erected three years ago in the Memorial Vestibule.

The Committee named at the Quindecennial Reunion of the Class, consisting of Kent, Burke and Chase, had the matter in charge, and obtained from the Corporation the requisite permission, granted only in cases where unusual and conspicuous service to Nation, profession, religion or learning justifies such honor, to erect the tablet in the rotunda designed for this purpose.

The necessary funds were promptly subscribed by the Class, and the tablet, a reproduction of which is shown elsewhere, was designed by and erected under the personal supervision of one of Meacham's classmates, Walter B. Chambers.

The character of the tablet is impressive, and the design and wording of the inscription as may be seen from the photograph, commend themselves as peculiarly in keeping with the modest self estimate of him whose life and death it commemorates.

It may not be out of place to record here what has not previously appeared in a Class Record, that the body of Meacham is buried in the National Cemetery, at Arlington, Virginia, where lie so many of the Nation's defenders in the two latest wars.



THE MEACHAM MEMORIAL.

NECROLOGY.

WILLIAM MAITLAND ABELL, died January 7, 1908.
RODMOND VERNON BEACH, died September 28, 1898.
JOHN BENNETTO, died October 8, 1892.
ELMER FOX BERKELE, died August 20, 1892.
DWIGHT ELIOT BOWERS, died April 9, 1907.
WILLIAM SINCLAIR BRIGHAM, died May 23, 1906.
JOHN HUBBARD CURTIS, died January 13, 1898.
JOHN MINOR GILLESPIE, died February 21, 1908.
CLARENCE GLISAN, died August 22, 1893.
HENRY EARL HARD, died September 26, 1908.
CLINTON LARUE HARE, died June 4, 1909.
ALBERT GAY HUNT, died May 21, 1905.
DEWITT CLINTON HUNTINGTON, died February 11, 1889.
ALLEN WARDNER JOHNSON, died June 9, 1905.
JOHN BASSETT KEEP, died April 9, 1901.
WILLIAM BURRAGE KENDALL, JR., died October 3, 1893.
HENRY LAWTON MAY, died October 3, 1898.
FRANKLIN ADAMS MEACHAM, died April 14, 1902.
GEORGE FRANCIS NESBITT, died November 27, 1900.
LOUIS HARMAN PEET, died October 18, 1905.
ARTHUR REED PENNELL, died March 10, 1903.
JOSEPH LYLE THORNTON, died June 17, 1890.
JAMES JOHNSTON WARING, died July 6, 1887.
FREDERIC ROGER WHITTLESEY, died July 19, 1900.

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William Maitland Abell:

The new departure in American diplomacy. (In Gunton's magazine, Dec., 1902. v. 23, p. 476-487.)

Chandler Parsons Anderson:

The extent and limitations of the treaty-making power under the Constitution. (In American journal of international law, July, 1907. v. 1, p. 636-670.)

Rev. Arthur John Arn:

Revivalism, past and present. (A series of papers in the Eau Claire, Wis., Leader, 1905.)

(Arn has also frequently contributed to local papers on matters of local interest.)

Rev. Gerald Hamilton Beard:

The history of the Catholic English and the American revised versions of the Bible; second prize essay. (In Roman Catholic and Protestant Bibles compared (the Gould prize essays); edited by M. W. Jacobus. N. Y., Bible Teachers Training School [1905]. p. 57-125, including 4 diagrams.)

Same, with appendix. (In Same, 2d edition revised. N. Y., Scribner's, 1908. p. 59-133, including 4 diagrams, and 239-287.) (The bibliography, occupying p. 315-361 of this edition, was prepared by W. J. Chapman from material furnished by Beard and the other prize winners.)

(Beard has also published occasional sermons, articles in newspapers, etc.)

Bennetto Scholarship Committee:

The John Bennetto Scholarship of the Class of 1887 in Yale College. 29 p. Bridgeport, Conn., 1902.

Edward Lydston Bliss, M. D.:

[Reports on the medical work at Shaowu.] (In Foochow Messenger, Foochow, China.)

Allan Blair Bonar, M. D.:

Sensory disturbances in locomotor ataxia; a study of the localization of the anæsthetic areas as an early symptom. (In Medical record, May 22, 1897. v. 51, p. 721-726, il.)

Same, separate. N. Y., Publishing Printing Co., 1897.

Neurology and nervous diseases. (In Butler's Medical diagnosis.)

A case of primary progressive muscular dystrophy of the facio-scapulo-humeral type of Landouzy and Déjerine. (In Journal of nervous and mental disease, Oct., 1900. v. 27, p. 547-550, il.)

A study of the cases of tabes dorsalis in Prof. M. Allen Starr's clinic, Columbia University, Jan., 1888—Jan., 1901. (In Journal of nervous and mental disease, May, 1901. v. 28, p. 259-272.)

(Bonar is also the author of numerous editorials, abstracts, etc., appearing in the Medical news, and book reviews and abstracts in the Journal of nervous and mental disease, between 1897 and 1902.)

Dwight Eliot Bowers:

The oldest general view of New Haven. (In Papers of the New Haven Colony Historical Society. 1900. v. 6, p. 220-222, il.)

(The collection of facts for the first report of the Connecticut Commission of Public Records was his work, and the report itself almost all written by him.)

Arthur Wolfe Brady:

Address before the State Bar Association of Indiana, July 7, 1905 [Some phases of historical jurisprudence]. 14 p. Indianapolis, Reporter Publishing Co. [1905?].

A statement of the relations between the Indiana Union Traction Company, the Brotherhood of Interurban Trainmen, and the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America, as set forth in a letter by the Traction Company to a committee of citizens of the city of Anderson. 4 p. [Anderson, Ind., 1908.]

Carleton Lewis Brownson:

Editor of—

Books

Smith's Smaller history of Greece. Revised edition. 423 p. N. Y., Harper, 1897.

The Hellenica of Xenophon: selections. 425 p. N. Y., American Book Co., 1908.

Articles

The opening of the American School at Athens. (In Independent, Feb. 12, 1891. v. 43, p. 224.)

The theatre at Eretria: orchestra and cavea. (In American journal of archaeology, Sept., 1891. v. 7, p. 266-280.) (This and the three following papers were reprinted in 1897 in the sixth volume of Papers of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens.)

The relation of the archaic pediment-reliefs from the Acropolis to vase-painting. (In American journal of archaeology, Jan.—Mar., 1893. v. 8, p. 28-41, 1 pl.)

Excavations at the Heræum of Argos. (In American journal of archaeology, Apr.—June, 1893. v. 8, p. 205-225, 1 pl.)

Further excavations at the theatre of Sicyon in 1891; by Brownson and Clarence H. Young. (In American journal of archaeology, July—Sept., 1893. v. 8, p. 397-409, il. 1 pl.)

Plato's studies in Greek literature [abstract only]. (In Transactions of the American Philological Association, 1896. v. 27, p. xxxviii-xl.)

Reasons for Plato's hostility to the poets. (In Transactions of the American Philological Association, 1897. v. 28, p. 5-41.)

A philosopher's attitude toward art [Plato as an art critic; abstract only]. (In American journal of archaeology, Jan.—Mar., 1900. 2d series, v. 4, p. 174-175.)

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William Savage Burns:

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(The statement appearing in 1902 in the Yale alumni weekly and elsewhere, that Burns was the compiler of Tables of and annotated index to the Congressional series of United States public documents (Washington, Govt. Printing Office, 1902), was wholly erroneous.)

William Aaron Cornish:

(Contributions from Cornish have appeared in one or more county papers in Cortland, N. Y.)

Robert Nelson Corwin:

Exercises to accompany Whitney's German grammar. N. Y., Holt, 1898.

(Corwin's Ph. D. thesis in German was published in 1894 or 1895.)

Henry Alexander Dann:

(For some years prior to 1908 Dann edited the Enterprise, a weekly local paper of Lancaster, N. Y. He has also contributed to other newspapers.)

Harry Burr Ferris, M. D.:

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(Ferris is also the author of several articles in the Yale medical journal, which the compiler has been unable to locate, and of some book reviews.)

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The Society's expedition to Alaska. (In 6th annual report of the New York Zoological Society, 1901. p. 137-140, il. 1 pl.)

Moose. (In 7th report of the Forest, Fish and Game Commission of the State of New York [1901]. p. 225-238, il. 3 pl.)

The caribou. (In 7th annual report of the New York Zoological Society, 1902. p. 175-196, il. 20 pl. map.)

The origin and relationship of the large mammals of North America. (In 8th annual report of the New York Zoological Society, 1903. p. 182-207.)

Notes on Adirondack mammals, with special reference to the fur-bearers. (In 8th and 9th reports of the Forest, Fish and Game Commission of the State of New York [1902 and 1903]. p. 319-334, 24 pl.)

Distribution of the moose. (In G. B. Grinnell's American big game in its haunts, the book of the Boone and Crockett Club. 1904. p. 374-390, 6 pl.) (Reprinted, with revision, from the article entitled Moose, *supra*.)

The Rocky Mountain goat. (In 9th annual report of the New York Zoological Society, 1904. p. 230-261, il.)

Rev. Frederic Wells Hart:

(Some of Hart's sermons have been printed.)

HORACE SEDGWICK HART, M. D.:

Elastin and the elastose bodies; by R. H. Chittenden and H. S. Hart. (In Transactions of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences. 1890. v. 8, p. 19-38.)

FORBES HAWKES, M. D.:

The surgical treatment of appendicitis; by A. J. McCosh and Forbes Hawkes. (In American journal of the medical sciences, ——, 1897. New series, v. 113, p. 513-538.)

A report of 66 cases of appendicitis occurring in the service of Dr. McCosh, Dec. 1, 1894—Dec. 1, 1896. (In Medical and surgical report of the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, 1897. v. 2, p. 138-163, 1 tab.)

A report of 41 hysterectomies performed Nov. 1, 1895—Nov. 1, 1897, on patients admitted to Dr. McCosh's service at the Presbyterian Hospital. (In Medical and surgical report of the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, 1898. v. 3, p. 220-251, 1 tab.)

A case of suprapubic and submucous prostatectomy. (In Post-Graduate, Feb., 1900. v. 15, p. 168-172, 2 pl.)

The question of operation in appendicitis. (In New York medical journal, Jan. 12, 1901. v. 73, p. 49-52.)

Intravenous infusion: indications and technique, with demonstrations on the human. (In Post-Graduate, May, 1903. v. 18, p. 405-413, followed by discussion.)

Abdominal rigidity, its value as a symptom to the general practitioner. (In Medical brief, Mar., 1904. v. 32, p. 199-201.)

Peritonitis, its importance to the general practitioner and to the surgeon. (In Post-Graduate, Apr., 1904. v. 19, p. 386-394, followed by discussion, 1 pl.)

The treatment of advanced cases of general septic peritonitis from appendicitis; with remarks on the early diagnosis of this condition. (In Medical and surgical report of the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, 1904. v. 6, p. 103-146.)

A case of supracondylar fracture of the humerus, with musculo-spiral paralysis. (In Post-Graduate, Mar., 1905. v. 20, p. 230-231, followed by discussion.)

A case of intrahepatic calculi; removal; drainage. (In Medical and surgical report of the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, 1906. v. 7, p. 230-234.)

The diagnosis of imminent perforation in typhoid fever [abstract only]. (In Medical record, Mar. 9, 1907. v. 71, p. 414.)

The prevention of intestinal obstruction following operation for appendicitis. (In Annals of surgery, Feb., 1909. v. 49, p. 192-207, il.)

(A number of cases presented by Hawkes at meetings of the New York Surgical Society in 1903 and later years are reported in condensed form in Annals of surgery, v. 37, 38, 40, 41, 47 and 49.)

FREDERICK TREVOR HILL:

Books

The case and exceptions; stories of counsel and clients. 241 p. N. Y.. Stokes [1900]. (Some of the stories in this volume were translated into German and published in German periodicals. The translation of "Outside the record," by F. Mai, appeared in the Muenchner Neueste nachrichten.)

The care of estates [a law book for executors, etc.] 176 p. N. Y.. Baker, Voorhis & Co., 1901.

The minority; a novel. 406 p. N. Y., Stokes [1902].

The web [a novel]. 344 p. pl. N. Y., Doubleday, 1904. (First appeared serially in Collier's, in 1903-1904.)

The accomplice [a novel]. 325 p. N. Y., Harper, 1905.

Lincoln the lawyer. 322 p. il. por. pl. facsim. N. Y.. Century Co., 1906. (First appeared serially in the Century, v. 71-72, from December, 1905, to May, 1906.)

Decisive battles of the law; narrative studies of eight legal contests affecting the history of the United States between 1800 and 1886. 267 p. 1 por. N. Y., Harper, 1907. (First appeared serially in Harper's monthly, v. 113-115, from June, 1906, to September, 1907.)

The story of a street; a narrative history of Wall Street from 1644 to 1908. 170 p. por. pl. maps, facsim. N. Y., Harper, 1908. (First appeared serially in Harper's monthly, v. 116-117, from April to September, 1908.)

Editor of—

Miniatures from Balzac's masterpieces; by Hill and S. P. Griffin. N. Y., Appleton, 1893.

Articles

In the presence of the enemy [a story]. (In Frank Leslie's monthly, May, 1902. v. 54, no. 1.)

The shield of privilege [a story]. (In Ainslee's magazine, Nov., 1902.)

The judgment of his peers [a story]. (In Everybody's magazine, December, 1902. v. 7, no. 6.)

A lawyer's duty with a bad case. (In Everybody's magazine, May, 1903. v. 8, p. 457- .)

Exhibit no. 2 [a story]. (In Everybody's magazine.)

Our selfish citizenship. (In Everybody's magazine, Jan., 1904. v. 10, p. 51- .)

The menace of the law's delays. (In Everybody's magazine, Apr., 1904. v. 10, p. 549- .)

Two fishers of men [in Editor's drawer]. (In Harper's monthly, Oct., 1904. v. 109, p. 811-814, il.)

The personal equation [in Editor's drawer]. (In Harper's monthly, Nov., 1904. v. 109, p. 973-977, il.)

Submitted on the facts [a story]. (In Success, Aug., 1905. v. 8, no. 135.)

The weapons of a gentleman [a story]. (In Smart set, Sept., 1905. v. 17, no. 1.)

The unearned increment [a story]. (In Collier's, Sept. 23. 1905. v. 35, no. 26.)

The United States Supreme Court and coming events. (In Appleton's magazine, July, 1906. v. 8, p. 9-15.)

The dollar mark and the hall mark of fame. (In Everybody's magazine, Sept., 1906. v. 15, no. 3.)

Lincoln, master of men [a book review]. (In North American review. Sept. 21, 1906. v. 183, p. 541-544.)

Walter Reed and yellow fever [a book review]. (In North American review, Oct. 19, 1906. v. 183, p. 798-800.)

The woman in the case [a story]. (In Century, Jan., 1907. v. 73, p. 408-412.)

A battle of the giants, the first meeting between Douglas and Lincoln. at Ottawa, Ill. (In Collier's, Feb. 9, 1907. v. 38, no. 20, p. 14-15, il.)

Legal defeaters of the law. (In Putnam's monthly, June, 1907. v. 2, p. 293-296.)

War [a story]. (In Harper's monthly, Jan., 1908. v. 116, p. 247-253.)

The Lincoln-Douglas debates, fifty years after. (In Century, Nov., 1908. v. 77, p. 3-19, il.)

Lincoln's legacy of inspiration to Americans. (In New York Times, February 1-7, 1909.)

(Besides the above, F. T. H. has written book reviews for the Bookman, and other periodical articles the titles of which are not at hand.)

GEORGE EDWIN HILL:

The secret ballot. (In Yale law journal, Oct., 1891. v. 1, p. 26-29.)

Same, separate. 6 p. [New Haven] Yale Law School, 1891.

The Class of '87 since graduation. (In Triennial record of the Class of 1887 in Yale College. 1891. p. 25-59.)

Sexennial record of the Class of 1887 in Yale College. 69 p. 2 pl. Bridgeport, Conn., 1893.

Annual reports as County Health Officer for Fairfield County, for years ending June 1, 1895—Aug. 31, 1908. (In 18th—30th annual reports of the State Board of Health of Connecticut, for 1895-1909.)

Decennial record of the Class of 1887 in Yale College. 89 p. il. 1 pl. Bridgeport, Conn., 1897.

Compulsory laws affecting public health. (In 23d annual report of the State Board of Health of Connecticut, for 1900. p. 290-295.)

Quindecennial record of the Class of 1887 in Yale College. 131 p. il. 2 pl. Bridgeport, Conn., 1903.

See also, for Hill as joint author, next to last entry under Brownson, *supra.*

WILLIAM KENT:

Pamphlets

Practical politics; a lay sermon. Chicago, Unity Publishing Co., 1896.

Municipal citizenship; an address to the students of Lake Forest College on Washington's Birthday, 1905. 12 p. [Chicago, 1905.]

Res indigestae; a cyclopædia of universal ignorance. 20 p. Chicago, 1906.

Here's hoping. the optimism of experience; a lay sermon. 15 p. Chicago, 1906.

Articles

The American city electorate. (In Charities, Nov. 3, 1906. v. 17, p. 209-211.)

Shake; a personal reminiscence of San Francisco, April, 1906. (In Collier's, Dec. 29, 1906. v. 38, no. 14, p. 18-19, il.)

A toothless saw: "A man is known by the company he keeps." (In Collier's, Apr. 6, 1907. v. 39, no. 2, p. 15. il.)

A toothless saw, 2: audible cash. (In Collier's, July 6, 1907. v. 39, no. 15, p. 25-26, il.)

A toothless saw, 3: "It takes a thief to catch a thief." (In Collier's, Aug. 31, 1907. v. 39, no. 23, p. 24-26.)

A toothless saw: "Ignorantia legis principia sapientiae." (In Collier's, Mar. 6, 1909. v. 42, no. 24, p. 38, 40.)

(Kent has also done editorial work for Collier's, and published other pamphlets than those listed above.)

SAMUEL KNIGHT:

Federal control of hydraulic mining. (In Yale law journal, June. 1898. v. 7, p. 385-392.)

YAN PHOU LEE:

When I was a boy in China. 111 p. il. Boston, Lothrop [1887].

Same, in German. Aus meinen knabenjahren in China; uebersetzt von Albert Petri. 80 p. il. Allentown, Pa., Trexler & Hartzell, 1889.

Why I am not a Heathen. (In North American review, Sept., 1887. v. 145, p. 306-312.)

The Chinese must stay. (In North American review, April, 1889. v. 148, p. 476-483.)

(Lee has also written many articles for newspapers in New York, San Francisco, St. Louis, Nashville, and the State of Delaware. About 1889 he edited and published a small periodical called the Chinese evangelist, and is now editor of a local paper at Wood Ridge, N. J.

JOHN LEVERETT, M. D.:

Some homemade and homely appliances. (In New York medical journal, Mar. 10, 1900. v. 71, p. 331-332.)

A difficulty of the metric system. (In Philadelphia medical journal, Mar. 31, 1900. v. 5, p. 702.)

A few cases of diphtheria, and what they taught me. (In Philadelphia medical journal, Sept. 15, 1900. v. 6, p. 510-511.)

WILLIAM MCCORMICK:

(McCormick has been editor of three Pennsylvania dailies: the Bethlehem Times, from March, 1890, to July, 1892; the Allentown Leader, from its foundation in 1893 until 1896; and the Reading Herald, from 1896 to the present time.

A series of his articles in one of these papers, bearing the title "While your coffee is cooling," was reprinted in pamphlet form at some time prior to 1898. He has also written magazine articles, as to which definite information is wanting.)

HENRY LAWTON MAY:

(For a general account of May's editorial and other literary work see the biographical sketches in the Decennial and Quindecennial records. Nothing more specific is known to the compiler.)

FRANKLIN ADAMS MEACHAM, M. D.:

A synopsis of clinical surgery during the service of Samuel H. Pinkerton, surgeon to the Holy Cross Hospital, for the year 1892. 145 p. 1 pl. Salt Lake City, 1893.

The status of medical legislation in Utah. (In Medical record, May 12, 1894. v. 45, p. 607-608.)

A review of the causation of pelvic inflammation. (In Denver medical times, June, 1895.)

Tendency of the modern school of medicine. (In Denver medical times, Aug., 1895.)

Evolution of our knowledge of typhoid fever. (In Denver medical times, Dec., 1896.)

Some important considerations in the biology of bacteria, infection and natural immunity. (In Denver medical times.)

Climatic physics of the Utah Basin. (In Denver medical times, Feb., 1897.)

[Report of the operations of the Board of Health of Manilla, P. I., from July 1, 1900, to May 31, 1901.] (In Annual reports of the War Department, 1901; report of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Army. pt. 2, p. 439-449.)

[*Same*, for year ending June 30, 1901.] (In Same, pt. 5, p. 171-183.)

[Control of venereal diseases in Manila.] (In Same, pt. 5, p. 188-189.)

CLARENCE TOMLINSON MORSE:

The University Club of Chicago. (In American university magazine, Apr.—May, 1897. v. 6, p. 122-130, il.)

LOUIS HARMAN PEET:

Who's the author? a guide to the authorship of novels, stories, speeches, songs and general writings of American literature. 317 p. N. Y., Crowell [1901].

Trees and shrubs of Prospect Park. 237 p. maps. N. Y., American Printing House [1902]. (First appeared serially in the Evening Post.)

Trees and shrubs of Central Park. 363 p. 30 pl. maps. N. Y., Manhattan Press [1903].

ARTHUR PERKINS:

The element of malice in the law of libel in Connecticut. (In Yale law journal, Feb., 1895. v. 4, p. 112-116.)

GEORGE DANIEL PETTEE:

Plane geometry. 253 p. N. Y., Silver, Burdett & Co., 1895.

The problems which confront the academy at the opening of the 20th century. (In Education, Oct., 1900. v. 21, p. 65-70.)

In memoriam, Dr. C. F. P. Bancroft. (In School review, Apr., 1902. v. 10, p. 257-269, including portrait.)

(Other articles by Pettee, treating of educational methods and athletics, were published somewhere, in the period from 1887 to 1900.)

WILLIAM LYON PHELPS:

Books, Etc.

The beginnings of the English romantic movement; a study in 18th century literature. 192 p. Boston, Ginn, 1893.

A literary map of England. Boston, Ginn, 1899.

The permanent contribution of the 19th century to English literature. 25. p. [Cambridge, 1901.] (Reprinted from the Christian-Evangelist.)

Same, revised, with title, The pure gold of 19th century literature. 36 p. N. Y., Crowell [1907].

List of general reading in English literature. 4 p. New Haven, The Pease-Lewis Co., 1902.

Why not the Bible? Leaflet. New England Association of Teachers, 1906.

Editor of—

Selections from the prose and poetry of Thomas Gray. 1 + 179 p. por. Boston, Ginn, 1894. (Athenæum Press series.)

Irving's Tales of a traveller. N. Y., Putnam, 1894.

Irving's Sketch-book. 544 p. N. Y., Putnam, 1895.

The best plays of George Chapman. 478 p. 1 por. London, Unwin, 1895. (Mermaid series.)

Shakspere's As you like it; with introduction by Barrett Wendell and notes by Phelps. 32 + 102 p. 1 por. N. Y., Longmans, 1896.

Thackeray's English humourists of the 18th century. xli + 360 p. N. Y., Holt, 1900.

The novels of Samuel Richardson. 20 v. N. Y., Croscup & Sterling Co., 1901-1903.

Thackeray's Henry Esmond. 544 p. 1 pl. Chicago, Scott, Foresman & Co., 1902. (Lake English classics.)

The novels and letters of Jane Austen; edited by R. B. Johnson; introduction by Phelps. 12 v. il. Philadelphia, F. S. Holby, 1906. (Chawton edition.)

Essays of Robert Louis Stevenson. 184 p. N. Y., Scribner, 1906.

Ibsen's Pretenders. 103 p. por. New Haven, Yale University Dramatic Assoc., 1907.

Articles

The difference between prohibition and high license. (In New Englander, Feb., 1888. v. 48, p. 126-129.)

Schopenhauer and Omar Khayyam. (In New Englander, Nov., 1888. v. 49, p. 328-336.)

Lessing and the German drama. (In New Englander, Sept., 1889. v. 51, p. 198-209.)

Mr. Browning's last words. (In New Englander, Mar., 1890. v. 52, p. 240-244.)

David Mallet's literary forgery. (In Harvard monthly, ——, 1892. v. 13, p. 191-197.)

Religious life at Harvard. (In Yale association record. ——, 1892. v. 2, p. 1-4.)

William Scoville Case. (In Writer, Sept., 1895. v. 8, p. 135-136, il.)

Two ways of teaching English. (In Century, Mar., 1896. v. 51, p. 793-794.) (Anon.)

The novel and the drama. (In Independent, Apr. 8, 1897. v. 49, p. 429-430.)

The prayers of Stevenson. (In Independent, Dec. 14, 1899. v. 51, p. 3350-3352.)

Donne's "Anyan." (In Modern language notes, Dec., 1899. v. 14, p. 258.)

The author of Lorna Doone. (In Independent, Feb. 1, 1900. v. 52, p. 296-298.)

The mind of Tennyson. (In Modern language notes, June, 1900. v. 15, p. 179-181.)

Wycherley and Jeremy Collier. (In Modern language notes, Dec., 1900. v. 15, p. 254-255.)

A first night at a London theater. (In Independent, Jan. 31, 1901. v. 53, p. 271-272.)

"Learn" and "Teach." (In Modern language notes, Mar., 1901. v. 16, p. 81-82.)

The Richardson revival. (In Independent, Nov. 21, 1901. v. 53, p. 2743-2747, il.)

A noteworthy letter of Whittier's. (In Century, May, 1902. v. 64, p. 15-17.)

Shakespeare in New York. (In Independent, Feb. 5, 1903. v. 55, p. 298-300, il.)

Literary prudishness. (In Booklovers magazine, Mar., 1903. v. 1, p. 235-236.)

Maeterlinck and Browning. (In Independent, Mar. 5, 1903. v. 55, p. 552-554, il.)

Elizabethan football. (In Independent, Mar. 19, 1903. v. 55, p. 665-666.)

King Samuel and King Ben [Samuel Johnson and Ben Jonson], with a eulogy of Boswell. (In Booklovers magazine, Apr., 1903. v. 1, p. 384-388, il.)

Maeterlinck and Browning again. (In Independent, June 11, 1903. v. 55, p. 1398-1400.)

Maeterlinck and Robert Browning. (In Academy, London, June 13, 1903. v. 64, p. 594-595.) (A reply to a criticism in the Academy of the article in the Independent of Mar. 5.)

Two sonnets hitherto unnoticed. (In Modern language notes, June, 1903. v. 18, p. 173-174.)

What Russian children are reading. (In Booklovers magazine, June, 1904. v. 3, p. 761.)

The mediaeval stage. (In Modern language notes, Nov., 1904. v. 19, p. 207-211.)

Germany's greatest actor [Ernst von Possart]. (In Booklovers magazine, Dec., 1904. v. 4, p. 841-847, il.)

The origin of the modern drama. (In Interior, Chicago.)

The teacher's attitude toward contemporary literature. (In Interior, Chicago, ——, 1906.)

Novels as a university study. (In Independent, Nov. 15, 1906. v. 61, p. 1140-1142, il.)

Mark Twain. (In North American review, July 5, 1907. v. 185, p. 540-548.)

Whittier. (In North American review, Dec., 1907. v. 186, p. 602-606.)

A cosmopolitan critic [Brander Matthews]. (In Forum, Jan., 1908. v. 39, p. 377-380.)

Confessions of a Baptist. (In Independent, May 14, 1908. v. 64. p. 1084-1086.)

English tragedy. (In Forum, Dec., 1908. v. 40, p. 592-595.)

See also, for Phelps as joint author, next to last entry under Brownson, *supra*.

(In addition to the above, Phelps has contributed many book reviews to the Independent, the New York Tribune, the Book buyer, etc.)

JOHN NORTON POMEROY, (JR.):

Books

A treatise on equitable remedies, supplementary to Pomeroy's Equity jurisprudence. 2 v. 1875 p. San Francisco, Bancroft-Whitney Co., 1905.

Editor of—

A treatise on equity jurisprudence; by John Norton Pomeroy, LL. D. 2d edition; by Carter P. Pomeroy and John Norton Pomeroy, Jr. 3 v. San Francisco, Bancroft-Whitney Co., 1892.

Same. 3d edition; by John Norton Pomeroy, Jr. 4 v. 3525 p. San Francisco, Bancroft-Whitney Co., 1905.

Same. Students' edition. 1 v. San Francisco, Bancroft-Whitney Co., 1907.

Code remedies; by John Norton Pomeroy, LL. D. 3d edition; by John Norton Pomeroy, Jr. 1 v. Boston, Little, Brown & Co., 1894.

A treatise on the specific performance of contracts; by John Norton Pomeroy, LL. D. 2d edition; by John Norton Pomeroy, [Jr.]. 599 p. N. Y., Banks & Brothers, 1897.

The codes and statutes of California; with notes by Carter P. Pomeroy. [3 v.] San Francisco, Bancroft-Whitney Co., 1901. (Edited in chief part by J. N. P., Jr.)

Articles

Citations of law books [a communication relative to the 50 most frequently cited]. (In American law review, Mar.—Apr., 1903. v. 37, p. 310-313.) (Anon. Signed "X. Y. Z.")

Cancellation of instruments. (In Cyclopedia of law and procedure. 1903. v. 6, p. 282-345.)

The Californian point of view towards the Japanese question. (In Evening Post, New York, Mar.——, 1907.)

(Pomeroy was editor-in-chief of the Columbia law times, New York, in 1889-1890. The article on Specific performance, in one of the forthcoming volumes of the Cyclopedia of law and procedure, is to be from his pen; and he has written a sketch of his father and a sketch of Justice Stephen J. Field, for future volumes of W. Draper Lewis's Great American lawyers, in course of publication by the John C. Winston Co., of Philadelphia.)

JOHN ROGERS, (JR.), M. D.:

Books

A manual of operative surgery; by Lewis A. Stimson and John Rogers, Jr. 3d edition. 610 p. Philadelphia, Lea Bros. & Co., 1895.

Articles

A case of intermittent nephrydrosis. (In New York medical journal, Dec. 31, 1892. v. 56, p. 742-743.)

Hare lip and cleft palate. (In Keating's Encyclopedia of children's diseases. Philadelphia, W. B. Saunders, 1896 [?].)

Postdiphtheritic stenosis of the larynx (retained intubation instruments and retained tracheal canulæ). (In Annals of surgery, May, 1900. v. 31, p. 547-571.)

Experiences with tracheotomy. (In Medical record, Apr. 27, 1901. v. 59, p. 641-645.)

A chemical hypothesis for the etiology of cancer. (In Annals of surgery, Aug., 1903. v. 38, p. 280-291.)

Gastro-enterostomy without a "loop." (In Medical news, Apr. 2, 1904. v. 84, p. 641-645.)

On the present status of the operation of gastro-enterostomy [with bibliography]. (In Annals of surgery, Apr., 1904. v. 39, p. 512-526.)

Tetanus treated by intraneural injection of antitoxin. (In Medical record, May 21, 1904. v. 65, p. 813-815.)

Acute tetanus cured by intraneural injections of antitoxin. (In Medical record, July 2, 1904. v. 66, p. 12-13.)

The treatment of tetanus by intraneural and intraspinal injections of antitoxin. (In Journal of the American Medical Association, July 1, 1905. v. 45, p. 12-18.)

The treatment of chronic obstruction in the larynx and trachea. (In American journal of the medical sciences, Nov., 1905. New series, v. 130, p. 793-818, il.)

Same, abridged, with introduction by D. Bryson Delavan, M. D., and with title, The treatment of chronic laryngeal and tracheal stenosis. (In Transactions of the American Laryngological Association, 1905. v. 27, p. 79-100, il.)

The treatment of gonorrheal rheumatism by an antigonococcus serum. (In Journal of the American Medical Association, Jan. 27, 1906. v. 46, p. 263-266.)

Same (?), in French. Rhumatisme blennorragique et sérum antigonococcique. (In Gazette des hôpitaux de Lyon, ——, 1906. v. 7, p. 56- .)

The treatment of exophthalmic goiter by a specific serum. (In Journal of the American Medical Association, Feb. 17, 1906. v. 46, p. 487-492.)

Hypertrophic stenosis of the pylorus; operation; recovery; by Rogers and John Howland. (In Archives of pediatrics, Mar., 1906. v. 23, p. 190-193.)

The anatomy of the parathyroid glands; by Rogers and Jeremiah S. Ferguson. (In American journal of the medical sciences, May, 1906. New series, v. 131, p. 811-816.)

The treatment of thyroidism by a specific serum. (In Journal of the American Medical Association, Sept. 1, 1906. v. 47, p. 655-660.)

The treatment of thyroidism by a specific serum. (In Transactions of the Association of American Physicians, 1906. v. 21, p. 513-547.)

The operations for neoplasms of the tongue. (In Annals of surgery. Apr., 1907. v. 45, p. 553-572, il.)

The treatment of gonorrheal infections by a specific antiserum; by Rogers and John C. Torrey. (In Journal of the American Medical Association, Sept. 14, 1907. v. 49, p. 918-924.)

The treatment of chronic stenosis of the larynx and trachea. (In American journal of the medical sciences, Apr., 1908. New series, v. 135, p. 575-584.)

Use of thyroid serum in the treatment of exophthalmic goitre. (In Annals of surgery, May, 1908. v. 47, p. 789-794.)

The treatment of thyroidism by a specific cytotoxic serum; by Rogers and S. P. Beebe. (In Archives of internal medicine, ——, 1908. v. 2, p. 297-329.)

(A number of cases presented by Rogers at meetings of the New York Surgical Society in 1903 and later years are reported in condensed form in Annals of surgery, v. 37, 39, 40, 41, 43 and 49.)

Rev. Edward Tallmadge Root:

"The profit of the many"; the Biblical doctrine and ethics of wealth. 321 p. Chicago, Revell, 1899.

The Bishop of Amida [a poem]. (In Outlook, Apr. 7, 1900. v. 64, p. 807.)

Rizpah [a poem]. (In Independent, Jan. 28, 1904. v. 56, p. 200.)

An abandoned farm [a poem]. (In Independent, Nov. 8, 1906. v. 61, p. 1098.)

(If a full list of Root's writings could be made, it would include a dozen or more other poems, published in the Congregationalist and elsewhere; two short stories, called Barbara and The redemption of Paradise Pond, recently republished in book form by the Remington Press, Providence, R. I.; numerous articles in religious papers on religious and sociological topics, especially on Church federation; and pamphlets or leaflets in connection with the work of the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Federations of Churches.)

GRANT ISAAC ROSENZWEIG:

(Rosenzweig has contributed articles to Kansas City, Mo., papers, on the subjects of Corporations, Partnership, Life insurance, Protest, and Big gold seal. The time of publication was in 1897 or earlier.)

WILLIAM ALBERT SETCHELL:

Books, Etc.

A catalogue of wild plants growing in Norwich and vicinity, arranged in the order of flowering; by Setchell and George R. Case. 12 p. Norwich, Conn., 1883.

Monthly check list of plants; addenda for 1883. 8 p. Norwich, Conn., 1884.

Phycotheca Boreali Americana; a collection of dried specimens of the algæ of North America; by F. S. Collins, Isaac Holden and Setchell. fasc. 1-29, nos. 1-1450. Malden, Mass., 1895-1907.

Laboratory practice for beginners in botany. 199 p. N. Y., Macmillan, 1897.

Editor of—

University of California publications in botany. v. 1-date. Berkeley, University Press, 1902-date.

Articles

Concerning the structure and development of Tuomeya fluviatilis, Harv. (In Proceedings of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. 1890. v. 25, p. 53-68, 1 pl.)

Preliminary notes on the species of doassansia. Cornu. (In Same. 1891. v. 26, p. 13-19.)

Concerning the life-history of Saccorhiza dermatodea, (De la Pyl.) J. Ag. (In Same. 1891. v. 26, p. 177-217, 2 pl.)

Report concerning the Botanical Department. (In Marine Biological Laboratory [at Woods Holl, Mass.], 5th annual report, for 1892. p. 43-44.)

An examination of the species of the genus doassansia, Cornu. (In Annals of botany, ——, 1892. v. 6, p. 1-48, 2 pl.)

Notes on ustilagineæ. (In Botanical gazette, May, 1894. v. 19, p. 185-190, 1 pl.)

The Baltimore meeting of the American Society of Naturalists. (In Science, Jan. 11, 1895. New series, v. 1, p. 34-42.)

[Annual report of the Secretary, 1895.] (v. 1, pt. 12, of Records of the American Society of Naturalists. p. 313-343.)

On the classification and geographical distribution of the laminariaceæ. (In Transactions of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences. 1895. v. 9, p. 333-375.)

Daniel Cady Eaton, 1834-1895 [with bibliography]. (In Bulletin of the Torrey Botanical Club, Aug., 1895. v. 22, p. 341-351, 1 por.)

Notes on some cyanophyceae of New England. (In Bulletin of the Torrey Botanical Club, Oct., 1895. v. 22, p. 424-431.)

Sphæroplea annulina in California. (In Erythea, Feb., 1896. v. 4, p. 35.)

Some aqueous media for preserving algae for class material; by Setchell and W. J. V. Osterhout. (In Botanical gazette, Mar., 1896. v. 21, p. 140-145.)

Notes on kelps. (In Erythea, Mar., 1896. v. 4, p. 41-48, 1 pl.)

Oscillatoria trapezoidea, Tilden. (In Erythea, Apr., 1896. v. 4, p. 69-71.)

Notes on cyanophyceæ—1. (In Erythea. May, 1896. v. 4, p. 87-89.)

Tendril structures among the algæ. (In Erythea, June, 1896. v. 4, p. 98-99.)

Report [concerning] the Botanical Department. (In Marine Biological Laboratory [at Woods Holl, Mass.], 8th annual report, for 1895. p. 69-73.)

[Report concerning] the Botanical Garden [and Herbarium] of the University. (In Report of work of the Agricultural Experiment Stations of the University of California, for 1894-95. p. 312-316.)

Eisenia arborea, Aresch. (In Erythea, Sept. and Nov., 1896. v. 4, p. 129-133 and 155-162, 2 pl.)

The elk-kelp. (In Erythea, Dec., 1896. v. 4, p. 179-184, 1 pl.)

Notes on cyanophyceæ—2. (In Erythea, Dec., 1896. v. 4, p. 189-194.)

Sphæroplea annulina. (In Erythea, July, 1897. v. 5, p. 84.)

Laminaria sessilis Ag. in California. (In Erythea, Sept., 1897. v. 5, p. 98-99.)

Life in hot waters. (In University chronicle, Berkeley, Cal., Apr., 1898. v. 1, p. 110-119.)

Directions for collecting and preserving marine algæ. (In Erythea, Mar., 1899. v. 7, p. 24-34.)

Notes on cyanophyceæ—3. (In Erythea, May, 1899. v. 7, p. 45-55, 2 pl.)

A botanical trip to Alaska. (In University chronicle, Berkeley, Cal., Nov., 1899. v. 2, p. 321-332.)

Algæ of the Pribilof Islands. (In U. S. Treasury Department's Fur seals and fur-seal islands of the North Pacific Ocean. 1899. pt. 3, p. 589-596, 1 pl.)

Critical notes on the New England species of laminaria. (In Rhodora, June and July, 1900. v. 2, p. 115-119 and 142-149.)

Daniel Cady Eaton. (In Fern bulletin, Binghamton, N. Y., July, 1900. v. 8, p. 49-52, 1 por.)

Notes on algae—1. (In Zoe, ——, 1901. v. 5, p. 121-129.)

Algæ of Northwestern America; by Setchell and Nathaniel Lyon Gardner. Mar. 31, 1903. (In University of California publications in botany. v. 1, p. 165-418, 11 pl.)

The upper temperature limits of life. (In Science, June 12, 1903. New series, v. 17, p. 934-937.)

Parasitic florideae of California. (In Nuova notarisia, Modena, Italy, Apr., 1905. v. 16, p. 59-63.)

Limu [a Hawaiian word signifying seaweed]. Apr. 12, 1905. (In University of California publications in botany. v. 2, p. 91-113.)

Post-embryonal stages of the laminariaceae. Apr. 22, 1905. (In University of California publications in botany. v. 2, p. 115-138, 3 pl.)

Regeneration among kelps. July 25, 1905. (In University of California publications in botany. v. 2, p. 139-168, 3 pl.)

Gymnogongrus Torreyi, (Ag.) J. Ag. (In Rhodora, July, 1905. v. 7, p. 136-138.)

The Sierran puffball. (In Sierra Club bulletin, ——, 1906. v. 6, p. 39-42, 1 pl.)

A revision of the genus constantinea. (In Nuova notarisia, Modena, Italy, Oct., 1906. v. 17, p. 162-173.)

Some unreported Alaskan sphagna, with a summary of the cryptogamic work of the University of California botanical expedition to Alaska in 1899. Sept. 27, 1907. (In University of California publications in botany. v. 2, p. 309-315.)

Two new hypogæous secotiaceæ. (In Journal of mycology, ——, 1907. v. 13, p. 236-242, 1 pl.)

Nereocystis and pelagophycus. (In Botanical gazette, Feb., 1908. v. 45, p. 125-134.)

Notes on Lycoperdon sculptum Harkness. (In Bulletin of the Torrey Botanical Club, June, 1908. v. 35, p. 291-296, 1 pl.)

Some algae from Hudson Bay; by Setchell and F. S. Collins. (In Rhodora, June, 1908. v. 10, p. 114-116.)

Critical notes on laminariaceae. (In Nuova notarisia, Modena, Italy, ——, 1908. p. 90-101.)

(Setchell has also written other botanical articles, especially for the published volumes of learned societies, which the above list fails to include; and book reviews for the Nation, the American journal of science, Science and Erythea, which no attempt has been made to enumerate.)

JAMES ROCKWELL SHEFFIELD:

The Presidency and Senator Allison. (In Atlantic monthly, Apr., 1896. v. 77, p. 544-551.) (Anon. By F. E. Leupp and J. R. Sheffield.)

Report of the Fire Department of the city of New York, for the three months and year ending Dec. 31, 1895. 40 p. map, 1 tab. N. Y., Martin B. Brown, 1897.

Same, for the three months and year ending Dec. 31, 1896. 83 p. maps, tabs. N. Y., Martin B. Brown Co., 1897. (This and the preceding signed by Sheffield and colleagues.)

The New York fireman. (In Outlook, Mar. 5, 1898. v. 58, p. 579-584, il.)

(Sheffield has also written newspaper articles, and some pamphlets on the Use of fire boats for auxiliary water supply.)

WALTER BRADLEY SHEPPARD:

Fight against forest policy just selfish. (In Congressional record, Mar. 1, 1909. v. 43, p. 3528 of the daily edition). (Reprinted from the Denver Republican of Feb. 9, 1909.)

(From 1891 to 1898 Sheppard was editor of the Penn Yan, N. Y., Democrat. Later he was for five years editor of a paper in Fort Collins, Colo.)

EDWARD STAEHLIN, M. D.:

Spina bifida, with report of two cases. (In American medicine, Sept. 17, 1904. v. 8, p. 491-492.)

Two cases of locomotor ataxia in man and wife. (In Medical record, Nov. 5, 1904. v. 66, p. 738.)

Ectopic gestation. (In Journal of the Medical Society of New Jersey, Sept., 1905. v. 2, p. 71-77, followed by discussion.)

Clinical and operative reports of cases of biliary and pancreatic calculi; by Staehlin and William J. Roeber. (In New York medical journal, Oct. 28, 1905. v. 82, p. 904-909.)

Resection of ten feet, two inches, of small intestine, with recovery. (In Annals of surgery, Jan., 1907. v. 45, p. 49-50.)

WILLIAM PIRRIE TAYLOR:

(About twelve years ago Taylor was editor of the Alabama Endeavorer.)

WILLIAM LARNED THACHER:

(Thacher has written frequently for the Ojai Valley local paper on local affairs.)

FRANCIS BACON TROWBRIDGE:

Champion genealogy. 558 p. por. pl. map, facsim. New Haven, printed for the author, 1891.

Hoadley genealogy. 288 p. New Haven, printed for the author, 1894. (A portion of the edition was issued with eight plates, etc.; the balance with none.)

Ashley genealogy. 472 p. il. por. pl. New Haven, printed for the author, 1896.

Trowbridge genealogy. 848 p. por. pl. map, facsim. New Haven, printed for the compiler, 1908.

WILLIAM RUTHERFORD HAYES TROWBRIDGE (JR.):

Edith Dayton; a novel; by J. Gordon Bartlett [pseud.]. N. Y., Brentano's, 1886.

Gossip of the Caribbees; sketches of Anglo-West Indian life. 274 p. il. N. Y., Tait, Sons & Co. [1893].

Same. il. N. Y., Tait, Sons & Co. [1894]. (Illustrated library, no. 6.)

Same. London, Unwin, 1895.

The children of men. 292 p. London, Osgood, 1895.

For the vagabond hour. 296 p. London, Osgood, 1896.

The letters of her mother to Elizabeth. 158 p. London, Unwin, 1901. (Anon.)

Same. 255 p. Leipzig, Tauchnitz, 1901. (Collection of British authors, v. 3528.) (Anon.)

Same. N. Y., John Lane, 1903. (Anon.)

The grandmother's advice to Elizabeth. 158 p. London, Unwin, 1902. (Anon.)

A girl of the multitude; a story of the French Revolution. 314 p. London, Unwin, 1902.

Same. 286 p. Leipzig, Tauchnitz, 1902. (Collection of British authors, v. 3595.)

Same, with title, Eglé, a girl of the multitude. N. Y., A. Wessels Co., 1902.

O Duchess! a trivial narrative. 160 p. London, Everett & Co., 1902.

The situations of Lady Patricia; a satire for idle people. 206 p. London, Unwin, 1903.

Jézabel; un drame en un acte en prose. Paris, 1903.

An inarticulate genius; a novel. 328 p. London, Hurst & Blackett, 1904.

That little Marquis of Brandenburg; or, The boyhood of the great Frederick. 324 p. London, Hurst & Blackett, 1904.

Same. 286 p. Leipzig, Tauchnitz, 1902. (Collection of British authors, v. 3795.)

A dazzling reprobate. 372 p. London, Unwin, 1906.

Same. 287 p. Leipzig, Tauchnitz, 1906. (Collection of British authors, v. 3882.)

Court beauties of Old Whitehall; historiettes of the Restoration. 326 p. il. London, Unwin, 1906.

Same. 326 p. il. N. Y., Scribner, 1906.

Mirabeau the demigod; being the true and romantic story of his life and adventures. 416 p. il. por. London, Unwin, 1907.

Same. 416 p. il. por. N. Y., Scribner, 1908.

Seven splendid sinners. 356 p. por. London, Unwin, 1908.

Same. 356 p. por. N. Y., Brentano's, 1908.

Editor and translator of—

The sisters of Napoleon, Elisa, Pauline and Caroline Bonaparte, after the testimony of their contemporaries, by Joseph Turquan; translated and edited by W. R. H. Trowbridge. 320 p. il. por. N. Y., Scribner, 1909.

FREDERICK SEARLE WOODWARD:

(Woodward has written articles which have been published in the Proceedings of the Brooklyn Engineers' Club.)

GEORGE WOODWARD, M. D.:

Effects on the urine of inhalation of hypo-nitrous oxide. (In University medical magazine, Philadelphia, May, 1890.)

A case of transposition of viscera. (In Medical news, June 3, 1893. v. 62, p. 598.)

Chemistry of colostrum milk; a report of six cases. (In Journal of experimental medicine, Mar. 1897. v. 2, p. 217-232.)

House epidemic of enteric fever among children. (In Annals of gynæcology and pædiatry, ——, 1898 (?). v. 11, p. 554-556.)

House epidemic of enteric fever among children. (In Archives of pediatrics, ——, 1898. v. 15, p. 339-341.)

A clinical method for the estimation of breast-milk proteids. (In Philadelphia medical journal, May 21, 1898. v. 1, p. 956, il.)

Same, with additions. (In Contributions from William Pepper Laboratory of Clinical Medicine, University of Pennsylvania. 1900. p. 447-449. il.)

A triumph of the people; the story of the downfall of the political oligarchy in Philadelphia. (In Outlook, Dec. 2, 1905. v. 81, p. 811-815.)

NON-GRADUATES OF '87

PHILIP SHERIDAN BABCOCK:

Editor of—

Compilation of laws relating to trust companies of the United States; compiled by Benjamin J. Downer, supervised by Babcock. 516 p. N. Y., American Bankers' Assoc., 1909.

ALBERTUS HUTCHINSON BALDWIN:

The "mouse-fish" or "sargassum fish." (In St. Nicholas, Mar., 1907. v, 34, p. 456-457, il.)

Birds with wing-claws. (In St. Nicholas, Jan., 1908. v. 35, p. 268, il.)

THOMAS LIVINGSTON BAYNE (JR.):

(Bayne is editor of the Industrious hen, a monthly magazine published at Knoxville, Tenn., and devoted to poultry culture, etc.)

FRANCIS BERGSTROM:

(Bergstrom, at some time prior to 1898, compiled and published a directory of Yale graduates engaged in the practice of law.)

JAMES PHILIP BOOTH:

(Booth was editor of the Report, a newspaper of San Francisco, from 1888 to 1898.)

WILLIAM BARRETT BRINSMADE, M. D.:

Nitrous oxid as an anæsthetic for surgical work. (In Brooklyn medical journal, ——, 1898. v. 12, p. 427-434.)

Congenital dislocation of the humerus. (In Brooklyn medical journal, ——, 1898. v. 12, p. 458-460.)

Operating gloves. (In Brooklyn medical journal, ——, 1898. v. 12, p. 647.)

Non-malignant tumors of the breast. (In Brooklyn medical journal, ——, 1900. v. 14, p. 899-902.)

Primary tubercular myostitis. (In Transactions of the Medical Society of the State of New York, for 1904. [v. 98] p. 366.)

Madelung's deformity of the hands [abstract only]. (In Annals of surgery, May, 1908. v. 47, p. 794-795, 1 pl.)

Chyle cysts of the mesentery. (In Annals of surgery, Oct. 1908. v. 48, p. 565-574.)

JOHN CHRISTOPHER BURCH:

(Burch has written a number of articles appearing in daily papers, presumably in Nashville and Memphis, Tenn.)

CHARLES SCHMECK FOOS:

Evening high schools. (In Education, Sept., 1903. v. 24, p. 16-27.)

Evening schools. (In Journal of education, Jan. 14, 1904. v. 59, p. 21.)

Annual reports of Superintendent of Schools, 1902-1903 and 1903-1904. (In Annual report of the School Board, Reading, Pa., 1903-1904. p. 19-51, 2 pl.)

The aims of language. (In American education, Mar., 1905. v. 8, p. 407.)

Reading a medium for thought. (In American education, Apr., 1905. v. 8, p. 469.)

Spelling. (In American education, May, 1905. v. 8, p. 544.)

In Reading. (In Journal of education, Sept. 14, 1905. v. 62, p. 304-305.)

The keynote of manual training. (In American school board journal, Nov., 1905. v. 31, no. 5, p. 3.)

Home study. (In Journal of education, Nov. 30, 1905. v. 62, p. 609-610.)

What geography teaches. (In American education, Dec., 1905. v. 9, p. 212.)

The course of study. (In American education, Jan., 1906. v. 9. p. 269-273.)

Home study: without it progress must be slow. (In Pennsylvania school journal, Jan., 1906.)

Evening schools of Pennsylvania. (In Pennsylvania school journal. Apr., 1906.)

The present status of geography. (In American education, Apr., 1907. v. 10, p. 523-525.)

The function of the high school. (In Journal of education, Oct. 17. 1907. v. 66, p. 396-397.)

Annual reports of Superintendent of Schools, 1904-1905 and 1905-1906. (In Report of the Board of Education, Reading, Pa., 1906-1907. p. 44-62, 1 pl.)

Postal information and letter writing. (In American education, Mar., 1909. v. 12, p. 318-325.)

(Foos has contributed to educational periodicals other articles, of which the titles are not at hand.)

WILLIAM AUSTIN TOMES, M. D.:

Cystic goitre of right lobe in a woman 24 years of age. (In Brooklyn medical journal, Dec., 1904. v. 18, p. 448-449.)

WILLIAM DREW WASHBURN (JR.):

Minority report of the Committee on Investigation of Transportation Rates; by Washburn, P. A. Gandrud, W. A. Nolan; submitted to the Minnesota House of Representatives, Apr. 6, 1905. 28 p. [Minneapolis ? 1905.]

Railroad regulation. 16 p. [Minneapolis, 1906.]

Gettysburg; address, Stanley Hall, May 31, 1908. 14 p. [Minneapolis, 1908.]

(The above is known to be only a partial list of Washburn's pamphlets. He has also written quite extensively for newspapers.)

This bibliography is based on the bibliography prepared by R. H. Lewis for the Quindecennial Record, and the information furnished by members of the Class for the Vicennial Record; supplemented by personal research in the Library of Cornell University and the New York State Library. The compiler wishes to express here his thanks to the authorities of these two institutions for opportunities afforded and assistance rendered.

He is well aware that he has not succeeded in making a complete list of the published writings of his classmates since graduation; and he will be pleased to receive information about such writings as he has failed to include.

The arrangement of entries under each name is mainly chronological, tho in some cases books and articles are first grouped separately.—W. S. B.

BIOGRAPHICAL RECORD.

WILLIAM MAITLAND ABELL, Died Jan. 7, 1908.

He was born March 17, 1861, at Pepin, Wis., the son of Ira E. and Mary Ellen (Gurley) Abell. When he was two years old his parents removed to Wabasha, Minn., and two years later took up a quarter section of public land in Waseca County in the same State. Here Abell lived until he was fourteen, when the family moved to North Franklin, Conn. He attended the Willimantic High School, graduated there, and completed his preparation for Yale at the Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy.

Having spent the first year after graduation from college in the Yale Law School, and the second in the law office of Theron A. Read, in Middletown, N. Y., he was admitted to the bar at Brooklyn, N. Y., in December, 1889. For a time he conducted a general agency for a publishing house; but in the autumn of 1890, he opened a law office in Middletown, where he practiced until March, 1893. He then removed his residence to Passaic, N. J., and his business to New York City, becoming Vice-President and counsel of "The Associated Physicians and Surgeons," a corporation organized by him to conduct the legal and business side of the medical profession. In 1894 he removed his residence to Mount Vernon, N. Y., and in 1896 to New York City. He gave up the practice of his profession in 1898, but continued his studies. In February, 1905, he went to Chicago and was engaged in business there until his health failed. He died in St. Luke's Hospital in that city, January 7, 1908, after an operation for appendicitis. He is buried in Lakeview Cemetery, Bridgeport, Conn.

He had pursued post-graduate studies extensively and successfully, obtaining the degree of Master of Laws from New York University in 1894, and that of Master of Arts from Yale for work in philosophy in 1898. He was the author of an article on "The New Departure in American Diplomacy," published in Gunton's Magazine for December, 1902.

He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Lebanon, Conn. He was a Republican in politics, a Mason of the 32d degree and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine.

He was married in 1888 to Caroline A., daughter of Edwin A. and Mary F. (Saxton) Loomis, of Lebanon, Conn. She survives

him with two sons: Winthrop Saxton, born September 19, 1888, and Frederick Maitland, born December 10, 1891.

Winthrop Saxton Abell was the first son born to any member of the class, and to him accordingly was awarded the class cup, which was duly bestowed at Triennial, with presentation speech by Kent and response by Abell. He is now in his twenty-first year, and graduated from the Norwich Free Academy in June, 1908.

CHARLES ADAMS, New York City.

Was born at Terryville, Conn., May 7, 1864, the son of Joseph H. and Emeline A. (McKee) Adams. His boyhood was spent at Litchfield, Conn., and he prepared for college at the Hartford High School.

He has been a stock broker in New York since shortly after graduation, formerly as senior member of the firm of Adams, McNeill & Brigham, members of the New York Stock Exchange, but now alone.

He resides in Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y. In politics he is a Republican, and is a member of the Hamilton, Bernard, Dyker Meadow Golf and Nassau Country Clubs, of the New England Society, and Sons of the Revolution.

He was married October 21, 1890, to Alice, daughter of John T. Sherman, of Brooklyn, and a sister of Frederic D. Sherman, (Yale '95, S.). Mrs. Adams died September 21, 1901.

He was again married, November 7, 1907, in New York City, to Elizabeth Frances, daughter of Mrs. Edgar Park. They have one son:

Joseph Andrew, born September 26, 1908.

CHANDLER PARSONS ANDERSON, New York City.

He was born at ————————, Conn, September 5, 1866, the son of Henry H. and Sarah B. (Burrall) Anderson. His boyhood was spent in New York City, and he prepared for college at St. Paul's, Concord, N. H.

He was admitted to the New York bar in 1890, after studying in the Harvard Law School and in law offices in New York. Since that time he has been in practice in New York, and is now a member of the firm of Anderson & Anderson, his partner being his brother, Henry B. Anderson, '85.

In 1896 and 1897, was Secretary of the Bering Sea Claims Commission, appointed on the part of both Great Britain and the United States. In 1898-99, was joint Secretary of the United States and British Joint High Commission for the settlement of Canadian questions. In 1903, was associate counsel for the United States before the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal. These appointments took him to

Europe, British Columbia, Eastern Canada and Washington much of the time while they continued.

In November, 1905, was appointed by Secretary of State Root, Special Counsel for the Department of State on all questions with Great Britain involving Canadian and Newfoundland matters, and acted in that capacity throughout the Roosevelt administration, being engaged in the preparations and negotiations of five treaties concluded with Great Britain and in representing the United States in several arbitration proceedings for the settlement of pending questions. Such appointment was continued by Secretary of State Knox, in March, 1909. Was appointed by President Roosevelt in January, 1907, agent of the United States to represent that Government in the preparation and presentation of its case before the Permanent Court of Arbitration at the Hague, on the North American Fisheries Arbitration.

He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the University Club and the Down Town Association of New York and the Metropolitan Club of Washington.

He is the author of an article on "The Extent and Limitation of the Treaty-Making Power Under the Constitution," published in the American Journal of International Law for July, 1907.

He was married May 17, 1899, to Miss Harriett S. Ward, of Washington, D. C. They have one child:

Chandler Parsons, Jr., born February 24, 1900.

JAMES ARCHBALD, JR., Pottsville, Pa.

Was born at Scranton, Pa., February 19, 1866, the son of James and Maria H. (Albright) Archbald. His boyhood was spent in Scranton, and he prepared for college at Andover.

After three years with the Barber Asphalt Paving Company in Scranton and Wilkesbarre, Pa.; a short period spent in the study of law; two years as Manager of the Grassy Island Coal Company, of Peckville, Pa.; and six years as Manager of the Albright Coal Company, of Llewellyn, Pa., he became a partner in June, 1898, of his father-in-law, Heber S. Thompson, as civil and mining engineer at Pottsville, Pa. He is a director of the Miner's National Bank, of Pottsville, and director and Vice-President of the Royal Wholesale Grocery Company of Pottsville.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and is Treasurer and a director of the Pottsville Y. M. C. A. In National politics he is a Republican. In State and local affairs he is an Independent, and has taken an active part in several campaigns. He is a member of the Common Council of Pottsville, having been elected by the Council in September, 1907, to fill a vacancy. He was a captain in the National Guard of Pennsylvania from 1898 to 1901. In February, 1904, he was appointed aide-de-camp on the staff of the Gov-

ernor of Pennsylvania, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, and in 1907 was re-appointed. He is a member of the Pottsville Club, the Outdoor Club of Pottsville, of which he is President, the Graduates' Club of New Haven, and of the American Institute of Mining Engineers. His favorite sport is tennis.

He was married October 21, 1897, to Margaretta, daughter of Heber S. Thompson, (Yale '61), and a sister of Samuel C. Thompson, (Yale '91). They have four children, all born at Pottsville:

Margaretta Thompson, born April 29, 1899.
Sara Thompson, born September 13, 1900.
James, born August 2, 1905.
Wodrow, born October 18, 1907.

REV. ARTHUR JOHN ARN, Nekoosa, Wis.

Was born at Quindaro, Kans., January 12, 1863, the son of Ferdinand and Catherine (Bohrer) Arn. He subsequently lived in Wyandotte, Kans., now a part of Kansas City, and prepared for college at the Wyandotte Academy. He entered Oberlin in the Class of '86, but left and came to Yale, joining '87 in Sophomore year.

The two years after graduation he spent in travel in Europe, California and Mexico, and in the study of philology at the University of Heidelberg. He then entered the Yale Divinity School, graduating in 1892. His first pastorate was that of the Congregational Church, of New Lisbon, Wis., where he served from 1892 until 1904. He was then called to the Second Congregational Church of Eau Claire, Wis., where he remained until September, 1907, when, on account of the death of his brother, he was obliged to return to Kansas City to take charge of his father's affairs. He resumed his pastoral work early in 1909, becoming pastor of a church in Nekoosa, Wis.

He is originally a Democrat, but votes with whatever party seems to inspire the best hope of reform. He has often been active in public affairs. He was once a candidate for the mayoralty in New Lisbon, but was defeated by 37 votes in a poll of 1500. In 1905-06 he was Secretary of the Chippewa Valley League, a joint political organization of the cities of Eau Claire and Chippewa Falls, Wis., one of the objects of which is the success of the "no license" cause in its territory.

Arn has frequently written for the local press on matters of local interest. A series of articles by him on "Revivalism, Past and Present" appeared in the Eau Claire Leader in 1905. Tennis and thoroughbred poultry are among the things in which he is interested.

He was married June 29, 1899, to Anna Elizabeth Tarnutzer, of Madison, Wis., daughter of John P. and Anna Elizabeth Tarnutzer. They have two children:

Alden T., born at New Lisbon, Wis., September 24, 1901.

Ida Jeanette, born at Kansas City, Kans., January 22, 1909.

WILLOUGHBY MAYNARD BABCOCK, Minneapolis, Minn.

Was born at Homer, Cortland County, N. Y., October 28, 1864, the son of Willoughby and Elizabeth (Maynard) Babcock. His early life was spent in Brunswick, Germany, and in Geneva, Switzerland, where he attended the College de Geneve.

He was admitted to the bar on graduation "cum laude" from the Yale Law School in 1889, and has since been practicing law in Minneapolis.

In politics he is a Republican in National affairs, but in local and state affairs an independent Republican, having been actively interested in opposition to ring rule and graft rule in Minneapolis. He is a member of the Congregational Church and of the Minneapolis Bar Association. His favorite sport is basket ball.

He was married at New Haven, July 12, 1892, to Emily, daughter of Jeremiah J. and Frances C. Atwater, of New Haven. They have one child:

Willoughby Maynard, Jr., born at Minneapolis, July 27, 1893.

RODMOND VERNON BEACH, Died September 28, 1898.

(Biographical sketch in Quindecennial Report.)

REV. GERALD HAMILTON BEARD, Ph. D., Bridgeport, Conn.

Was born at Hammersmith, England, March 20, 1862, the son of Richard and Anne (Olding) Beard. He lived in Clapham Park, London, until nine years of age, when he removed to Chicago. Here he was in business for several years—junior member of the firm of Beard Brothers, booksellers and stationers. In 1883-4 he prepared himself for college, and entered as a Sophomore.

After three years in the Yale Divinity School, during which time he held the Hooker Fellowship, and won the John A. Porter University prize (in 1890), some months in Germany, and a two years' post-graduate course in philosophy at Yale, at the end of which he received the degree of Ph. D., he was called to the Congregational Church of South Norwalk, Conn., as its pastor. He remained there until the fall of 1900, when he became pastor of the College Street Congregational Church of Burlington, Vt. In 1904-1905 he spent six months at Yale, working chiefly in the chemical and biological laboratories at Sheff., for the bearing of this line of study on ethical and theological problems. Since April, 1905, he has been the minister of the Park Street Congregational Church, of Bridgeport, Conn.

Politically he is a Republican. He has been active in various reform movements, having been President of the Citizens' League, of South Norwalk, and a director of the Anti-Saloon League in Vermont, and now serving as chairman of the Law and Order Committee of the Bridgeport Pastors' Association. He is a director of the Bridgeport Free Kindergarten Association, and has been a director of the Religious Education Association. He is Moderator of the General Association (of Congregational Ministers) of Connecticut, and a member of the Fairfield Ministers' Association.

He belongs to the Mill Hill Golf Club, and also enjoys tennis, gardening, tramping and mountain climbing.

In 1904 he took one of the prizes offered by Miss Helen Gould for the best essays on "Protestant and Catholic Bibles." These essays have been issued in book form by the Scribners. Beard has also published occasional sermons, articles in newspapers, etc.

He was married July 27, 1892, at Minneapolis, to Mary, daughter of Charles W. and Louise Keyes. They have four children:

Louise Frederica, born at South Norwalk, September 22, 1893.
Katharine, born at South Norwalk, December 31, 1898.
Eleanor, born at Burlington, December 18, 1902.
Esther Keyes, born at Bridgeport, May 27, 1907.

JOHN BENNETTO, Died October 8, 1892.

(Biographical sketch in Sexennial Report.)

ELMER FOX BERKELE, M. D., Died August 20, 1892.

(Biographical Sketch in Sexennial Report.)

LEWIS SHERRILL BIGELOW, North Andover, Mass.

Was born at New Hartford, New York, June 29, 1863, the son of Horace Ransom and Cornelia (Sherrill) Bigelow. His boyhood was spent in St. Paul, Minn. Having prepared for college at Exeter, he entered Yale in the Class of 1885, but after two years left and spent one year in the University of Michigan. He returned to New Haven in the fall of 1885, joined '87 at the beginning of Junior year, and completed the course.

After graduating from the Yale Law School in 1889 and spending four years in the practice of law in St. Paul, he removed to New York, and until 1899 was engaged in journalistic work on various New York daily papers. For some years following he was occupied in work in comparative literature at Columbia University under Prof. George E. Woodberry. He now resides at North Andover, Mass., and is engaged in literary work.

In politics he is a Republican. He plays golf, and is a member of the University and Yale Clubs of New York, the Tavern Club of Boston, and the Country Club of Brookline, Mass.

He was married April 13, 1901, at Boston, Mass., to Mary Frances, daughter of William A. and Elizabeth Haven (Hall) Russell. They have one son:

Lewis Sherrill, Jr., born at New York, December 19, 1904.

Their first child, Betsy Anne, born at North Andover, August 4, 1902, died the same day.

LESLIE DAYTON BISSELL, Concord, N. H.

Was born at Dover, Vt., February 7, 1861, the son of Lucius Warren and Abbie Minerva (Howard) Bissell. His boyhood was spent at Saxton's River, Vt., and he prepared for college at the Vermont Academy.

The first six years after graduation from college he was instructor in mathematics at Siglar's Preparatory School, Newburgh, N. Y. From 1893 to 1898, he was at Yale, part of the time in graduate work in physics and mathematics; was John Sloane Fellow in physics for two years; assisted Professor A. W. Wright, and the last year was instructor in experimental physics. He received the degree of Ph. D. from Yale in 1896.

He spent one year (1898-99) in Germany, studying principally at Berlin University. From 1899 to 1904 he was instructor in physics and mathematics at the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn. Since then he has been a teacher of science at St. Paul's School, Concord. He has spent three summers abroad and three in Nova Scotia.

He is at present (1909) connected with the School for American Boys in Munich, where his address is Konrad Str. 4. This is understood to be a temporary connection.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church, and is independent in politics, but usually votes with the Republicans for President. He is a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the New England Chemistry Teachers' Association and the New England Physics Teachers' Association.

He has given considerable time to studies in art, and has also become interested in artistic photography, to which he has devoted much study. His favorite sports are golf and sailing.

He was married in the chapel of St. Paul's School, July 10,1905, to Jane Harriet White, of Boston, Mass., daughter of John Elijah and Harriet Jane (Coit) White, and niece of the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Coit, the first rector of the School.

EDWARD LYDSTON BLISS, M. D., Shaowu, China.

Was born at Newburyport, Mass., December 10, 1865, the son of Charles Henry and Emily Augusta (Lydston) Bliss. His boy-

hood was spent in Newburyport, and he prepared for college at the High School of that place.

After teaching in Granby, Mass., and in the Harvard School, Chicago, he entered the Yale Medical School and, taking the three years' course in two years, graduated in 1891 "cum laude." Following his graduation he was assistant in chemistry in the Yale Medical School. In the summer of 1892 he went to China as a medical missionary under the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions (Congregational), and since 1893 he has been located in Shaowu. He returned to this country in the spring of 1908 for a year's furlough.

He was married at Foochow, China, September 22, 1902, to Minnie May, daughter of Simon Borts. They have two children:

Ruth, born at Shaowu, November 20, 1904.

Elizabeth, born at Shaowu, February 2, 1908.

ALLAN BLAIR BONAR, M. D., Memphis, Tenn.

Was born in Montreal, Canada, August 20, 1863, the son of the Rev. James Blair and Elizabeth L. (Geer) Bonar. He subsequently lived at New Milford, Conn., and prepared for college at Andover.

After graduation from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1890 and practice in the Vanderbilt Clinic and Roosevelt Hospital, New York, he was in practice for two years in Tacoma, Wash., and for two years in Marquette, Mich. From 1895 until 1901 he was in New York City, where he was clinical assistant in neurology in the Vanderbilt Clinic, College of Physicians and Surgeons; for one year resident physician at the Incurable Hospital on Blackwell's Island, and from 1896 to 1901 in general practice. He was also for some time clinical assistant in the throat and nose department in the St. Bartholomew Clinic. He is the author of a number of articles on medical subjects published in the Medical News and the Journal of Mental and Nervous Diseases, and prepared the part devoted to neurology and nervous diseases in Butler's Medical Diagnosis. In 1898 he traveled very extensively abroad with a patient. In June, 1901, he became Medical Examiner and District Inspector for the Equitable Life Assurance Society, at Louisville, Ky. In May, 1907, he was transferred to a similar position at Memphis, Tenn.

He is interested in fishing, hunting, golf and photography, and spends his vacations in the woods of northern Michigan or Wisconsin. He is not affiliated with any political party.

He was married September 5, 1901, to Caroline A., daughter of Philip and Barbara Busick of New York City.

DWIGHT ELIOT BOWERS, Died April 19, 1907.

Dwight Eliot Bowers, son of Hon. Caleb Bailey and Fanny Maria (Cutler) Bowers, was born at Claremont, N. H., March 18th, 1866, but the following year the family moved to New Haven where he lived throughout his life and was closely identified with the varied interests of the city until his death. He was prepared for Yale at Hopkins Grammar School. He maintained a good stand throughout his college course and received the Berkeley Prize for Latin Composition. In the summer of 1886 he made a voyage to the West Indies with his classmate, W. R. H. Trowbridge, in a bark owned by the latter's family, and the summer following graduation, traveled in Europe with W. R. H. Trowbridge and Elford P. Trowbridge. Later in life he enjoyed opportunities for further travel, both in his own country and abroad.

He entered the office of his father, who had a large and well established insurance business, and in April, 1889, they formed the firm of C. B. Bowers & Son, which continued until he was appointed secretary of the New Haven Board of Fire Underwriters on March 3, 1893. He resigned from this office in the fall of 1900. He decided to study law and entered the Yale Law School in the fall of 1891. He was graduated in 1893, was admitted to the Connecticut Bar in the same year and since then had practiced his profession.

He was well known politically in New Haven. In 1890 he was Democratic candidate for Councilman from the first ward and in 1896 was candidate for Town Auditor of New Haven on the Gold Democratic ticket. By the appointment of the governor in 1899 he became a member of the Connecticut Commission of Public Records, and he prepared a considerable part of its first report, having made careful personal investigation of the records in many towns. He continued to serve until the termination of the Commission in 1903.

He joined the Connecticut National Guard as a private in the New Haven Grays, Co. F, Second Regiment, in 1891, and during sixteen years of service was many times promoted, resigning shortly before his decease from the office of paymaster of the Second Regiment, with the rank of captain, much to the regret of all his comrades. He was a member of the Veteran Grays, the Officers' Association of the Second Regiment, the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, the New Haven Historical Society, and the New England Historic and Genealogical Society. He was also a member of the Graduate and Quinnipiack clubs of New Haven.

For many years he had taken special interest in matters of local history and as early as the year of the graduation, showed this bent of his mind by becoming librarian and curator of the New Haven Colony Historical Society and continuing in this position for

four years. In recognition of his services the Society made him a life member in 1893, and previous to 1901 he held for several years the office of treasurer of the Society. As director and as a member of the library committee he devoted his time most generously to the Society, giving especial attention to the increase and arrangement of its library. In commemoration of this interest his family have made a gift of $2,000 to the Society to be known as the Dwight E. Bowers Memorial Fund, the income to be used "for publishing early Connecticut Town and Church Votes and Records and for the purchase of books published in or relating to Connecticut, including genealogies of families connected with Connecticut history."

He contributed to the 6th Volume of Papers of the New Haven Colony Historical Society, and for many years had been collecting material for writing a history of the Bowers family. His first paternal ancestor emigrated from England to Scitaute in 1637. He settled first in Plymouth, removing to Cambridge in 1639. Several of his descendants served in the Colonial and Revolutionary wars. It is the intention of his family to have this material put in shape and published at some future date.

Bowers died very suddenly, being ill only six hours, at his home in New Haven, April 9th, 1907, at the age of forty-one years. He was unmarried. His mother, a sister, and two brothers, Dr. W. C. Bowers, Yale '74, and Edward A. Bowers, Yale '79, Lecturer in the Yale Forest School, survive him.

Bowers was of such a quiet retiring nature that only those who knew him well could appreciate his strong force of character and his clear, wise judgment, which he was ever ready to exercise with patience on behalf of others, especially for those who were less endowed with such qualities or had received fewer advantages. His dry humor was keen and inimitable. To the following inscription on the simple old style, slate-stone which marks his resting place among his kin in a little country grave yard: "A devoted son and brother and an antiquarian interested in preserving the history and traditions of Connecticut" may be truly added "and ever a loyal friend."

(Prepared at the request of the Secretary, by Francis B. Trowbridge.)

ARTHUR WOLFE BRADY, Anderson, Ind.

Was born at Muncie, Ind., January 13, 1865, the son of Thomas J. and Emeline (Wolfe) Brady. His boyhood was spent in Muncie, in Washington, D. C., and in New Preston, Conn. He prepared for college in a private school at the latter place.

After graduation from the Law Department of the University of Michigan in 1889, and a short period of study in a law office at Fort Wayne, he was admitted to the bar. He practiced at Muncie

until October, 1902, and at Indianapolis the following year. He then removed to Anderson, where he continues the practice of law and is also interested in the street and interurban railroad business, being President and General Counsel of the Indiana Union Traction Company and a director or other officer of other companies.

He is a Democrat, and served one term as Mayor of Muncie. He is a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. He is a member of the Indianapolis, Indiana, and American Bar Associations, several commercial clubs, the Country Clubs of Indianapolis and Anderson, and the University Club of Indianapolis. His favorite sports are shooting and fishing, and he takes an interest in print collecting.

His address before the Indiana Bar Association in 1905 on "Some Phases of Historical Jurisprudence" has been printed in pamphlet form.

He was married June 28, 1893, to Jane, daughter of L. M. and Beulah Ninde. She died November 17, 1893. He was again married, December 18, 1901, to Caroline Henderson, daughter of James and Caroline J. F. McCulloch, of Muncie. They have two children:

George Wolfe, born at Indianapolis, August 22, 1903.

Arthur Adam, born at Anderson, February 23, 1906.

WILLIAM SINCLAIR BRIGHAM, Died May 23, 1906.

He was born at Savannah, Ga., May 1, 1864, the oldest of several sons who followed each other to Yale. He prepared at St. Paul's School, Concord, and was for a time in the Class of '86.

After graduation he returned to the city of his birth where he was engaged in the grain business for a time, but the greater city lured him to the North and before Triennial he had a seat in the New York Stock Exchange. This brought him into a line of business which he continued to follow for the remainder of his life.

For several years he was associated in business with Adams '87, in the firm of Adams, McNeill & Brigham; but more recently was in business alone.

In college and for a few years thereafter he was a central figure in every '87 gathering, but later when his family engrossed his interest, '87 missed him from many of its reunions. He lived in New Jersey after his marriage, April 26, 1894, to Heda Forster Schultz, daughter of Carl H. and Louise Schultz. He died May 23, 1906, leaving a widow and one daughter:

Gertrude Louise, born January 29, 1895.

WILSON BROOKS, Chicago, Ill.

Was born at Derby, Conn., April 7, 1866. His father was the Rev. William Eustis Brooks, D. D., a graduate of the Yale Divinity School in the Class of 1865; and his mother's maiden name was Angie

Richardson Wilson. His boyhood was spent in Austin, Texas, and he prepared himself for college.

Since graduation he has been in Chicago. Up to 1894 he was engaged in various occupations, including the publication of a railroad guide and the Secretaryship of a pavement company. In the fall of 1890 he was elected a member of the Illinois Legislature as a Republican, running twelve hundred votes ahead of his ticket. In 1894 he became Secretary of the Tecumseh Mutual Life Association, which position he held until 1901. In September, 1900, he was elected Great Chief of Records of the Great Council of the United States of the Improved Order of Red Men, a position which he still holds, having been three times unanimously re-elected. It occupies his entire time and requires him to travel very widely throughout the United States. He resides at Morgan Park, Ill.

He attends the Presbyterian Church. In politics a Republican, he was active in various campaigns up to the time of his election to his present position, but since that time has not taken part in politics. He is interested in base ball and foot ball, and says that his hobby is "barred rock chickens."

He was married June 21, 1894, to Mary Townsend, daughter of Jonathan A. and Emily C. (Townsend) Baker, of Austin, Texas. They have one child:

Frederick Wiley, born at Chicago, March 8, 1905.

CARLETON LEWIS BROWNSON, Ph. D., New York City.

Was born at New Canaan, Conn., January 19, 1866, the son of Dr. William G. and Caroline L. (Barstow) Brownson. His boyhood was spent in New Canaan, and he prepared for college at the Wilton (Conn.) Academy.

From '87 to '90 he was at Yale as a graduate student, two years as Douglas Fellow, and the last year as tutor in Latin and Greek. The two years following he was in Europe studying at the American School at Athens, having been appointed to the Soldiers' Memorial Fellowship. The two summers during his residence abroad, he studied at Berlin and Munich. From the fall of 1892 until 1897 he was tutor in Greek at Yale, since which time he has been at the College of the City of New York as instructor, assistant professor, and now as professor of Greek and Dean of the Faculty. In 1897 he received the degree of Ph. D. from Yale in classical philology and literature.

He has published a revision of Smith's Smaller History of Greece (Harper's, 1897), "The Hellenica of Xenophon, Selections" (American Book Co., 1908), and articles in the American Journal of Archaeology, and the Transactions of the American Philological Association.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics a Republican. He belongs to the Yale Club of New York, the Archaeological Institute of America and the American Philological Association. His favorite sport is canoeing.

He was married December 28, 1892, to Emma Josephine, daughter of Whipple N. and Lucinda A. Potter, of Boston. Their only child, Katherine, born February 11, 1895, lived but a short time.

EDWARD LATHROP BURKE, Genoa, Nebraska.

Was born at Waverly, Iowa, December 14, 1864, the son of John E. and Emily F. (Trowbridge) Burke. His boyhood was spent in Chicago, and he prepared for college at Fessenden's Private School, Chicago.

Since a few months after graduation he has been at Genoa, Nebr., in the cattle and grain business. He is in partnership with Kent, '87, under the firm name of Kent & Burke.

He is a Congregationalist. As to politics, he states that he is a Republican "as long as they behave." He has visited Alaska, British Columbia, Mexico and England. He is interested in foot ball and rowing, and is a member of the Union League Club of Chicago.

He was married June 23, 1898, to Mary D. Stearns, of San Rafael, Cal., daughter of Martin and Maria Stearns, and a cousin of Kent, '87. They have two children:

Emily T., born April 24, 1899.

Edward L., Jr., born June 12, 1902.

WILLIAM SAVAGE BURNS, Bath, N. Y.

Was born at Litchfield, Ill., January 18, 1866, the son of William Stewart and Sophie L. (Savage) Burns. His boyhood was spent in Bath, N. Y., and he prepared for college at the Haverling High School in that place.

After teaching school in Bath, and in Granville, Ohio, he entered the New York State Library School at Albany, graduating in 1891 with the degree of Bachelor of Library Science. He was for a time Librarian of the State Normal School at Ypsilanti, Mich., and was then for three years in the State Library at Albany. From 1895 to 1907 he was a cataloger and indexer in the office of the Superintendent of Documents at Washington. He then resigned and returned to Bath.

He attends the Presbyterian Church, and politically is an Independent with Republican leanings. He is a member of the American Library Association and the District of Columbia Library Association, and was Treasurer of the latter in 1904 and 1905. He has contributed two short articles to the Library Journal. He says that his hobby is giving recitations.

ERNEST LEROY CALDWELL, Chicago, Ill.

Was born at Windsor, Conn., July 12, 1858, the son of Woodruff and Abigail (Brown) Caldwell, and resided there until after his college course was completed. He prepared for college at the Hartford High School, and entered Harvard in the Class of '86, but changed to Yale, joining '87 at the beginning of its course.

After two years in the Yale Theological Seminary he taught in New York until 1891, when he became instructor in mathematics in the Academy of the University of Chicago at Morgan Park, Ill. He filled this position until 1905, when the University transferred him to similar duties in its School of Education, known as the University High School.

He attends the University Church (Baptist), and in politics is a Republican. He enjoys his vacations with his wife and boy in the wilds of northern Wisconsin.

He was married March 22, 1894, to Mary Freeman, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Galusha and Mary E. Anderson, of Newton Center, Mass. They have one child:

Stuart Hill, born October 1, 1896.

MIDDLETON ARNOLD CALDWELL, New York City.

Was born at Newburyport, Mass., April 4, 1863, the son of John and Ellen (Pickering) Caldwell. His boyhood was spent in Newburyport, and he prepared for college at Noble's Classical School, Boston.

After graduating from the Columbia Law School in 1889, he practiced law in Boston until January, 1891. Since then he has lived in New York City, until 1905 being an attorney for the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, and from that time engaged in general law practice.

He is an Episcopalian, an Independent in politics and a member of the Yale Club.

VICTOR BUSH CALDWELL, Omaha, Nebr.

Was born in Omaha, February 14, 1864, the son of S. S. and Henrietta M. Caldwell, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at Andover.

He has been connected ever since graduation with the United States National Bank of Omaha, of which he is now one of the Vice-Presidents. He is also President of J. W. Hugus & Co., of Colorado and Wyoming.

He is the representative of the Yale Alumni Associations of Iowa and Nebraska upon the Advisory Board of Yale Alumni formed by the Corporation of Yale University.

He is an Episcopalian, and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the Omaha Club, the Country Club and the Racquet Club, and was President of the first-named in 1907 and 1908. His favorite outdoor sports are hunting, tennis and golf; and he is interested in the cultivation of shrubs and flowers. In 1908 he spent four months abroad, visiting Africa, Italy, Sicily, etc., and he takes a trip to California annually.

He was married October 10, 1888, to Nellie Rees, daughter of John W. Hugus, of Pasadena, Cal. They have four children, all born in Omaha:

John Hugus, born August 7, 1889.
Victor Bush, Jr., born August 14, 1892.
Jabin Bush, born March 13, 1895.
David Rees, born February 12, 1900.

The oldest of these four boys is a member of Yale 1911, so that Caldwell divides with Pettee the honor of being first in '87 to send a son to our alma mater.

SCHUYLER CASEMATE CARLTON, New York City.

Was born at Fort Schuyler, New York Harbor, September 21, 1865. His father was Brigadier-General C. H. Carlton, U. S. A., and his mother's maiden name was Sarah Pollock. He prepared for college at St. Paul's, Concord, N. H. He became a member of the Class of '87 in Sophomore year.

Since graduating from the Columbia Law School in 1889, he has been practicing law in New York. He is now alone, with office at 146 Broadway. He resides at Rye, N. Y.

He is an Episcopalian, and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the University Club of New York and the Apawamis Club of Rye.

He was married June 10, 1908, to Miss Florence Couse, daughter of Henry Jay Couse and Mary Culver Couse, of Jersey City, N. J.

WALTER BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, New York City.

Was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., September 15, 1866, the son of William P. and Caroline E. (Boughton) Chambers. His boyhood was spent in the city of his birth, and he prepared for college at the Brooklyn Polytechnic.

He spent the first four years after graduation studying architecture in Europe. Since 1891 he has been an architect in the City of New York.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church. He is a member of the American Institute of Architects, and has been Secretary of the New York Chapter. He is also a member of the Society of Beaux-Arts Architects, and has served as Secretary and as Chair-

man of the Committee on Education. He enjoys riding and tennis, and belongs to the Century Club, the Yale Club and the Richmond County Country Club.

He was married June 9, 1897, to Ethel, daughter of Peter Notman of Brooklyn, who died July 19, 1898, leaving him one son:

Robert Notman, born July 17, 1898.

He was married a second time, at Dresden, Germany, April 23, 1901, to Elizabeth M., daughter of Robert W. and Elizabeth G. Ferguson, of New York City. They have one child:

Walter Ferguson, born at New York, January 21, 1902.

FREDERICK STARKWEATHER CHASE, Waterbury, Conn.

Was born in Waterbury, July 2, 1862, the son of Augustus Sabin and Martha (Starkweather) Chase, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at Andover.

After graduation he was for many years connected with the Waterbury Manufacturing Company, of which he finally became Secretary. He is now Treasurer of the Chase Rolling Mill.

He belongs to the Episcopal Church and is a member of the Waterbury Club, the Waterbury Country Club and the Mattatuck Rod and Gun Club. He has visited Europe and Egypt.

He was married February 17, 1890, to Elsie, daughter of Rev. Edmund Rowland, D. D., of Waterbury. They have six children:

Ethel Rowland, born February 5, 1892.
Helen Starkweather, born November 11, 1894.
Augustus Sabin, born March 16, 1897.
Edmund Rowland, born July 8, 1898.
Fredrika, born September 27, 1903.
Justine Whittemore, born July 25, 1906.

FRANCIS CAMERON CLARKE, New York City.

Was born in New York City, February 7, 1866, the son of Charles Cameron and Sarah Ruth (McCutchin) Clarke. His boyhood was spent in Ossining, N. Y., and he prepared for college at the Columbia Grammar School in New York City.

After a short period in the offices of the New York Central Road at New York he engaged in editorial work. In 1897 he re-entered the offices of the New York Central Railroad Co. He is a director of the Southern States Pine Products Company, of Savannah, Ga. He resides at Ossining, N. Y.

He is an Episcopalian and in politics a Republican. He belongs to the Yale Club of New York.

He was married January 7, 1901, to Frances Liffring, daughter of Henry Murney and Louise Gregory Smyth, of St. Paul, Minn. They have three children:

Charles Cameron, 3d, born at New York, November 1, 1902.

Romeyn, born at New York, December 9, 1903.

Janet Cameron, born at Ossining, November 27, 1906.

SANFORD ELLSWORTH COBB, New York City.

Was born at Tarrytown, N. Y., February 11, 1866. His father is the Rev. Henry Nitchie Cobb, D. D., (Yale '55), and his mother's maiden name was Matilda Van Zandt. His boyhood was spent in Millbrook and Tarrytown, N. Y., and he prepared for college at Andover.

Since graduation he has been with the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, 51 Wall Street, New York, and is now Second Vice-President of the Company. He resides at East Orange, N. J.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and a Trustee of the Central Presbyterian Church of Orange, N. J. In National and State politics is a Republican. Locally he is independent, and has engaged in local movements in East Orange in behalf of good government and reform. In 1902 he was a candidate for member of the City Council, on the Citizens' Union (non-partisan) ticket, but was defeated. He is a member of the Yale Club of New York and the New England Society of Orange; a Fellow of the American Geographical Society and a Manager of the Life Saving Benevolent Association of New York. Has been President of the Yale Alumni Association of Essex County, N. J.

While not taking any special course he has devoted considerable time to the study of American history. He finds his outdoor recreation in fishing, hunting and golf, and has been President of the East Orange Golf Club.

He was married September 6, 1905, at Los Angeles, Cal., to Margaret Brown, daughter of Dr. Archibald Lyle and Grace Helen (Peffers) Macleish. They have two children:

Sanford, born at East Orange, N. J., October 23, 1906.

Henry Van Zandt, born at East Orange, N. J., February 22, 1909.

FRANCIS COCHRANE, New York City.

Was born at Coxsackie, N. Y., January 13, 1863, the son of Francis and Barbara (Van Schaick) Cochrane. His boyhood was spent at Coxsackie, N. Y., and he prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied law while teaching at the Hudson Academy at Hudson, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in 1889.

He taught school at Cheshire, Conn., and in New York City, and did considerable private tutoring in New York for a number of years. He has been since 1898 practicing law at 10 Wall Street.

He is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed Church.

He was married October 30, 1902, at Hudson, N. Y., to Frances Rice, daughter of James C. and Cornelia M. Rogerson. Mrs. Cochrane is a graduate of Smith College, '91. They have two children:

Cornelia Rogerson, born at Hudson, August 6, 1903.

Frances Barbara, born at Hudson, August 7, 1906.

ALFRED COIT, New London, Conn.

Was born at New London, November 4, 1863, and has always resided there. His father, Alfred Coit (Yale '56), was a Judge of Probate, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and a Commissioner of the Alabama Claims. His mother's maiden name was Ellen Hobron. He prepared for college at the Bulkeley High School in New London.

Since graduation from the Yale Law School "cum laude" in 1889, he has been practicing law in New London. After an unsuccessful run for the office of Judge of Probate in 1890, he was elected to that office two years later. He has been re-elected every two years since, and in 1902 and 1906 was on both Republican and Democratic tickets. For almost twenty years he has been Republican Registrar of Voters, and during that time has been constantly active in political campaigns, both local and general.

He is a trustee and director of and attorney for the Savings Bank of New London and the Union Bank of New London; Secretary of the New England Carpet Lining Company; and a trustee of the New London Hospital, the Manwaring Children's Hospital, the Young Men's Christian Association, trustee and secretary of the Manual Training and Industrial School of New London, and secretary and treasurer of Bradley Street (the city) Mission. He is a member of the Congregational Church and in connection therewith is a member of the Finance Committee of the American Missionary Association and the Executive Committee of the Congregational Home Missionary Society, two of the National Missionary Societies of the Congregational denomination, member of the New England Commission of Congregational Churches and Chairman of the Connecticut State Missionary Committee.

He belongs to the Bar Association of his State and city, and to the Thames and John Winthrop Clubs. He is especially interested in music and track athletics.

He was married June 4, 1890, to Gertrude, daughter of David O. Barker, of New Haven. They have one child:

Gertrude, born May 2, 1891, who enters Smith College in the Fall of 1909.

IRA CLIFTON COPLEY, Aurora, Ill.

Was born at Altona, Illinois, October 24, 1864, the son of Ira Birdsell and Ellen May (Whiting) Copley. Moved to Aurora in 1867 and spent his boyhood there.

He was in Chicago the first two years after graduation, studying law and teaching. Since 1889 he has been in Aurora, serving as an officer of various gas and electric companies. He is now President of the Western United Gas and Electric Company.

Politically he is a Republican, and was a member of the State Central Committee and Chairman of the Finance Sub-committee in 1894 and 1898. He was at one time President of the State League of Republican Clubs of Illinois. He belongs to several fraternal orders and is interested in foot ball and rowing.

He was married March 3, 1892, at Los Angeles, Cal., to Edith, daughter of William W. and Mary Nelson Strohn. Their only child, born June 22, 1893, lived but a short time.

WILLIAM AARON CORNISH, Cortland, N. Y.

Was born at Gillette, Morris County, N. J., November 2, 1862, the son of Robert N. and Phoebe Selina (Harrison) Cornish. His boyhood was spent in the place of his birth, and he prepared for college at Andover.

He has been a teacher since graduation, one year at Scranton, Pa., two at Millington, N. J., then three more at Scranton, and since 1893, instructor in mathematics at the State Normal School at Cortland, N. Y.

He is a member of the Baptist Church, and in politics an Independent Republican. He belongs to the American Mathematical Society, the New York State Teachers' Association and other teachers' associations, and the Royal Arcanum.

He was married at Dorchester, Mass., December 29, 1892, to Catherine W. Baker of that place. They have five children:

Cornelia Baker, born December 29, 1894.

William Baker, born March 23, 1896.

Edward Harrison and Louise Buell, twins, born April 27, 1898.

Catherine Selina, born September 9th, 1908.

ROBERT NELSON CORWIN, Ph. D., New Haven, Conn.

Was born at Baiting Hollow, L. I., October 6, 1864, the son of Josiah Frank and Jane Amanda (Norton) Corwin. His boyhood was spent in Baiting Hollow, and he prepared for college at the Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy.

He spent some months after graduation studying in Germany; then taught two years in the William Penn Charter School of Philadelphia. In 1890-92 he was abroad studying at Berlin and Heidelberg. The degree of Ph. D. was conferred upon him by the latter institution upon completion of his thesis in 1893. He returned to Yale as instructor in German in Sheff. in the fall of 1892, and became successively assistant professor (1897) and professor (1899), which latter position he still occupies. As a member of the Governing Board of the Scientific School, he is closely identified with the discipline of this department. The present college year (1908-9) he is spending abroad on leave of absence.

He is a member of the Congregational Church. His publications include his Ph. D. thesis in German, and Exercises to accompany Whitney's German Grammar (Holt, 1898).

He was married October 6, 1888, at Philadelphia, to Margaret Wardell, daughter of Leonard Woolsey and Susan (Bacon) Bacon. Mrs. Corwin is of the well known Yale family, which includes her father (1850), her grandfather (Leonard Bacon, 1820), seven uncles, and five brothers in classes from '79 to '89. They have had five children, of whom three are living:

Margaret Trumbull, born at Philadelphia, November 29, 1889.

Wallace Graham, born at New Haven, March 27, 1896.

Leonard Bacon, born at New Haven, July 2, 1905.

A son, Robert Nelson, Jr., born March 14, 1895, died September 5, 1897. Another son, John Bacon, born January 31, 1900, died January 26, 1903.

His daughter is a Freshman at Bryn Mawr.

WILLIAM HUTCHINSON COWLES, Spokane, Wash.

Was born at Evanston, Ill., August 14, 1866. He prepared for college at the Harvard School, Chicago.

After graduating from the Yale Law School in 1889, he was admitted to the bar, but has never practiced, having been engaged in newspaper work up to the present time. He is, and for a number of years has been, publisher of the Morning Spokesman-Review, of Spokane, Wash. Through his paper he has constantly supported the causes of good government and reform.

He was married February 12, 1896, to Harriet B., daughter of Knight D. and Ednah D. Cheney, of South Manchester, Conn. They have three children:

Harriet, born at New York, December 3, 1898.

William Hutchinson, Jr., born at Sands Point, L. I., July 23, 1902.

Cheney, born at Spokane. Wash., September 7, 1908.

ALEXANDER BROWN COXE, Paoli, Pa.

Was born in Philadelphia, September 9, 1865, the son of Henry Brinton and Isabel (Brown) Coxe. His boyhood was spent in New York City, and he prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

He was with Coxe Brothers & Company, at Drifton, Pa., until 1894, with the exception of two periods of study at Sheff. and the University of Pennsylvania. Since 1894 he has resided at Paoli, where he is now engaged in farming. He maintains an office at No. 1103 Girard Building, Philadelphia.

He was married June 4, 1891, to Sara Frederica, daughter of J. Brinton White, of Drifton, Pa., and a sister of William White, Jr., (Yale '90). Mrs. Coxe's great-grandfather was the first Episcopal Bishop of America and was chaplain to the Continental Congress.

JOHN CULLINAN, JR., Bridgeport, Conn.

Was born at Springfield, Mass., September 17, 1864. His boyhood was spent in Bridgeport, and he prepared for college at the Bridgeport High School.

He spent two years in newspaper work in Bridgeport and St. Louis. He was then two years in the Columbia Law School and was admitted to the bar in 1891, since which time he has been practicing law in Bridgeport with his brother, T. M. Cullinan, '89.

He is a Roman Catholic and in politics a Democrat, and has been active to a greater or less degree in all political campaigns for the last fifteen years or more. He is a member of the Board of Education of the City of Bridgeport.

He was married June 8, 1904, at Naugatuck, Conn., to Catherine, daughter of John and Mary Kennedy. They have two children:

Mary, born at Bridgeport, March 25, 1905.

Helen, born at Bridgeport, July 25, 1907.

JOSEPH THOMAS CUNNINGHAM, New York City.

Was born at Norwich, Conn., January 11, 1866. He prepared for college at the Norwich Free Academy.

He studied law in the office of Judge Shields in Norwich, was admitted to the bar in 1889, and practiced in that city until recently. He is now located in the metropolis, engaged in some financial pursuits which frequently take him to London.

In politics he is a Democrat. He served one term as City Auditor of Norwich. He is unmarried.

JOHN HUBBARD CURTIS, Died January 13, 1898.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

THOMAS HAMLIN CURTIS, Portland, Oregon.

Was born at Hallowell, Me., May 9, 1866, the son of Thomas W. T. and Virginia (Hubbard) Curtis. His boyhood was spent in New Haven, where he prepared for college at the Hillhouse High School.

Since graduation he has been in the Northwest, with the exception of a year at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and one winter in New Haven. He is a civil engineer by profession, and was for a number of years Chief Engineer of the Astoria and Columbia River Railroad and of the Corvallis and Eastern Railroad. Of the former road he was also Treasurer and later Vice-President, but in the spring of 1906 he resigned to engage in the private practice of his profession and in the real estate business at Astoria, Oregon. In the summer of 1907 he removed to Portland, where he continues the same lines of work.

He belongs to the Republican party, "because its policies are, in general, positive rather than negative, and progressive without being anarchistic." He is a member of the Yale Club of New York, the American Geographical Society and the National Geographic Society. His favorite outdoor sport is fly-fishing.

He was married June 4, 1907, at New Haven, to Clarine, daughter of Burton G. and Sarah Jane (Buckingham) Warner.

A daughter, Virginia Hubbard Curtis, was born at Portland, Oregon, September 16, 1908.

HENRY ALEXANDER DANN, Buffalo, N. Y.

Was born at Toledo, Ohio, December 16, 1864, the son of Henry A. and Mary (Hall) Dann. His boyhood was spent in Susquehanna, Pa., and he prepared for college at Selwyn Hall, Reading, Pa.

He was admitted to the bar in 1890 after studying in a law office in Buffalo. Since that time he has been practicing in that city, most of the time alone, but now as a member of the firm of Cadwell, Barker & Dann. He was also for several years editor and proprietor of the "Enterprise," a weekly paper published at Lancaster, Erie County, N. Y, the village where he resides; but in January, 1908, he gave this up.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church and of the Masonic fraternity, and in politics is a Democrat. He has been District Committeeman for several years, has been a delegate to a number of political conventions, and has taken part in local movements in behalf of good government. In the fall of 1908 he was nominated for School Commissioner of the 1st District of Erie County, comprising eight townships, and was elected, receiving 3602 votes to 3472 for his Republican opponent.

He was married March 31, 1902, to A. Eliza, daughter of O. W. Hamilton, of Olean, N. Y. She died in March, 1905, leaving him two children:

Helen Alexander, born at Lancaster, November 13, 1903.

John Porteous, born at Lancaster, who died in August, 1905, at the age of six months.

He was again married, April 2, 1908, at Wilkesbarre, Pa., to Helen, daughter of the Rev. Benjamin H. and Sara E. (Farnham) Abbott, of Carbondale, Pa. She is a niece of Dr. Josiah Abbott (Yale '35), and a cousin of John D. Farnham (Yale '90).

JOHN CASPAR DIEHL, Erie, Pa.

Was born in Erie, January 12, 1865, the son of Frederick and Barbara C. (Doll) Diehl, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at the Erie High School, and entered Oberlin in the Class of '87, joining Yale '87 at the beginning of Sophomore year.

Since graduation he has been teaching in the Erie High School, of which he has been principal since 1890. He has recently taken a course of Latin reading under the direction of Prof. Tracy Peck, for which he has received the degree of M. A. from Yale.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics a Republican. He is a Free Mason and a Shriner, and has passed through the chairs of the blue lodge and the chapter. He is a member of the Shriners' Club, Erie. He is especially interested in vocal music, being director of a church choir and of the Temple Quartet.

He was married December 21, 1893, to Annie Belle, daughter of Samuel H. and Ellen B. Ingham, of Erie. They have three children:

Frederick Brereton, born January 12, 1895.

Annabel Ingham, born March 21, 1900.

Samuel Ingham, born August 20, 1906.

WILLARD ROBINSON DOUGLASS, Kansas City, Mo.

Was born in Leavenworth, Kan., December 22, 1865, the son of John Coffey and Ellen Rebecca (Robinson) Douglass. His father was a graduate of Yale '53. Douglass spent his boyhood in Leavenworth, and prepared for college at the High School there and at Andover.

Since graduating from the Yale Law School in 1889 he has been in practice in Kansas City.

In politics he is a Republican and is a member of the University and Country Clubs of Kansas City.

He was married at Kansas City, June 5, 1905, to Floyd, daughter of William Medill and Fannie (Lathrop) Smith. She is a graduate

of Wellesley and a grand-daughter of John Hiram Lathrop (Yale, 1819), and a sister of Lathrop Smith (Yale, 1904). They have one son:

Lathrop Smith, born at Kansas City, September 5, 1907. This young man can claim a Yale ancestor in every generation back to his great-great-great-great-grandfather in the Class of 1720.

CLARENCE CLARK FERRIS, New York City.

Was born at Greenwich, Conn., February 15, 1864, the son of Samuel Holmes and Mary (Clark) Ferris. His boyhood was spent at Sound Beach (then called Old Greenwich) Conn., and he prepared for college at the Hudson River Institute, Claverack, N. Y.

He taught school in Colchester and Manchester, Conn., for two years after graduation. After two years in Columbia Law School, he was admitted to the bar in New York City in June, 1891. He immediately began the practice of the law and continued his legal studies at Columbia in the then newly adopted three year course, and in political science, and received the degree of LL. B. in 1892.

He is President and Treasurer of the Spuyten Duyvil Real Estate Company. Politically he is a Democrat and is a member of the National Democratic Club of New York. He was a candidate for the Assembly in 1896, but was defeated. He is a member of the Bar Association, the National Arts Club and the Congregational Club, all of New York City. He has traveled in Europe and visited Northern Africa.

He was married January 14, 1897, to Katherine, daughter of Matthew and Katherine Dudek, of New York. Mrs. Ferris died October 17, 1905. April 16, 1908, he married Bertha, daughter of Edward V. and Cora M. Odell, of New Rochelle, N. Y.

He resides at Spuyten Duyvil, New York City.

HARRY BURR FERRIS, M. D., New Haven, Conn.

Brother of the above, was born at Greenwich, Conn., May 21, 1865. His boyhood was spent at Sound Beach, Conn., and he prepared for college at the Stamford (Conn.) High School.

After graduating "cum laude" from the Yale Medical School in 1890, he was for a time house physician and surgeon in the New Haven Hospital. Since 1891 he has been connected with the Yale Medical School as instructor in anatomy, assistant professor and since 1896 as professor of anatomy. He is a member of the American Zoological Society, the New Haven and Connecticut Medical Societies, the Connecticut Academy and the American Association for Advancement of Science. Of the New Haven Medical Society he has been Vice-President. He has made special study of anatomy, histology and embryology. He is the author of several articles in

the Yale Medical Journal, some short book reviews, and an article in Buck's "Reference Handbook of the Medical Sciences."

He attends the United Church (Congregational). He belongs to neither political party, but votes for the best men. He belongs to the Graduates' Club and the Lawn Club, and his favorite outdoor sport is hunting.

He was married June 23, 1892, to Helen Whiting, daughter of Gilbert Hopkins and Mary Ferris, of Baltimore, Md. They have two children:

Helen Millington, born April 23, 1893.
Henry Whiting, born May 2, 1899.

FREDERIC WILSON FRANCIS.

Was born at Newington, Conn., October 16, 1863. He prepared for college at the Hartford High School.

Nothing has been heard from him for more than fifteen years.

BERNARD FRANCIS GAFFNEY, New Britain, Conn.

Was born at New Britain, June 23, 1861, the son of Charles and Ann (Mulligan) Gaffney, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at the New Britain High School.

He was admitted to the bar in 1889, having studied in a law office in New Britain, and since his admission has been practicing law in that city. He was Assistant City Attorney in 1890-92, and later held the positions of City Attorney and Town Attorney. He was a member of two commissions to consolidate the town and city governments of New Britain; has been for many years a member of the Consolidated School Committee, and is a member of the City Board of Finance. He was elected Judge of Probate of the District of Berlin in 1904 as a Democrat, running far ahead of his ticket; and in 1906 was re-elected, receiving both the Democratic and Republican nominations. He served for a long time on the Democratic Town Committee.

He is a member of the Roman Catholic Church and of various social or professional organizations.

He was married June 28, 1894, to Alice L. daughter of John Sherlock, of Hartford, Conn. They have had five children, four of whom are now living:

B. Donald, born at New Britain, April 6, 1897.
Cyril F., born at New Britain, October 18, 1900.
Leo, born at New Britain, April 14, 1903.
Alice, born at New Britain, June 17, 1904.

ROBERT ALEXANDER GARDINER, New York City.

Was born at New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., October 16, 1863. His father was David Lyon Gardiner (Princton, '36). Gardiner prepared for college with a private tutor. At the time of entering he resided in New Haven.

He was for a time in the Columbia Law School, but for the past fifteen years has spent much of his time abroad. When in this country his headquarters have been the Union Club, New York City.

No word has been received from him for a number of years except the tidings of his marriage. He was married in London, February 22, 1909, at St. Margaret's, Westminster, to Norah Loftus, step-daughter of Lindsay Coates. The bridal couple expected to return to New York in April.

ANDREW FRINK GATES, Hartford, Conn.

Was born at Lebanon, Conn., October 22, 1862. He prepared for college at the Natchang High School.

He graduated from the Yale Law School in 1889, since which time he has been in practice in Hartford. He has been very active in Republican politics and has held various public offices, including Assistant Clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1889, Clerk of the House in 1891 and 1893, and Clerk of the Senate in 1895. He was a member of the Board of Education of the City of Hartford from 1892 to 1895, and from 1895 to 1898 was Superintendent of Schools of the City of Hartford. From 1901 to 1905 he was Tax Commissioner of the State. In 1905 he was made Chairman of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners for a term of four years. From 1902 to 1904 he was Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. He is a member of the Hartford Club and Republican Club of Hartford.

He was married November 9, 1893, to Alice Louise, daughter of Dr. John H. and Elizabeth (Bell) Welch, of Hartford. They have two children:

Elizabeth Welch, born November 11, 1895.

Margaret Welch, born August 28, 1900.

JOHN MINOR GILLESPIE, M. D., Died February 20, 1908.

On February 12, 1866, at Natchez, Mississippi, a son was born to James Metcalf and Frances Denny Gillespie. This son, destined to do them honor, was christened John Minor Gillespie. He was the youngest of three children (the two older dying at an early age), and soon showed signs of an intellect that proved its superiority during his short but useful and honorable career. John's father was a "high-stand" graduate of the illustrious class of Yale '53, and

to this well trained mind and the refining influence of his noble gracious mother, John owed much of his early scholastic training in preparation for St. Paul's School at Concord, N. H., where under that beloved and able scholar, Dr. Coit, he prepared for Yale during the four years preceding his entrance to the famous Class of Yale '87, in which he was a conspicuous and most beloved member.

To know John was to love him. Generous to a fault, he never allowed a needy request to go unsatisfied. Modest to a degree, his right hand never had knowledge of the doings of his left. Affectionate and charitable, no unkind word or selfish act ever marred the warm regard with which his fellows esteemed him. His keen intellect and scintillating wit made his companionship a veritable inspiration to the best attainments of mentality. Like many endowed with great mental capacity, he was small of stature and thus the affectionate appellation of "Little John" by which his intimates of '87 knew him, seemed particularly appropriate. How well do we recall the genuine smile, the sparkling eye, the hearty hand shake with which "Little John" always welcomed his friends, and how fond he was of the little social gatherings with them.

Graduating with honor in the Class of Yale '87, having been manager of his Freshman nine and a member of Sophomore, Junior and Senior Societies, he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, in the fall of that year, from which institution he graduated with the degree of M. D., in 1890. His father being owner of large cotton plantations, on which much of John's early life had been spent, and having no one else to succeed him in the management of his vast rural and commercial interests in the south, promptly upon graduation from medical course, John decided to assist him in preparation for continuing his work at such time as the elder Gillespie should lay down the burden. Thus it transpired that Dr. John Gillespie came to be known not only as one of the ablest physicians of the south, but one of the most skillful cotton planters in Mississippi and Louisiana, as well, so that the Gillespie "Long Staple Cotton" became a brand of peerless quality not only at New Orleans but also in the great world markets wherever cotton is generally used. Little Dr. John, with his Napoleonic stature and executive ability; with his kindly disposition and superb medical skill, thus became an influence in the states of Mississippi and Louisiana which is already sadly missed,—and many a disease-stricken negro and white man as well, will long for the healing and comforting power of the hand and voice now stilled forever. He had surrounded himself with a most carefully selected library of more than six thousand volumes and there were few subjects, either political or social that he could not discuss in masterful fashion.

During the past few years Dr. Gillespie had been a member of the firm of Gillespie and Young, Ltd., doing a cotton brokerage business at 818 Union St., New Orleans, La., having formed this partnership with George Young,—our George of '87, a most beloved member—and these two congenial spirits conducted there a prosperous business up to the date of John's death, which took place suddenly at his home plantation, "Winter Quarters," near Newellton, La., February 20th, 1908. His funeral was held at the home of his cousin, Miss Sessions, Natchez, Miss., on the birthday of our Great Washington, with interment at Mt. Carmel Cemetery near Natchez, where the rest of his family lie amid the luxuriant magnolias, and the fragrant jasmine.

Those of us who enjoyed the privilege of a visit to that hospitable southern home well know the affection and genuine good cheer that made the welcome to the weary traveler so precious; and the memory of John Minor Gillespie, Yale '87, must always be to each and every one of us a milestone in life's journey, at the foot of which we can truthfully say: "Heaven gives us friends, to bless the present scene: Resumes them to prepare us for the next."

(Prepared at the request of the Secretary by Albert R. Pritchard.)

CLARENCE GLISAN, M. D., Died August 22, 1893.

(Biographical Sketch in Sexennial Report.)

EDWARD WINCHESTER GOODENOUGH, M. D., Waterbury, Ct.

Was born at New Haven, June 12, 1865, the son of the Rev. Arthur and Hannah (Brett) Goodenough. His father was a graduate of Yale '62, and Goodenough was the "class boy." His boyhood was spent in Ellsworth, Roxbury and Winchester, Conn., and he prepared for college in a private school at Windsor Locks.

He graduated from the Yale Medical School in 1893, after being assistant principal of Waterbury High School one year and in other employment for a time. He was assistant surgeon at the hospital of the State Soldiers' Home at Quincy, Ill., for one year, and then started in the general practice of medicine at Waterbury, where he still is. He has recently taken some post-graduate work in medicine and surgery in New York, and now has a children's clinic in the New Haven Dispensary.

He is a member of the Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican, and has served on committees of the Republican Clubs of his ward and city. He has been a Commissioner of Education of Waterbury, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Y. M. C. A, and President of the Connecticut Good Citizenship League. He is a member of the Masonic Order, the I. O. O. F.,

the K. of P., and several other fraternal societies. He belongs to the Waterbury, Connecticut and American Medical Associations, and was Secretary of the first-named. He is a member of the Waterbury Club and a golf player. He has written a few medical articles that have been published.

He was married June 1, 1897, to Edith S., daughter of Leroy S. and Sarah (De Lancey) White. They have one child:

Robert De Lancey, born August 30, 1900.

MADISON GRANT, New York City.

Was born in New York City, November 19, 1865, the son of Dr. G. and Caroline A. (Manice) Grant. He was educated in private schools in New York City and Germany, and joined '87 in Sophomore year.

He graduated from the Columbia Law School in 1890 and has since been practicing law in New York City. He is the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the New York Zoological Society, of which he was one of the founders. He is also director in various corporations. He has written a number of articles for publication, mainly zoological and bearing upon game laws and game protection.

In national politics he is a Republican and in local politics in New York City has been active in behalf of local reform and good government. He is a member of the Union, University, Tuxedo and Ends of the Earth Clubs, and Secretary of the Boone and Crockett Club. He belongs to the New York City Bar Association, Down Town Association, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Loyal Legion, the American Museum of Natural History, the New York Geographical Society and the League of American Sportsmen. He is a hunter and explorer, and his travels have been extensive.

ROBERT BEERS GRAY, New York City.

Was born at Monroe, Conn., October 7, 1861. He prepared for college at the Academy in Birmingham, Conn., in which place he then resided.

After three years in business in New York he entered the New York Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1892, since which time he has been practicing law at 206 Broadway, New York, with residence in Jersey City, N. J.

He was married June 14, 1888, to Alice, daughter of Luther S. Bowman, of Jersey City. They have one child:

Robert Bowman, born November 26, 1893.

GEORGE HENRY GUERNSEY, M. D., Kingsburgh, Cal.

Was born at Westport, Conn., April 6, 1862. He prepared for college at the Staples Academy, Easton, Conn. He entered Yale in the Class of '86, and only his Senior year was spent with '87.

He taught school in Easton and other Connecticut towns until 1894, when he entered the Medical Department of the University of Georgia at Augusta, graduating there in 1899. He practiced medicine in Hendrick, Ga., for some time, and about 1902 entered on a post-graduate course in medicine in New York. He has not been heard from directly since then, but is said to be located in Kingsburgh, Fresno County, Cal.

He was married August 8, 1888, to Ella Edwards, of Easton, Conn. They have two children.

Mabel, born July 20, 1889.

John Edwards, born September 28, 1891.

WILLIAM JESSUP HAND, Scranton, Pa.

Was born in Scranton, July 26, 1866, and has always resided there. His father was Alfred Hand (Yale '57), at one time a Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and his mother's maiden name was Anna Jessup. He prepared for college at the School of Lackawanna, Scranton.

After his admission to the bar in 1890, he was for a long time associated with his father in the practice of law, but is now practicing alone. He is or has been President or Director of numerous corporations.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and has since graduation been actively identified with the work of the Y. M. C. A., of Scranton as President or Director. In politics he is a Republican and has interested himself in municipal reform movements in his city. He has served as a member of the Common Council, and has also been a member of the Board of Control of the Scranton School District. He belongs to the Country Club of Scranton, and maintains an active interest in golf.

He was married June 12, 1893, to Caroline Bailey, daughter of Thomas M. and Lucy C. Smith, of Scranton. They have one child:

Alfred, born March 18, 1898.

HENRY EARL HARD, Died September 26, 1908.

While a graduate of '87, so much of Hard's college course was with the Class of '86, that his interest was rather with that class than with '87, and his short time with us gave him only a limited acquaintance among '87 men.

He was born in Ottawa, Ill., January 18, 1862; came to college from the Norwich Free Academy, Norwich, Conn., and immediately upon graduation began teaching, an occupation in which he continued until his death. Until 1890 he taught in St. Paul's School, Garden City, L. I. The two following years he taught in the Browning School, New York, and then for six years in the Boys' High

School in Brooklyn. He then held successively, the principalship of three public schools in Brooklyn. At his death he was principal of Public School, No. 109, Sutter Avenue, Brooklyn.

Aside from his work as a teacher, his greatest interest was in music, and he was choirmaster of several different churches during his residence in Brooklyn.

He was unmarried.

*CLINTON LARUE HARE, Indianapolis, Ind.

Was born at Noblesville, Ind., November 7, 1864, the son of Marcus L. and Julia A. (Haines) Hare. His boyhood was spent in Indianapolis, and he prepared for college at the High School of that city.

Having studied law in an office in Indianapolis and having been admitted to the bar in 1890, he practiced law in that city until 1900, when he became Vice-President of J. C. Perry & Co., wholesale grocers. He was for eight years cashier in the County Clerk's Office at Indianapolis.

He is a Republican and has taken an active part in politics in his county.

He was married October 14, 1891, to Marea Fletcher, daughter of J. B. and Myla F. Ritzinger, of Indianapolis. They have six children:

Helen, born February 5, 1894.
John Maurice, born February 2, 1897.
Clinton L., Jr., born July 19, 1898.
Robert R., born October 15, 1899.
Myla, born March 3, 1903.
Laura, born January 9, 1906.

REV. FREDERIC WELLS HART, Denver, Colorado.

Was born at Plainville, Conn., July 12, 1866, the son of Edward S. and Jane E. (Webster) Hart. His boyhood was spent at Plainville, and he prepared for college at the Hartford High School.

He has been in Colorado since 1888, and has been pastor of Baptist churches at Fountain, Colorado City and La Junta, and assistant pastor at Colorado Springs. Since early in 1901 he has not had any regular occupation, being in ill health. He is now located at Denver.

He generally votes with the Prohibition party. While at La Junta he was a member of the County Board of Charities, an organization of Otero County.

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*Since the above was in type and as the book goes to press, word comes that Hare died at Indianapolis, June 4, 1909. More extended obituary is necessarily reserved until a later publication.—G. E. H.

He was married June 14, 1893, at Canon City, Colo., to Carrie E., daughter of George O. and Maria C. Baldwin. They have three children:

Helen Wells, born at Canon City, May 3, 1894.

Edward Baldwin, born at La Junta, May 2, 1895.

Howard Webster, born at Canon City, September 18, 1900.

HORACE SEDGWICK HART, M. D., Cambridge, N. Y.

Was born in New Haven, August 31, 1865, the son of Franklin H. and Adaline (Jackson) Hart. His boyhood was spent in New Haven, and he prepared for college with a private tutor.

Up to December, 1896, he was successively a student in biology in Sheff., a student in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, from which he graduated in 1893, an interne in Bellevue Hospital, New York, 1894-95. Since 1896 he has been a general practitioner of medicine at Cambridge, Washington County, N. Y.

He is a Congregationalist, and in politics a Republican.

He was married at Tarrytown, N. Y., to Mrs. Amy Hayden, February 22, 1896. They have two children:

Gertrude Richards, born at Cambridge, February 4, 1897.

Franklin Jackson, born at Cambridge, October 2, 1898.

CLIFFORD WAYNE HARTRIDGE, New York City.

Was born at Savannah, Ga., June 1, 1866, the son of Alfred Lamar and Julia Smythe (Wayne) Hartridge. His boyhood was spent in Savannah.

Since his graduation from the Columbia Law School in 1889 he has been practicing law in the metropolis.

He is an Episcopalian, and in politics is a Democrat and a member of Tammany Hall. He has been politically active in City, State and National campaigns, both on the stump and otherwise, though not of late years. He has been referee in a large number of cases, and has also been a Commissioner to open streets and condemn property for schools, fire engine houses, etc.

He is a member of the Yale, Manhattan, New York, New York Yacht, D. K. E., Democratic, Chatsworth and Nameoki Clubs, the Bar Association, the Southern Society and the Sons of the American Revolution. He has traveled quite extensively throughout the United States and Europe.

He was married December 17, 1895, to Jessie, daughter of Judge Leslie W. and Harriette Lawrence Russell, then of Canton, N. Y. They have three children:

Harriet Russell, born in New York City, December 20, 1897.

Emelyn Battersby, born in New York City, April 7, 1900.

Jessie Russell, born in New York City, ————————, 1903.

GEORGE GRISWOLD HAVEN, JR., New York City.

Was born in New York City, June 14, 1866, the son of George Griswold and Emma (Martin) Haven. He prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

He is, and for a number of years has been, a member of the firm of Strong, Sturgis & Company, bankers and brokers, 30 Broad Street, New York.

In politics he is a Republican, and is a member of the Knickerbocker, Union, University, Metropolitan and Down Town Clubs of New York. In the summer he resides at Ridgefield, Conn.

He was married September 4, 1889, to Elizabeth Shaw, daughter of Ex-Governor Charles R. Ingersoll, of New Haven. They have three children:

Leila, born October 10, 1890.
George Griswold, 3rd, born March 21, 1893.
Alice, born July 13, 1895.

FORBES HAWKES, M. D., New York City.

Was born in New York City, August 25, 1865, the son of W. W. and Eliza (Forbes) Hawkes. His boyhood was spent partly in New York, partly abroad and partly in New Haven, where he prepared for college at the Hillhouse High School.

Since January, 1895, he has been practicing surgery at No. 42 East 26th Street, New York, having graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1891, studied in Europe in 1892, and received practical experience on the house staff of the Presbyterian Hospital for two years. He is or has been associate attending surgeon at the Presbyterian Hospital, attending surgeon at the Trinity Hospital, adjunct professor of clinical surgery at the New York Post Graduate Hospital, consulting surgeon at the Nassau Hospital, Mineola, L. I., and a member and officer of a number of medical and surgical societies.

He is the author of a considerable number of articles on surgical subjects which have been printed in various medical journals and in the reports of the Presbyterian Hospital.

He is a Republican in politics and a member of the University Club. His favorite sport is yachting.

He was married April 25, 1905, at Louisville, Ky., to Alice Silliman, daughter of W. R. Belknap (Yale, 1869, S) She is a granddaughter of the younger Professor Benjamin Silliman (Yale 1837) and a sister of W. B. Belknap, (Yale, 1908).

FREDERICK TREVOR HILL, New York City.

Was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 5, 1865, the son of Edward and Mary (Johnson) Hill. He removed to New York in 1878, but his preparation for college was at the Brooklyn Polytechnic.

Having graduated from Columbia Law School and studied in the office of Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, he was admitted to the bar in 1889, and was for a time managing clerk for Colonel Ingersoll. For the past sixteen years he has been in general law practice; a part of the time as a partner in the firm of Wood & Hill, but now alone.

He has written a volume of short stories, "The Case and Exceptions;" three novels, "The Minority," "The Web," and "The Accomplice;" a law book, "The Care of Estates;" a biography, "Lincoln the Lawyer," which first appeared serially in the Century Magazine; and two historical works, "Decisive Battles of the Law" and "The Story of a Street," both of which were first published in Harper's Magazine. He wrote a series of articles for the New York Times in 1909, called "Lincoln's Legacy of Inspiration to Americans," which was made the basis of a competition for school children in New York, Philadelphia and other cities in honor of the Lincoln Centennial. He also edited, in collaboration with S. P. Griffin, "Miniatures from Balzac's Masterpieces," and has contributed numerous articles and short stories to many of the leading magazines. He is continually engaged in historical research, principally touching United States history, for literary purposes. He received the honorary degree of M. A. from Yale in 1907.

Politically he is an Independent with Republican leanings. He was active in support of the candidacy of District Attorney Jerome in 1905, and of the independent nominees for judges in 1906. He belongs to the Episcopal Church. He is a member of the Board of Trustees of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor; was one of the incorporators of the New York County Lawyers' Association; is one of the Council of the Authors' Club, and is associated with various committees connected with civic affairs. He is a member of the New York Bar Association, The New York County Lawyers' Association, The Down Town Association, the Century Association and the Lincoln, Fellowship, Ardsley, Authors' and Graduates Clubs.

He has traveled pretty well all over the United States, as well as abroad. He is interested in tennis, golf and many other sports.

He was married October 22, 1895, to Mabel, daughter of Cornelius D. Wood, of Brooklyn and a sister of C. Delano Wood (Yale '97,S.). They have one child:

Edward Trevor, born in New York City, January 1, 1901.

GEORGE EDWIN HILL, Bridgeport, Conn.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., July 2, 1864, the third son of Charles E. and Susan F. (Wilbur) Hill. His father was an importer of teas in New York and subsequently retired, and in 1876 removed to Stamford, Conn. The Hill of '87 prepared for College at H. U. King's School for Boys, Stamford.

At graduation he returned to Stamford and for two years taught in the same school where he had prepared. He then entered the Yale Law School, graduated in the Class of '91 and began practice in Bridgeport. In 1893 he became a member of the firm of Perry, Perry & Hill, and later of the firm of Hall & Hill, which continued until the death of his partner, when the firm became Hill & Boardman; his present partner being William B. Boardman, Yale '93.

Since 1894 has been by appointment of the Judges of the Superior Court, County Health Officer for Fairfield County, a non-political office, in effect legal advisor of all health officials in the county. A Republican in politics, he has more or less actively participated in all campaigns since his admission to the bar. In 1903 he was the Republican candidate for Mayor of Bridgeport, but was defeated; in 1904 was Chairman of the Republican Town Committee, and is now serving his fourth year as President of the Board of Police Commissioners. By appointment of the Governor he is a member of the State Board of Accountancy.

He participated in the formation of the University Club of Bridgeport, and was its second President; is a member of several Bridgeport Clubs and the Yale Club of New York. He is President of the Bridgeport Bar Association and Secretary and Treasurer of The Yale Alumni Association, of Fairfield County.

Having required others to make similar confessions for these pages, he feels constrained to acknowledge a partiality for golf and the Congregational Church.

His chief claim to distinction is that since 1893 he has been Secretary of the Class of 1887 in Yale College.

CHARLES MILLS HINKLE, Osterville, Mass.

Was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, June 12, 1862, the son of Anthony H. and Frances (Schillinger) Hinkle. His boyhood was spent in the city of his birth, and he prepared for college at Andover.

Except for a short time after graduation he has not engaged in active business, but resides in Osterville on the southern shore of Cape Cod in summer and spends his winters in Aiken, S. C.

He is a Republican in politics, and assigns as his reason for that fact, "'Bill' Taft." His travel has been extensive, including Europe, Egypt and Japan. His favorite sport is golf.

He was married April 29, 1891, to Mary F., daughter of James W. Gaff, of Cincinnati. They have three children:

Jean Gaff, born at Boston, May 3, 1894.

Charles Anthony, born at Cincinnati, February 14, 1896.

James Gaff, born at Osterville, July 9, 1898.

CLARKE WESLEY HOLLY.

Spent two years immediately following graduation in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania.

Since that time no word has been heard from him by the Secretary, either directly or indirectly in spite of every diligent effort to obtain authoritative information.

FRANK CLIFFORD HOWE, New York City.

Was born at Canaan, Conn., July 13, 1864, the son of the Rev. E. Frank and Frances (Gates) Howe. His father was a graduate of Yale '59. His boyhood was spent in Newton, Mass., and he prepared for college at the Newton High School.

The first three years after graduation he was in Washington, D. C., studying law and in newspaper work. In January, 1890, he commenced the practice of law in Peoria, Ill. While here he held the positions of Clerk of the United States Circuit and District Courts for the Southern Division of the Northern District of Illinois, and of United States Commissioner and Master in Chancery. He was the Republican candidate for City Attorney in 1892, but was defeated with the rest of the ticket. He was active in Republican politics, and for nine years was a member of the Republican City Central Committee, of which he was Chairman for one term. Since Quindecennial he has removed from Peoria to New York.

He is a member of the Congregational Church and of the Yale Club of New York. He has spent several summers in bicycle travel in Europe.

JOHN HOWARD HUME, Chicago, Ill.

Was born in St. Louis, Mo., December 19, 1864, the son of John F. and Caroline (Carter) Hume. His boyhood was spent in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and he prepared for college at Exeter.

He was admitted to the bar in New York in 1889, after one year's study in Columbia Law School, and one in an office. He then entered upon the practice of law in Chicago, and continued until he was elected, in November, 1906, on the Republican ticket, to a four years' term as Judge of the Municipal Court of Chicago.

He is a member of the Marquette Club, the Press Club and the Irving Golf Club.

ALBERT GAY HUNT.

Born at Scranton, Pa., September 7th, 1863.

Died at Scranton, Pa., May 21st, 1905.

Who of us will ever forget dear old "Stuffy" Hunt? If ever there was a more enthusiastic Yale man, or more loyal member of '87, he hasn't shown himself yet. I can see him now, at one of those memorable ball-games, when Yale won out only after a long up-hill fight, walking up and down behind the bleachers, a picture of intense suffering, while Yale was behind, and I believe he'd have been willing to lose a finger rather than have Yale lose a championship. This same spirit of loyalty was characteristic of him through all his relations in life, and his associates couldn't help being drawn toward him whether in college or out. It was exemplified in a "homely" way in that little incident in Freshman year that became the subject of good natured banter among his classmates but was none the less an unsuspected index of character, when in one of Prof. Northrop's classes in English he was called on to read a composition, and referred in it to "**Scranton, my home.**" So his college was peculiarly "my college," and his class, "my class," because he loved them, and all his fellows couldn't help loving him in return. After graduation he never lost the ardor of his devotion to his Alma Mater, but embraced every opportunity possible to renew his Yale friendships at the athletic contests and Class and University celebrations. He had the qualities of real manhood and exemplified them all through his life. He was modest, loyal, unselfish and lovable.

He prepared for college first at the School of the Lackawanna, in Scranton, under Yale instructors, Buell '80 and Seaver '80; and then went to Williston Seminary, Easthampton, in 1882, but was unable to finish the year there on account of ill-health. This ill-health continued to a greater or less extent during Freshman and Sophomore years. After graduation he became associated with the Hunt and Connell Company, the largest wholesale and retail hardware company in Northeastern Pennsylvania, and continued in their employ for thirteen years as secretary and head of the purchasing department. In the year 1900 he was made manager of the Technical Supply Company, a subsidiary corporation connected with the well-known International Correspondence Schools of Scranton, and remained in this position until his death.

He was a prominent figure in social life. He was one of the founders and Secretary and Treasurer until his death of the Country Club of Scranton, the largest and most successful social organization of the city; was one of the organizers of "The Bachelors," whose annual function, like the Junior Prom. at college, was one

of the features of the social life of the city; and was also a charter member and officer of the Phi Alpha Society, a select social organization composed of young people. At the time of his death he was Vice-President of the Yale Alumni Association of Scranton, and had he lived would have been its President the following year. He was also a member of the Scranton Club, and of the University and Yale Clubs of New York. He was a faithful and devoted member of the First Presbyterian Church, and within a week after his graduation from Yale, was elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Missionary Association connected with the Sabbath School, which position, through his fidelity and painstaking zeal, he filled, by unanimous annual re-election, throughout the balance of his life.

The esteem in which he was held, as well as the appreciation of his sterling qualities as a man, by the community in which he lived, is evidenced by the following extracts from some of the resolutions adopted after his death by various organizations with which he was connected:

"Painstaking and persevering, thorough and yet tactful, bringing to bear an energy and enthusiasm not lessened by unremitting attention to details, his services as Secretary and Treasurer (of the Country Club) were of inestimable value, and to them must be attributed much of the prosperity of the Club. Exhibiting these same qualities and freely giving himself in the larger life of the community, he has left a record rarely equalled in the unselfish result of so short a span of years, whether viewed from the standpoint of activity or sentiment. His death sunders many ties of comradery, breaks many ties of friendship, but his life has left pleasant and enduring memories, helpful and inspiring influences."

* * * * * *

"He was actively identified with varied interests, social as well as religious, during his life in this city. He was a man of strong character, and positive convictions, yet modest and unassuming in manner. He was loyal to his friends and business associates, and zealous in his devotion to their interest. He never slighted his work, but by his painstaking fidelity in the public and private duties he was called to perform, won unfailing commendation. Faithfulness and unselfishness were the keynotes of his character."

* * * * * *

In an editorial comment upon his death one of the local papers said: "His death is a distinct loss to the social and business life of Scranton. Mr. Hunt possessed great capacity for leadership, which was early recognized in the social circle in which he moved. For many years he was the acknowledged leader in all the social functions of such organizations as the Bachelors and the Country

Club. In business he displayed the same capacity for management that had won him his pre-eminence in society, and he was soon recognized as one the most brilliant young business men in the city. He had an exceedingly promising future before him, and his death is keenly regretted by all who knew him."

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Another paper spoke of him as follows: "He was a genial, whole-souled gentleman, gracious and kind to all with whom he came in contact, overflowing with the milk of human kindness, without a thought of guile, or an enemy in the world. He had a genius for detail in social matters which he exercised freely and willingly for others. In business he was most careful and painstaking. * * * Thousands will mourn his early death. The world was better for his living in it."

To sum up his characteristics, and give the final estimate of his life, I think nothing better or truer can be said than Billy Kent wrote to Bob Maxwell on learning from the latter of his death:

"He was as square a fellow as they made 'em—loyal, kind, unselfish. He was inherently good and square on all sides. Dear old Stuffy! he didn't need the trimmings to be a man, bless him, he was just plain man, and there was nothing tailor-made about him. There are mighty few in the class for whom every member in the class will have as kindly a memory; for to his big, unselfish heart was added a charm of modesty—a charm going ever with those who, while realizing the unimportance of any individual, inherently feel the everlasting value to themselves and to society of character and kindliness."

Returning from a business trip abroad early in May, '05, he was taken with an obscure but not apparently severe malady, which soon developed alarming symptoms and proved to be tuberculosis of the kidneys, and after an illness lasting two weeks he died on Sunday, the 21st of May. The Class was represented at his funeral by Archbald, Maxwell, Thomas and Hand, who acted as honorary pall-bearers.

(Prepared at the request of the Secretary by William J. Hand.)

DEWITT CLINTON HUNTINGTON, Died February 11, 1889.

(Biographical Sketch in Triennial Record.)

LOUIS KEPLER HYDE, Plainfield, N. J.

Was born in Hydetown, Pa., July 30, 1865, the son of Charles and Elizabeth (Kepler) Hyde. His boyhood was spent in Plain-

field, N. J., and he prepared for college in a private school at that place and at Dr. Pingree's School, Elizabeth, N. J.

From graduation until 1906 he resided in Titusville, Pa., where he was identified in various capacities with the Second National Bank, being its President from 1901 to 1905. He was at one time Receiver, and subsequently Vice-President and General Manager of the New Orleans and Northwestern Railway Co., and has been an officer of various other corporations. In August, 1906, he removed to Plainfield, having accepted the Presidency of the City National Bank of that place the previous year. He is also Vice-President of the Shawnee-Tecumseh Traction Company.

He is in religion a Presbyterian, and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the Plainfield Country Club, the Baltusrol Golf Club, of New Jersey, the Camp Fire Club, and the Pennsylvania Society of New York City, the Tourilli Fish and Game Club of the Province of Quebec, the Canadohta Club, of Crawford County, Pa., The Park Club of Plainfield, the Titusville Country Club, and several golf clubs. He has traveled extensively in this country and abroad, visiting nearly all the principal countries of Europe at various times, as well as the Bahamas, Cuba, Yucatan and Mexico. Tennis and golf are his favorite sports.

He was married June 30, 1891, to Verna Emery of Titusville, daughter of David and Angeline Emery. They have three children living:

Helen, born at Titusville, November 18, 1892.

Louis Kepler, Jr., born at Titusville, October 5, 1901.

William Emery, born at Plainfield, December 15, 1908.

Their second child, Elizabeth, born January 23, 1889, died at Titusville, July 2, 1900.

OBED WILSON IRVIN, Dayton, Ohio.

Was born at Dayton, January 12, 1866, the son of James B. and Ellen S. (Montfort) Irvin, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at the Dayton High School.

After four years' teaching in the same school he entered the Cincinnati Law School, from which he graduated in 1892. Since then he has been practicing law in Dayton. He was elected Judge of Probate of Montgomery County in 1893, and again in 1896, on the Republican ticket. He is a member of the Board of Sinking Fund Trustees for the Dayton School Board, President of the First Savings and Banking Company of Dayton, and an officer or director of several business corporations.

He is a Scottish Rite Mason, and a member of the Garfield Club and the Dayton Bicycle Club. He has traveled over the greater part of the United States.

HENRY IVISON, Litchfield, Conn.

Was born July 12, 1865. He prepared for college at D. S. Everson's School in New York City. He became a member of the Class of '87 in Sophomore year.

From graduation until 1900 he was connected with the American Book Company and its predecessors, his residence being in Rutherford, N. J. Since 1900 he has not been regularly engaged in business.

He was married May 16, 1888, to Bertha, daughter of the late Charles W. Hollinshead, of Philadelphia. They have two children:

Henry, Jr., born March 13, 1889.

Sterling Hollinshead, born April 26, 1892.

ROBERT IRVING JENKS, New York City.

Was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, January 17th, 1865, the son of Edward A. and Harriet S. (Stickney) Jenks. His boyhood was spent in Newport, N. H. He was prepared for college by private tutoring.

He has been in the coal business since graduation, the first four years in Chicago but since 1892 in New York. Here he was for a long time with Stickney, Conyngham & Co., of which firm he became a member, but he is now Manager for the Berwind White Coal Mining Company.

He is a Congregationalist and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the University, Metropolitan, Riding, Yale, and City Midday Clubs of New York, the Graduates Club of New Haven and the Sons of Revolution, and has served on the House Committee of the University Club.

He was married March 29, 1894, to Mabel, daughter of John S. Runnells, of Chicago.

CHARLES BULKLEY JENNINGS, Fairfield, Conn.

Was born at Fairfield, October 21, 1865, the son of Isaac and Mary E. (Bulkley) Jennings, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at the Bridgeport (Conn.) High School.

From graduation until 1904 he was engaged in the manufacture of Japanese paper ware, under the name of Jennings Bros. Since that date he has been occupied in the care and settlement of estates.

He attends the Congregational Church, and since 1902 has been Treasurer of the First Ecclesiastical Society of Fairfield. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the University Club of Bridgeport. Automobile trips are a favorite diversion with him.

He was married November 17, 1892, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Morehouse, of Fairfield. They have one daughter:

Anne Elizabeth, born December 19, 1893.

Their second daughter, Marjorie Burr, born November 27, 1896, died December 8, 1897.

OLIVER GOULD JENNINGS, New York City.

Was born in New York City, April 27, 1865, the son of Oliver B. and Esther J. (Goodsell) Jennings. His boyhood was spent in Fairfield, Conn., and he prepared for college at Andover.

He graduated from Columbia Law School in 1889, but has never engaged in active practice, devoting his time mostly to extended business interests. He has his office in New York, but resides in Fairfield, Conn.

In church matters his associations are with the Episcopal Church. In politics he has always been a Republican. He is interested in all out-of-door sports.

He was married December 16, 1896, to Mary Dows, daughter of Benjamin Brewster of New York City. They have two children:

Benjamin Brewster, born June 9, 1898.

Laurence Kirtland, born December 12, 1903.

ALLEN WARDNER JOHNSON, Died June 9, 1905.

Allen Wardner Johnson was the youngest of the eight children of George Johnson, (Dartmouth, 1837), a lawyer and journalist, of Troy, N. Y. He was born in that city on December 13th, 1866. His mother was Charlotte (Wardner) Johnson, sister of the wife of William M. Evarts, (Yale,1837). His father died when he was twelve years old and he entered college from the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. In college he was a good student securing a Dissertation Stand and obtaining Junior Exhibition Oration and a Townsend Oration in Senior year. His room mate was Brady.

After graduation he was private tutor chiefly in Santa Barbara, California, and returned East via Panama, and was with the Waterbury Clock Company for nearly a year.

From graduation he not only supported himself, but also helped several others, who were related to him.

For some time from May, 1889, he was private secretary of United States Senator W. M. Evarts, and clerk of the Joint Committee of Congress on the Congressional Library, and also began the study of law in the George Washington University. He was admitted to the bar December 15th, 1892, and became a member of the Bar Association of the City of New York in 1894, completing his studies at the Columbia Law School. He soon became managing clerk in the firm of Anderson & Howland, (Yale, '54) and its successors, but from 1900 he practiced alone, having his office near that of F. T. Hill, ('87).

He was a candidate for City Judge of New York, in 1901, and again in 1904, when a severe attack of nephritis made him give up his practice and go to California. In the Ojai Valley near Nordhoff, he lived quietly doing many useful things connected with his profession, and in the library of the Thacher School and in various organizations for the public welfare.

His sister and his fiancee, Miss Delafield, of Chicago were with him much of the time until his sudden death from cerebral hemorrhage, Friday evening, June 9th, about eleven o'clock. Drs. Saegar and Pierpont and Dr. Flint, of Santa Barbara, and two trained nurses did all possible to make him comfortable. He was not fully conscious after the paralytic attack on June 3rd.

The funeral took place Sunday afternoon, June 11th. The Episcopal service was read and the bearers were all Yale graduates: E. S. Thacher '72, S. D. Thacher '83, W. L. Thacher '87, William Kent '87, Henry Colton '02, A. B. Mygatt '01, S.

The interment took place in the Nordhoff Cemetery near the Thacher and Newton lots.

The great desire of his life seemed just within his reach when the stroke came. He never showed the white feather. He continued to be quiet and calm and thoughtful of others and an inspiration to others. He met the events of his life in such a way that he made a rare and beautiful success out of what some might call a failure.

Like John Bennetto, he was one of the "gentlemen unafraid," who, "as he trod that day to God, so walked he from his birth,

In simpleness and gentleness and honour and clean mirth."

(Prepared by request of Class Secretary, by William L. Thacher.)

CHARLES KEELER, Memphis, Tenn.

Was born at Auburn, N. Y., January 9, 1863, the son of Delos Milton and Catherine Gould (Taylor) Keeler. His boyhood was spent in Auburn, and he prepared for college at the Auburn Academy.

From 1887 until 1901 he was in the railroad business, being in the employ of the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham Railroad, at Birmingham, Ala., and at Memphis. Since that time he has been engaged in the grocery business at Memphis.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church. He adheres to the Republican party on national issues "because that is the party of progression;" but to the Democratic on local issues "because it is the 'White Man's Party' and is the party of progression as far as local issues are concerned." He is a member of the Board of Directors of the Memphis Retail Merchants' Association.

He was married February 12, 1890, to Mollie Lee, daughter of George and Mary A. Barrow, of Memphis. They have four children:

Nellie May, born January 4, 1891.
Charles Barrow, born August 3, 1892.
George Henry, born December 17, 1894.
Mary Catherine, born February 23, 1899.

JOHN BASSETT KEEP, Died April 9, 1901.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

WILLIAM BURRAGE KENDALL, JR., Died October 3, 1893.

(Biographical Sketch in Sexennial Record.)

WILLIAM KENT, Chicago, Ill.

Was born in Chicago, March 29, 1864, the son of Albert Emmett and Adaline (Dutton) Kent. His father was a graduate of Yale '53. Kent lived during his boyhood in San Rafael, Cal., and prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. Since graduation he has been in Chicago. He was for a long time in partnership with his father under the firm name of A. E. Kent & Son. He is now engaged in the land and live stock business, and is President of the Golconda Cattle Company and a member of the firm of Kent & Burke, of Genoa, Neb., his partner being E. L. Burke, '87. He is a director of the American Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, and is or has been an officer of several other corporations.

He is actively interested in All Souls Church in Chicago, which is undenominational. In politics he is independent, but supports Roosevelt and his administration. He has been very active in opposition to corruption and machine methods in politics in Chicago, both in and out of the Board of Aldermen, of which he was a member from '95 to '97. He has been President of the Municipal Voters' League, of Chicago, and an officer of the Civil Service Reform League and the City Club. He has traveled widely throughout the United States, British Columbia and Mexico, largely on hunting and fishing trips. He holds membership in a number of clubs in Chicago, San Francisco and elsewhere.

Both editorial and signed articles from his pen have appeared in Collier's Weekly, and he has published a number of political and other pamphlets.

Kent has recently earned the gratitude of his countrymen by presenting to the Federal Government nearly three hundred acres of land on Mount Tamalpais, near San Francisco, and thus securing the preservation of the magnificent forest of giant redwoods growing thereon.

He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale at Commencement 1908.

He was married February 26, 1890, to Elizabeth, daughter of the late Prof. Thomas A. Thacher, of New Haven, and a sister of W. L. Thacher, '87. They have seven children:

Albert Emmett, born at Chicago, December 6, 1890.
Thomas Thacher, born at Chicago, May 8, 1892.
Elizabeth Sherman, born at Chicago, January 8, 1894.
William, Jr., born at Chicago, July 5, 1895.
Adaline Dutton, born at Kentfield Cal., August 7, 1900.
Sherman, born at Chicago, December 1, 1903.
Roger, born at Chicago, June 8, 1906.

HENRY BELDEN KETCHAM, New York City.

Was born at Dover Plains, N. Y., August 8, 1865, the son of John Henry and Augusta A. (Belden) Ketcham. His father was for thirty-six years a Representative in Congress. His boyhood was spent in Dover Plains, and he prepared for college at Exeter.

Having graduated from the Columbia Law School in 1889, and served in prominent law offices in New York, he entered into partnership with Clarence L. Reid (Yale '77), and Everett J. Esselstyn (Yale '83), under the name of Reid, Esselstyn & Ketcham. The firm is at present Esselstyn & Ketcham. He is a director of the Varick Realty Company and the Livingston Realty Company. He resides at 108 Willow Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

He is an Episcopalian, and in politics a Republican. He has been active in all political campaigns for the last fifteen years. He was a candidate for Representative in Congress on the Republican ticket in 1900, but although he ran well ahead of the McKinley electors he was defeated by a small majority. January 1, 1902, he was appointed by Mayor Low a member of the Board of Assessors of New York City. He was the Republican candidate for District Attorney of Kings County in 1904, but was defeated by John F. Clarke, the present incumbent.

He is a member and a trustee of the Improved Order of Heptasophs. He is a life member of the Crescent Athletic Club, and was on its Board of Governors from 1903 to 1905. He is also a member of the Hamilton and Oxford Clubs, of Brooklyn, the Dyker Meadow Golf Club and the New York Bar Association. He goes abroad every summer.

He was married September 12, 1889, at Englewood, N. J., to Sallie Bray, daughter of Samuel Kendall Holman. They have three children:

Henry Holman, born at Englewood, N. J., June 17, 1891.
Katherine, born at Brooklyn, N. Y., October 28, 1894.
John Belden, born at Bay Shore, L. I., July 31, 1896.

REV. JOHN SCOTT KING, Little Britain, N. Y.

Was born at Warehouse Point, Conn., January 29, 1866, the son of Robert C. and Rachel (Scott) King. His boyhood was spent at Unionville, Conn., and he prepared for college at the High School of that place.

He graduated from the Union Theological Seminary in 1890, and a month later became pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Little Britain, where he still is. He is Stated Clerk of the Presbytery of North River Synod of N. Y.

Politically he owns allegiance to no party; but he has done active work on the stump in behalf of "no license."

He is a member of the Patrons of Husbandry, commonly known as the Grangers, and is serving his third term in the position of lecturer of the Orange County Grange. His travels have taken him to California and northwestern Canada.

He was married June 23, 1890, to Elizabeth Fearn, of Paterson, N. J. They have three children living:

Everett Scott, born April 24, 1891.
Rachel, born October 4, 1893.
Elizabeth, born August 25, 1895.

They have lost their two youngest children, Robert Campbell, born May 10, 1900, and Donald Fearn, born June 4, 1902.

JOHN HENRY KIRKHAM, New Britain, Conn.

Was born at Newington, Conn., April 13, 1865, the son of John S. and Harriet P. (Atwood) Kirkham. His boyhood was spent in Newington, and he prepared for college at the High School in New Britain.

He was admitted to the bar in 1889, having studied law in offices in Hartford. From his admission to the bar until 1898 he was connected with the firm of Mitchell, Hungerford & Bartlett, New Britain, but since 1898 has been of the firm of Kirkham & Cooper, his partner being J. E. Cooper, Yale '95. He is actively engaged in the general practice of law.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics was a Democrat until 1896, since which time he has been a Republican.

He was married April 29, 1896, to Lillian Sprague West, of Brooklyn, N. Y. They have two children:

John West, born at New Britain, August 20, 1898.
Lois, born at New Britain, February 13, 1904.

CHARLES ASHER KNIGHT, M. D., Peekskill, N. Y.

Was born at Peekskill, ————————, the son of Dr. Charles C. and Lucy (Brown) Knight. His boyhood was spent in the place of his birth, and he prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

Having graduated from the Medical School of the University of the City of New York in 1890, and having served two years on the staff of Bellevue Hospital, he has since been practicing medicine at Peekskill.

He is a Republican in politics, and attends the Presbyterian Church. He is a member of the American Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association and the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital.

He was married April 11, 1894, to Elizabeth Olive Sammis, of Northport, N. Y. They have two children:

Charles Calvin, born at ————————, April 18, 1898.

Olive Louise, born at Peekskill, April 15, 1902.

SAMUEL KNIGHT, San Francisco, Cal.

Was born in San Francisco, December 28, 1863, the son of Samuel and Elizabeth Stuart (Haight) Knight. His boyhood was spent in San Francisco and Oakland, Cal., and he prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

He was admitted to the bar in New York in 1889, after studying law at Yale, at Columbia (where he graduated), and in law offices in New York. In the summer of 1890 he left the law office of Evarts, Choate & Beaman on account of ill health and returned to California. Since January 1, 1891, he has been in practice in San Francisco, for a time with Myrick & Deering, and now as a member of the firm of Page, McCutchen & Knight. His senior partner is Charles Page, Yale '68. From 1893 to 1898 he was Assistant United States District Attorney, and during the winter of 1897-1898, United States District Attorney for the Northern District of California. He resides at Burlingame, San Mateo County, Cal.

He is a Presbyterian, and in politics, though formerly a Democrat is now a Republican. In 1900-1901 he was largely instrumental in breaking up the notorious Noyes-McKenzie ring in Northwestern Alaska. He was one of the active promoters of the unsuccessful political campaign for municipal reform in San Francisco in 1905. He is a member of the Pacific-Union Club, the University Club, of San Francisco, and the Burlingame Country Club, and either is or has been an officer of each of them. He also belongs to the San Francisco Bar Association and other organizations. In 1899-1900 and 1906-1908 he was President of the Yale Alumni Association, of California. His travels have extended to Nome, Alaska, the City of Mexico and Europe. His favorite sport is horseback riding.

He is the author of an article on "Federal Control of Hydraulic Mining," which was published in the Yale Law Journal for June, 1898.

He was married October 8, 1895, to Mary Hurd, daughter of Charles and Susan M. Holbrook, of San Francisco.

YAN PHOU LEE, New York City.

Was born at Fragrant Hills, China, in 1861. In 1873 was sent to the United States by the Chinese Government to be educated. He studied at Springfield, Mass., and at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and entered Yale in the Class of '84. A year later he was recalled to China, but subsequently made his escape, and, returning to New Haven, joined '87 at the beginning of Sophomore year.

He spent one year in graduate study at Yale, and then removed to San Francisco, where, for a time, he was connected with the Pacific Bank. From 1890 to 1900 he was in many different parts of the South and West, and engaged in many different occupations. He kept a country store; he studied medicine in Vanderbilt University; he was connected with the Chicago, Atlanta and Nashville Expositions and the Export Exposition at Philadelphia; he lectured extensively, and wrote much for the press; he also interpreted in courts in New York. He then for some years conducted a truck farm at Lincoln, Del. He is now a member of the firm of Lee & Co., merchants, at 229 Park Row, New York City. He resides at Wood Ridge, N. J., where, in addition to the business referred to above, he is Editor of a local newspaper.

He is a member of the Congregational Church.

He has twice been married. First, July 6, 1887, to Elizabeth Maud Jerome, of New Haven, from whom he was divorced in 1890. They had two children:

Jennie Jerome, born at New Haven, May 15, 1888.
Amos Gilbert, born at New Haven, November 13, 1889.

He was married a second time, at Nashville, Tenn., November 3, 1897, to Sophie Florence, daughter of Frank and Sophie Bieler Bolles. They have two children:

Clarence Vaille, born at Minster, Ohio, July 29, 1898.
Louis Emerson, born at Lincoln, Del., June 19, 1903.

ALFRED LEEDS, Springfield, Mass.

Was born in New York City, October 20, 1867, and is consequently the youngest man in the Class. His father was Charles Henry Leeds, (Yale '54), and his mother's maiden name was Sarah

Perley Lambert. His boyhood was spent in New York City, and he prepared for college at the Brooklyn Polytechnic.

Since graduation he has lived in Springfield, and is manager of the sales department of the American Writing Paper Company in the neighboring city of Holyoke. He has been connected with this company for a number of years.

He attends the Congregational Church, and is Republican in politics. He is a member of the Springfield Country Club, the Nayasset Club, of Springfield, and the Holyoke Club. He is interested in all amateur sports.

He was married October 24, 1894, to Louise Chapin, daughter of Elisha and Sarah Grant Morgan, of Springfield. They have three childen:

Sally, born December 9, 1896.
Mary, born May 19, 1898.
Helen, born October 10, 1904.

FRANK DODGE LEFFINGWELL, Upper Montclair, N. J.

Was born in San Francisco, Cal., November 5, 1862, the son of Henry and Caira C. (Dodge) Leffingwell. His boyhood was spent in Montclair, N. J., and he prepared for college in the High School of that place.

Has been engaged, since graduation, in municipal and railway engineering, with the exception of one year spent in Sheff. From 1903 to 1907 was in charge of portions of the Brooklyn extension of the subway, including the tunnels under the East River.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, the American Society of Civil Engineers, the Montclair Civic Association, the Commonwealth Club and the Brooklyn Engineers' Club. He is interested in bicycling and photography.

He was married June 11, 1894, to Helen Habberton, daughter of Joseph and Esther (Habberton) Trippett, of Montclair, N. J. They have four children:

Ethel Trippett, born July 20, 1895.
Helen Trippett, born November 6, 1897.
Henry Dodge, born February 22, 1901.
Elizabeth Habberton, born April 2, 1906.

JOHN LEVERETT, M. D., Yonkers, N. Y.

Was born in New York City, March 4, 1866, the son of Josiah Salisbury and Annie Matilda (Lockwood) Leverett. His boyhood was spent in New York City, East Orange, N. J., and Easthampton, Mass., and he prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

After teaching one year at Easton, Conn., he studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, grad-

uating in 1891. He practiced medicine first at East Hartford, Conn., from 1892 to 1901 at Binghamton, N. Y., and then for two years at Holland Patent, N. Y. In February, 1903, he removed to Yonkers, N. Y., where he is still practicing. He is also assistant advertising manager of the Denver Chemical Manufacturing Company with office at 57 Laight St., New York City. He has published several short articles in various medical journals.

He is a deacon of the Park Hill Reformed Church, of Yonkers, and is especially interested in Sunday School work. He is a Republican in politics, and his favorite sport is tennis.

He was married June 25, 1896, to Maude Arvilla, daughter of Henrietta M. and the late Charles B. Maccabe, of New York City. They have one child:

John M., born October 21, 1897.

ROBERT HART LEWIS, New Haven, Conn.

Was born in New Haven, December 1, 1864, the son of John Gardiner and Jane Abigail (Hart) Lewis. His boyhood was spent in New Haven, where he prepared for college at the Hillhouse High School.

The first three winters after graduation he taught school at Guilford, Conn., Fort Dodge, Iowa, and Harrisburg, Pa. Since 1890 he has been engaged in the retail book business in New Haven, for some years as Secretary of the E. P. Judd Company, but now as Secretary and Treasurer of the Pease-Lewis Company. He resides in West Haven.

He attends the Center Church, of New Haven, (Congregational), and politically is a Republican with independent tendencies. Walking and gardening are favorite diversions.

He was married July 30, 1903, at New Haven, to Caroline Elizabeth, daughter of William Henry and Ellen (Nilan) Merrow.

CHARLES HENRY LUDINGTON, JR., Philadelphia, Pa.

Was born in New York City, August 9, 1866, the son of Charles H. and Josephine Lord (Noyes) Ludington. His boyhood was spent in the city of his birth, and he prepared for college at St. Paul's School.

He was admitted to the bar in 1891, after one year in political science at Yale, one year in the Yale Law School and two years in law offices in New York. He received the degree of M. A. from Yale in 1889. He practiced law in New York until May, 1901, and was also an officer in several corporations. He then became Secretary, Treasurer and Director of the Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, publishers of the Saturday Evening Post, Ladies' Home Journal, etc. He resides at Ardmore, Pa.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics a Republican. He is Treasurer of the Octavia Hill Association for the Housing of the Poor, of Philadelphia. He belongs to the University Club, of New York, the Racquet and Down Town Clubs, of Philadelphia, the Merion Cricket Club, of Haverford, Pa., and the Bryn Mawr Polo Club. He is still a tennis player, as of old.

He was married April 24, 1895, to Ethel Mildred, daughter of Nicholas and Maria Sanford Saltus, of New York. They have three children:

Charles Townsend, born at New York, January 16, 1896.
Wright Saltus, born at New York, June 20, 1900.
Nicholas Saltus, born at Bryn Mawr, Pa., November 13, 1904.

WILLIAM HOWARD LUDINGTON, New York City.

Brother of the above, was born in New York City, September 24, 1864, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at St. Paul's, Concord, N. H. He became a member of the Class in Junior year.

Until 1904 he was in business in the metropolis, being successively in the employ of the American Surety Company, Treasurer of the American Drier Company, in the electrical department of the H. W. Johns Manufacturing Company, Secretary and Treasurer of the Croscup & Sterling Company, and Treasurer of the Gillis Press. From 1889 to 1897 he served as a member of Troop A, later Squadron A, National Guard, New York, from which organization he retired because of pressure of business.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the Yale Club of New York, and plays "some tennis and a little golf."

HARRY LYNE, Denver, Colo.

Was born in Carlisle, Pa., July 11, 1856, the son of John Philip and Mary (Brickmann) Lyne. He prepared for college with a private tutor and entered Yale in the Class of '79. He stood near the head of his class, but was obliged on account of ill health to leave college at the end of Junior year. From 1879 to 1886 he taught school in Augusta, Ill. He then returned to New Haven, joined '87 in the middle of Senior year, and completed the course.

Since 1887 he has been in Denver, engaged in the business of smelting ore. He has been connected with the Globe Smelting and Refining Company, of which he was the general ore-purchasing agent; and the American Smelting and Refining Company, in which he has been secretary of various committees and general purchasing and traffic agent.

He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the University Club of Denver.

(The above is mainly taken from the published records of the Class of '79; as Lyne, though nominally an '87 man, very naturally considers himself a member of his original class, and reports to its Secretary rather than to '87's.)

JAMES McCORMICK, JR., Harrisburg, Pa.

Was born at Harrisburg, December 12, 1863, and has always resided there. His father was James McCormick (Yale '53), and his mother's maiden name was Mary W. Alricks. He prepared for college at the Harrisburg Academy.

For a year after graduation he was with the Dauphin Deposit Bank, after which he was for several years Secretary of the Paxton & Steelton Flouring Mills Company. He is now connected with the McCormick estate.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics a Democrat.

WILLIAM McCORMICK, Reading, Pa.

Brother of the above, was born at Harrisburg, Pa., April 24, 1866. His boyhood was spent in Harrisburg, and he prepared for college at the Harrisburg Academy.

He worked as a reporter in Boston, Philadelphia and New York until 1890, when he became editor of the Bethlehem (Pa.) Times, where he remained until July, 1892. He was then one year headmaster of the Burnham Industrial School, Canaan, N. Y. From 1893 until 1896 was editor of the Daily Leader of Allentown, Pa., which paper he founded. Since 1896 he has been editor and proprietor of the Reading Daily Herald.

In politics he is an independent Gold Democrat, his only political activity being in his newspaper work. The Herald is outspoken in every campaign, and is an earnest advocate of municipal reform, local option, playgrounds and everything tending toward a "better Reading."

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and has given much of his time to social and educational work among the poorer classes. He has organized and financed boys' and young men's clubs, equipped a playground, established a system of vacant lot gardens, and is now building a settlement house and gymnasium. He is a member of the Berkshire Country Club, the National Playground Association, the National Alliance of Workers with Boys, the Federation of Boys' Clubs, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, etc. His favorite sports are bicycling and canoeing.

His published writings have been mostly in the papers with which he has been connected.

ROBERT MAXWELL, New York City.

Was born at Rockville, Conn., September 20, 1864, the son of George and Harriet (Kellogg) Maxwell. His boyhood was spent in Rockville, and he prepared for college in the High School of that place.

He is Vice-President of The Hockanum Mills Company, woolen and worsted manufacturers, and represents that company in New York.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics a Republican. He belongs to the University, Union League and Yale Clubs, of New York, and the Graduates Club, of New Haven.

HENRY LAWTON MAY, Died October 3, 1898.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

FRANKLIN ADAMS MEACHAM, M. D., Died April 14, 1902.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

JOSEPH WEED MIDDLEBROOK, New York City.

Was born at Wilton, Conn., July 3, 1865. He prepared for college at the Wilton Academy.

He was admitted to the bar in New York in 1889 after a year and a half at the Columbia Law School, and practiced in New York City until 1895, when he transferred his office to Tarrytown. After several years he returned to New York and is now practicing at 41 Park Row. Since 1895 his residence has been Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

In politics he is a Republican, but has never been a candidate for public office. In church matters his associations are Episcopalian.

He was married September 19, 1893, to Emma Fitch, daughter of David Ogden Bradley, of Dobbs Ferry. They have four children:

Bradley, born at Dobbs Ferry, September 8, 1894.
Joseph, born at Dobbs Ferry, December 6, 1895.
Cornelia, born at Dobbs Ferry, April 30, 1898.
John, born at Dobbs Ferry, April 1, 1904.

CLARENCE TOMLINSON MORSE, Chicago, Ill.

Was born in Mobile, Ala., January 21, 1865, the son of Charles Huntington and Laura (Compton) Morse. His father was a graduate of Yale '39. His boyhood was spent in Chicago, and he prepared for college at the West Division High School of that city.

After two years' travel in Europe he was admitted to the bar in Chicago in 1889, and has since been practicing law in that city.

He resides at Winnetka, Ill. He is a member of the Board of Education of New Trier Township, having been elected in 1900 and twice re-elected; in 1906-7 he was President of the Board.

He attends the Union Church of Kenilworth, Ill. In politics he has been a Republican since 1896, and was President of the Republican Club of New Trier Township in 1902-3. He is a Mason, and a member of the Chicago Bar Association, the Chicago Law Club, the Skokie Country Club and the University and Yale Clubs of Chicago. Of the last named he was Secretary from 1894 to 1898 and Chairman of the Executive Committee in 1899, and has been Vice-President since 1905. He is interested in tennis, golf, hunting, fishing and gardening, and has visited Europe several times.

He was married at Leipsic, Germany, December 27, 1888, to Elizabeth Willis, daughter of Henry M. Bailey, of Pittsburg. They had two sons:

Huntington Tomlinson, born at Chicago, October 15, 1889.

Henry Bailey, born at Chicago, May 25, 1891.

He was married a second time, at Chicago, September 14, 1907, to Harriet Sayrs, daughter of John Towne and Mary Lockwood McAuley. She is a sister of Henry Sayrs McAuley (Yale, 1901), and a descendant of Macaulay the historian.

RICHARD DANA MORSE, New York City.

Was born at Newton, Mass., March 16, 1864. He prepared for college at the High School in Framingham, Mass.

Since his graduation from the Columbia Law School in 1889 he has been practicing law in New York.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics a Republican.

He is Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the New York Infirmary for Crippled Children. He is a member of the Yale Club and the Bar Association of New York, the Essex County (N.J.) Country Club and the Society of the Founders and Patriots of America.

He resides in East Orange, N. J.

GEORGE FRANCIS NESBITT, Died December 27, 1900.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

EDWARD HIRAM NORTON, Springfield, Mass.

Was born at Richmond, Mass., June 17, 1862, the son of Edward H. and Catherine E. (Sharp) Norton. His boyhood was spent in Pittsfield, Mass., and he prepared for college at Andover.

He returned to Andover as instructor for two years, since which time he has been in the publishing business in Boston, New York,

and since 1900, at Springfield, Mass., where he is manager of the subscription department in the sale of Webster's International Dictionary for the G. & C. Merriam Company.

In politics he is a Republican. He is a member and Financial Secretary of Faith Congregational Church, of Springfield. He belongs to the Reality Club, of which he is Treasurer. His favorite sport is tennis.

He was married at Philadelphia, December 26, 1888, to Charlotte Keller. She died August 13, 1889. He was married a second time, May 6, 1891, to Martha Schade. She died suddenly April 21, 1897, leaving him two children:

Edward Wadhams, born March 8, 1892.

John Schade, born July 7, 1893.

He was again married, October 18, 1898, to Marian Wale, daughter of John Judson and Clara Wale, of New York City. They have two children:

Frank Wale, born September 19, 1899.

Frederic Judson, born March 28, 1904.

HOMER TOMLINSON PARTREE, M. D., Eatontown, N. J.

Was born at Woodbury, Conn., December 1, 1865, the son of Robert C. and Sarah Jane (Tomlinson) Partree. His boyhood was spent in Woodbury, and he prepared for college at the Woodbury Academy.

After three years in the drug business in Waterbury, he graduated from the Yale Medical School in 1892. He had hospital experience in the Chambers Street and Broome Street Hospitals in New York, and in the Hartford (Conn.) Hospital, where he was house surgeon until June, 1894. He practiced medicine in South Norwalk, Conn., for a year or more; then in Blandford, Mass., until April, 1904, when he removed to Eatontown. Here he conducts a pharmacy in addition to his medical practice.

He is a member of Shrewsbury Presbyterian Church, and Secretary of its Board of Trustees. He states that he is a Republican in national politics because he believes in Roosevelt and what he stands for. He is a member of the New Jersey State Medical Society and the Eastern Practitioners' Society of Monmouth County. He was Chairman of the Board of Library Trustees during his last year's residence at Blandford.

He was married June 26, 1895, to Minnie Amanda, daughter of Frederick A. and Jemima (Dunham) Havens, of Wethersfield, Conn.

They have three daughters:

Eulalia, born at Blandford, Mass., July 19, 1896.

Pauline May, born at Blandford, Mass., July 7, 1897.

Gladys, born at Blandford, Mass., June 11, 1900.

LOUIS HARMAN PEET, Died October 18, 1905.

He was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., August 16, 1863, the son of John H. Peet, and always resided in that city, preparing for college at the Polytechnic. He thus came to Yale with the acquaintance of that little group of men from the same preparatory school, Chambers, F. Hill, Johnson, Kendall, Leeds, Spencer and Tuttle.

His tastes led him at graduation into journalism, and almost immediately he was established on the city staff of the New York Times, where he served until 1892. To the editorial department of the American Book Company was his only change in occupation, for he maintained that connection until his death.

Aside from his newspaper work, his first publication was a small hand book or guide to the authorship of novels, poems and other writings entitled "Who's the Author?" which appeared in 1901.

He made an exhaustive study of the trees and shrubs of the parks of Brooklyn and New York, publishing in succession "The Trees and Shrubs of Prospect Park," and "The Trees and Shrubs of Central Park," both of which attracted considerable attention.

He was married October 14, 1897, to Nellie Marvin Perkins, daughter of Edwin Gansevort and Cynthia G. Perkins, of Brooklyn, who survives him.

ARTHUR REED PENNELL, Died March 10, 1903.

The son of a sea captain, from a State of Maine port, Pennell was born on shipboard in the South Pacific Ocean, December 12, 1864.

Entering the Yale Law School in 1887, he graduated there two years later "magna cum laude," and commenced the practice of law in Buffalo after a year in a law office in that city. From 1891 he was for three years in partnership with Penney, '87, after which he practiced alone.

He was connected with a considerable number of Clubs and social and professional organizations in Buffalo.

He was married October 15, 1891, to Carrie B., daughter of Winslow M. Lamb, of New Haven.

He and Mrs. Pennell, both met their death in an automobile accident, March 10, 1903, at Buffalo.

THOMAS PENNEY, Buffalo, N. Y.

Was born in London, England, May 6, 1859. Having come to the United States, he prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

He graduated "cum laude" from the Yale Law School in '89, and after a year in the office of Green & Marcy, Buffalo, opened a law office and subsequently for a time was a partner of Arthur R. Pennell, '87. In 1895 he became Assistant District Attorney for

Erie County, and in 1898 was appointed District Attorney to fill a vacancy, by Governor Roosevelt. He was re-elected to the same position, on the Republican ticket, in 1900, by a majority of something over 10,000. In 1902 he became partner with Porter Norton and Charles B. Sears (Yale '92), under the firm name of Norton, Penney & Sears. He still continues to practice law, but is now chiefly engaged in the street railway business, being President of the International Railway Company, the Crosstown Street Railway Company, the Electric City Railway Company, the Tractional Company, the International Traction Company and Trans Niagara Bridge Company.

He is a Republican, and has been active in politics and on the stump, though not of late years. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and of the Buffalo, University, Ellicott and Acacia Clubs, of Buffalo.

Penney was married September 15, 1891, to Celia E., daughter of Charles N. and Elizabeth H. Patterson, of Buffalo. They have four children:

Norman, born at Buffalo, September 25, 1892.
Charles, born at Buffalo, June 7, 1894.
Thomas, Jr., born at Buffalo, January 5, 1896.
Margaret, born at Buffalo, January ———, 1898.

THOMAS NORWOOD PENROSE, Englewood, N. J. (?)

Was born in Philadelphia, Pa., March 26, 1864. He prepared for college at the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia.

He was admitted to the bar upon graduation from the Columbia Law School in 1889. He was not engaged in business for some years, but was heard from in January, 1901, and again two or three years later, as connected with the legal department of the Lawyers' Title Insurance Company, New York.

Penrose was not at Vicennial, and no word has been received from him since. He appears to have left New York, and the Directory of Living Graduates credits him to Englewood, N. J.

ARTHUR PERKINS, Hartford, Conn.

Was born at Hartford, May 16, 1864, the son of Charles E. and Lucy Maria (Adams) Perkins, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at the Hartford High School.

Since his graduation "cum laude" from the Yale Law School in 1889 he has been practicing law with his father under the firm name of Perkins & Perkins, to which firm has recently been added Ralph O. Wells, Yale 1901. He is an officer of a number of corporations that have been organized by the Connecticut Corporation Company, of which he is Manager and Treasurer. He was for sev-

eral years Associate Judge of the City Police Court, of Hartford, and served two terms as a member of the Common Council.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics is a Republican. He belongs to the Hartford Club, the Hartford Golf Club and the State Bar Association, and is Chairman of the Committee of the Hartford Bar Association in charge of the Bar Library. He is especially interested in the life of Alexander Hamilton, and is a member and a trustee of the Alexander Hamilton National Memorial Association. He is also interested in the study of old roads and the growth of transportation in Connecticut. He has devoted some time of late to the study of higher mathematics. His favorite outdoor sport is motoring.

He was married May 22, 1895, to Amy, daughter of Helen Clark and the late Evans E. Denniston, of Philadelphia. They have one child:

Helen Denniston, born at Hartford, February 22, 1898.

HERBERT FARRINGTON PERKINS, Chicago, Ill.

Was born in Constantinople, Turkey, October 18, 1864, the son of the Rev. George Augustus and Sarah Elizabeth (Farrington) Perkins. His boyhood was spent in various places in New England, and he prepared for college at Andover.

Until February 1, 1899, he was with the National Malleable Castings Company, of Chicago, of which he was Assistant Treasurer. At that date he became Purchasing Agent of the McCormick Divission of the International Harvester Company, Chicago. He has since been promoted, first to the position of Department Manager, and later to that of Division Manager of the International Company. He is also Manager of the Wisconsin Steel Company and the Wisconsin Lumber Company, Treasurer of the Illinois Iron Mining Company and a director of the Bankers' National Bank.

He is a member of Central Church (undenominational). In national politics he is a Republican, but in State and local elections votes for the best men whatever their party. He belongs to the Chicago Athletic Association, the University Club and the Chicago Club, of Chicago. He is a golf player, and is a member and officer of the Glen View Golf Club. He has traveled extensively in the wild parts of the United States, and in the spring of 1908, was in Italy and France.

He was married December 14, 1892, to Margaret Dana, daughter of Franklin H. and Catherine (Durkee) Head, of Chicago. They have three children:

Franklin Head, born at Chicago, September 4, 1894.

Margaret and Helen, twins, born at Chicago, March 27, 1896.

GEORGE DANIEL PETTEE, Great Barrington, Mass.

Was born in New Haven, January 2, 1865, the son of the Rev. Webster and Emily Frances (Allen) Pettee. His boyhood was spent in Sharon, and he prepared for college at Andover.

He has been a teacher since graduation—from 1887 to 1900 at Andover, where he was registrar of the faculty for a number of years. While here he received the degree of M. A. from Yale (1896). The year 1897-98 he spent in Europe and at Yale studying economics. During that period he published a Plane Geometry (Silver, Burdett & Company, 1895) and several articles on educational methods and athletics. He was a member of the Andover School Board for seven years.

From 1900 to 1908 he was principal of the University School, Cleveland, a college-preparatory and manual training school, sending thirty boys each year to college. He was a trustee of the new Hathaway-Brown School for Girls; was a member of the University Club, of Cleveland, etc.

In 1908 he resigned his school principalship to establish a group of three schools, the Berkshire Forest Schools in the town of Mount Washington, Massachusetts. As founder and director, he will have personal oversight of the three schools, while each school will have its own headmaster.

Pettee is a member of the Congregational Church and in politics a Republican. He belongs to the Yale Club of New York, and the Headmasters' Association.

He was married August 27, 1888, to Rose Marie, daughter of Danforth O. Lombard, of New Haven. They have had four children, two of whom died in infancy. The two living are:

Allen Danforth, born September 2, 1889, now a member of the Class of 1911 at Yale, and therefore one of the first two sons of '87 to attend the college of their fathers.

Frances Howard, born February 29, 1896.

WILLIAM LYON PHELPS, Ph. D., New Haven, Conn.

Was born in New Haven, January 2, 1865, the son of the Rev. Dr. Sylvanus Dryden and Sophia Emilia (Linsley) Phelps. His boyhood was spent in Hartford, Conn., and he prepared for college at the Hartford High School.

After one year as General Secretary to the Yale Y. M. C. A., and one year teaching at the Westminster School, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., he was appointed to the Larned Scholarship at Yale and remained in New Haven one year. He then was appointed to the Morgan Fellowship at Harvard where he remained two years, during which time he was President of the Harvard Graduate Club.

The last year of his residence in Cambridge he was instructor in English. In 1891 he received the degree of Ph. D. from Yale and M. A. from Harvard. In the fall of 1892 he was recalled to Yale and became successively instructor, assistant professor (1896) and first Lampson professor of English Literature (1901) in the English Department. During the summer of 1900 he spent three months in England in special work in English at the British Museum and at Oxford. In 1903-4 he spent fifteen months in Europe, and studied at the Universities of Paris and Munich. In addition to his classroom work he has lectured extensively in various parts of the country upon literary subjects, and has been a frequent speaker at Yale Alumni dinners.

He is a deacon of Calvary Baptist Church in New Haven. In politics he is a Republican. He is President of the Yale Co-operative Corporation and of the New Haven Choral Union. He is a member of the Yale Club of New York, the Graduates Club, the Lawn Club, the New Haven Country Club, the "It" Club and the Friday Night Club, in several of which he has held offices of importance. He plays tennis, base ball, hockey and golf.

His publications have been very numerous, as will be seen by referring to the Bibliography.

He was married at Huron City, Mich., December 21, 1892, to Annabel Hubbard of that place.

FREDERICK SMITH PICKETT, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

Was born at Hartland, Conn., November 8, 1865, the son of Frederick and Antoinette E. (Smith) Pickett. His boyhood was spent at Tariffville, Conn., and he prepared for college at the Hartford High School.

He graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1891 and one year later became Inspector of the Medical Department of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, at Cleveland, where he remained until the spring of 1909, when he was transferred to Philadelphia.

He was married August 6, 1902.

He is an Episcopalian, and in politics a Democrat.

ROBERT WILLIAM PLAYFORD, Uniontown, Pa.

Was born at Uniontown, Pa., April 19, 1865, the son of William H. and Ellen (Krepps) Playford. His boyhood was spent in Uniontown, and he prepared for college at the High School in Pottstown, Pa.

He has been in Uniontown practicing law since his admission to the bar, except from 1889 to 1893, when he was at Middleborough,

Ky. He is Vice-President of the Uniontown Water Company and attorney for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and other corporations.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church, and in politics a Gold Democrat. He belongs to the Laurel Club, of which he was President, 1904-05, and the Uniontown Country Club, of which he is Secretary and Treasurer. He is one of the large number of '87 men who get their principal outdoor diversion in golf.

JOHN NORTON POMEROY, San Francisco, Cal.

Was born at South Orange, N. J., May 7, 1866, the son of Prof. John Norton and Ann Rebecca (Carter) Pomeroy. He lived in New York City or vicinity until 1871 and in Rochester, N. Y., from 1871 until 1878, and then removed to San Francisco. He prepared for college at the Boys' High School in that city, and entered the University of California in the Class of '86, but changed to Yale, joining '87 at the beginning of the course.

He spent one year as a graduate student in political science at Yale, and the two succeeding years at the Columbia Law School and School of Political Science. Received the degree of M. A. at Yale in 1889 and LL. B. from the University of California in 1891. He practiced law in San Francisco up to December, 1899, during which years he devoted much time to the revision and editing of his father's works. During the years 1895-96 he lectured at the Leland Stanford, Jr., University on Contracts and Equity Jurisprudence. In 1900 he filled temporary vacancies in law faculties of Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., and Yale. Since then he has been occupied chiefly in legal writing for publication, living in Oakland, Cal., from 1901 to November, 1904, and after that in San Francisco. From November, 1906, to July, 1908, he was in the East, chiefly at Lexington, Va., and New York. For the works published by him, see Bibliography.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church. Politically he describes himself as a "Roosevelt Democrat—one of many hundreds of thousands who believe heartily in all of Roosevelt's policies, but lay more stress than he does on conserving a feeling for local autonomy ('States Rights') and on the overwhelming importance of immediate and drastic tariff reform." He is a member of the San Francisco Bar Association, of the Sierra Club, and the American Political Science Association. He finds pleasure in taking long walks, and says that his hobbies are maps and statistics.

He was married August 17, 1899, to Annie Crevot, daughter of the late George F. and of Mary Sterling Barrington, of Oakland, Cal. They have one child:

Harriet Barrington, born at Oakland, March 1, 1903.

THOMAS WYMAN PORTER, New York City.

Was born in New York City, November 3, 1864. He prepared for college at the Montclair (N. J.) High School.

Since graduation he has been connected with the firm of Porter Brothers & Company, manufacturers and commission merchants, of which firm he is now the head. He resides at Tuxedo Park, N Y.

He is a member of the Union, University, Tuxedo, Riding and Merchants' Clubs, and of the Sons of the Revolution.

He was married June 12, 1894, to Lillian Mary, daughter of Rodney Corning and Anne Allen Ward, of Brooklyn, N. Y. They lost one child in infancy and have one child living:

Katherine Wyman, born August 29, 1895.

ALBERT RICHARD PRITCHARD, Rochester, N. Y.

Was born at Rochester, March 12, 1863, the son of Alfred Richard and Mary Burroughs (Servoss) Pritchard, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at Exeter, and entered the Class of '87 at Harvard, but changed to Yale, joining '87 in Sophomore year.

Ever since graduation he has been engaged in the manufacture of metal specialties, first as founder and one of the proprietors of the Rochester Stamping Company and now as Vice-President and General Manager of the Pritchard-Strong Company, and Treasurer and General Manager of The Lisk Mfg. Co. Ltd., Canandaigua, N. Y., and the Reed Mfg. Co., Newark, N. J., all manufacturers of high grade sheet metal specialties. He has invented much new machinery and improved methods of manufacture in this line.

He is a member of the First Baptist Church, of Rochester, and a trustee of the Rochester Theological Seminary, and University of Rochester. In politics he was formerly a Republican, but is now an Independent. He is a member of the Genesee Valley Club, the Rochester Athletic Club, and the Rochester Country Club, and says that his hobbies are business first, then dogs, horses and golf.

He was married April 23, 1889, to Harriet E., daughter of the late Nathaniel D. Hare, of New York City. She died February 5, 1907, after several years' semi-invalidism. He was again married, September 3, 1907, at Chicago, to Mrs. Paulina H. Lyon, daughter of William and Huldah Putnam.

JOHN ROGERS, M. D., New York City.

Was born in New York City, February 19, 1866. His father was John Rogers the sculptor. He prepared for college at H. U. King's School, Stamford, Conn.

After one year of post-graduate work in Sheff., he graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1891. After a

period on the staff of the New York Hospital he began the general practice of medicine in New York, where he still is. He is instructor in clinical surgery and secretary to the faculty of Cornell University Medical College, visiting surgeon at Gouverneur and St. Francis' Hospitals and a member of several medical and surgical societies. He has published a number of articles in medical journals and encyclopaedias, and especially distinguished himself by the discovery of a serum treatment for Graves' disease, or exophthalmic goitre.

He was married November 27, 1895, to Elizabeth S., daughter of Charles A. (Yale '54) and Frances S. (Eaton) White, of New Haven. They have had three children:

John, born January 20, 1898.
Charles, born December 15, 1901; died May 10, 1904.
Elizabeth, born February 8, 1906.

BENJAMIN ROMAINE, San Francisco, Cal.

Was born at Leonia, N. J., June 4, 1865, the son of Nicholas Theodore and Mary Catherine (Christie) Romaine. In the fall of 1877, he removed to San Francisco with his parents, and prepared for college at the Boys' High School of that city.

Since graduating from the Columbia Law School "cum laude" in 1889 he has been practicing law in San Francisco.

He is a member and Secretary of Calvary Presbyterian Church of San Francisco, and is President of the California Bible Society. Politically he is an Independent. He belongs to the Bohemian and Loring Clubs. Outside of his business his greatest interest is in music. He says that his favorite sports are tramping and yachting; and adds that though the former may not be exactly a sport it is "something akin to golf without the arm action."

REV. EDWARD TALLMADGE ROOT, Providence, R. I.

Was born at Springfield, Ohio, March 19, 1865. His father was the Rev. Edward Warren Root (Yale '44), and his mother's maiden name was Mary Tallmadge. He lived successively in Ohio, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Illinois and New York. Having prepared for college at the Dryden (N. Y.) Union School, he entered Union College, but left after two years and joined Yale '87 at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduating from the Yale Theological Seminary in 1890, he spent one year as assistant pastor of the University Place Presbyterian Church, New York City. For the five years following he was pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Baltimore, Md., and then became pastor of the Elmwood Temple (Congrega-

tional), Providence, R. I. In September, 1903, he accepted the position of Field Secretary of the Rhode Island Federation of Churches, an organization devoted to the promotion of effective co-operation among churches and Christian workers of the various Protestant denominations. In November of the following year he was chosen, in addition, Field Secretary of the Massachusetts Federation of Churches, and gave up his pastorate. By the National Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, he was tendered in 1909 the position of Secretary for the Eastern District, including New York and New England. He continues to reside in Providence. He writes, "I feel that I am engaged in one of the greatest and most needed lines of work that can be done to-day for the churches of all denominations."

He has been active in temperance work and identified with organized movements in behalf of good citizenship in Baltimore and Providence. He is President of the Rhode Island League for Rural Progress. In politics he is an Independent.

He is the author of "The Profit of the Many," published by the Revell Company in 1899; also of numerous articles on church federation and other religious topics, sociological articles, two short stories just republished in book-form by the Remington Press, Providence, and a number of poems, some of which have been published in the Outlook, Congregationalist, Independent, etc.

He was married February 21, 1893, to Georgiana, daughter of Charles G. G. and Georgiana L. Merrill, of New Haven. They have two children:

Edward Merrill, born January 4, 1895.

Winthrop Hagaman, born September 21, 1901.

GRANT ISAAC ROSENZWEIG, Kansas City, Mo.

Was born at Erie, Pa., September 15, 1865. He prepared for college at the Erie High School and entered '87 as a Sophomore.

Having studied law in an office in Kansas City, he was admitted to the bar, and since November 1, 1889, has been in practice in that city.

He was married October 9, 1893, to Mathilde Rosenberger.

REV. CHARLES OTIS SCOVILLE, New Haven, Conn.

Was born at Montpelier, Vt., December 1, 1862, the son of James B. and Mary (Foster) Scoville. He prepared for college at the Montpelier High School.

After his graduation from the Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., and his ordination in 1890, he was rector of St. James' Church, Westville, Conn., for two years. In 1892 he became assistant

rector of Trinity Church, New Haven, and filled this position until he was chosen rector in April, 1908.

He is a member of the Graduates Club. Politically he is independent in all local elections.

He was married June 1, 1892, to Lena May, daughter of Willis B. and Ida H. Isbell, of Westville. They have one child:

Helen May, born August 16, 1893.

WILLIAM ALBERT SETCHELL, Ph. D., Berkeley, Cal.

Was born at Norwich, Conn., April 15, 1864, the son of George Case and Mary Ann (Davis) Setchell. His boyhood was spent in Norwich, and he prepared for college at the Norwich Free Academy.

The first four years after graduation he was at Harvard as a graduate student in botany and zoology and assistant in biology. He received the degree of M. A. from Harvard in 1888 and Ph. D. from Harvard two years later. From 1891 to 1895 he was successively assistant and instructor in biology in the Sheffield Scientific School. He was then appointed assistant professor of botany, but resigned to become professor of botany in the University of California, which position he still holds.

He is a Republican in National politics. He is a member of the Bohemian and Holluschickie Clubs of San Francisco, the Faculty Club of the University of California, the Washington Academy of Sciences of Washington, D. C., the California Academy of Sciences, etc. He has traveled extensively in Alaska and Hawaii, and in 1903-4 spent fifteen months in a tour around the world. He makes a hobby of tobacco books and tobacco pipes.

He is the author of a large number of papers on various botanical subjects in different journals, proceedings of learned societies, Government publications, etc.; also of "Laboratory Practice for Beginners in Botany" (Macmillan, 1897), and (with F. S. Collins and Isaac Holden) of "Phycotheca Boreali Americana, a Collection of Dried Specimens of the Algae of North America."

LEWIS SEYMOUR, Deposit, N. Y.

Was born at Binghamton, N. Y., March 14, 1863, the son of Lewis and Martha Elizabeth (Burgess) Seymour. His boyhood was spent in the place of his birth, and he prepared for college at Andover.

Having studied law in an office in Binghamton, he was admitted to the bar in 1889, and continued to reside in that city engaged in the practice of his profession until about two years ago, with an interval of service in the Spanish War, as noted below. In 1907 he was cashier and business manager for a western concern, and then became connected with the accounting and collection departments

of the Outing Publishing Company, located at Deposit, N. Y. He has, in addition, resumed law practice in Binghamton.

Seymour enlisted in the First Regiment, New York Infantry Volunteers, May 1, 1898, and was mustered in as Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant. He was stationed first at Camp Black, near Hempstead, L. I., then on Governor's Island in New York Harbor, and later at San Francisco. For three months he was in camp in the Hawaiian Islands. His regiment was then ordered home, and he was finally mustered out at Albany, February 26, 1899. Shortly after this he enlisted in the National Guard of the State of New York, and soon attained the rank of First Lieutenant. Was promoted Captain and Adjutant, 1st Regt. Inf'y, N. Y., May, 1905.

He is a Republican in politics, and held the position of City Clerk of Binghamton from 1893 to 1897. He attends the Presbyterian Church, and is a member of the Commercial Law League.

He was married May 20, 1908, at Wheaton, Ill., to Luda Wells.

JAMES ROCKWELL SHEFFIELD, New York City.

Was born at Dubuque, Iowa, August 13, 1864, the son of Frederick W. H. and Sarah (Kellogg) Sheffield, and removed to Utica, N. Y., in 1876. He prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

He was admitted to the bar in October, 1889, after one year in the Harvard Law School and several months in Washington as private secretary to United States Senator William B. Allison, of Iowa. Until 1893 he practiced law in partnership with J. H. Mann and alone, but in that year became associated with Betts, Atterbury, Hyde & Betts, which firm subsequently became Betts, Betts, Sheffield & Betts, and is now Betts, Sheffield, Bentley & Betts. He is Treasurer of the Yonkers North End Land Company and general counsel for various corporations.

In November, 1893, he was elected a member of the New York State Assembly from the XI Assembly District, of New York City, and served one term. From 1895 to 1898 was a member of the Board of Fire Commissioners, of New York City, by appointment of Mayor Strong, and the last two years of his service was President of the Board. In 1905 he was appointed Chairman of the State Commission of Gas, Electricity and Water, by Governor Higgins, but declined to serve.

In politics he is a Republican and has taken active part in the campaigns of the last fifteen years, making speeches through New York City and New York State. In 1898 and 1900 he accompanied Mr. Roosevelt on stumping tours through the State; in 1904 he accompanied Governor Higgins in the same way, and in 1906 Governor Hughes. Sheffield was identified with the so-called "Good Government" movement in New York City in the early '90's, which had

for its purpose the separation of municipal from State and National politics. He was a member of the "Judiciary Nominators" in 1906, and has taken part in other efforts to effect municipal reform and the reform of the judiciary. He was a member of the Committee on Finance of the Republican National Committee in 1904 and has held various other offices in party organizations.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and of the University, Yale, Union League, Republican and Lawyers' Clubs of New York City, and of the Bar Association. He is President of the Yale Club and a member of its Council, has been Vice-President of the Republican Club, and holds or has held a number of official positions in other organizations. His favorite sport is tennis.

He has published writings, including an article on Senator Allison in the Atlantic Monthly in 1896, an article on the New York Fire Department in the Outlook in 1898, Annual Reports of the New York Fire Department and some pamphlets on The Use of Fire Boats for Auxiliary Water Supply, etc.

He was married November 2, 1898, to Edith Tod, of Cleveland, Ohio, a grand-daughter of Governor David Tod, the War Governor of that State. They have one child:

Frederick, born February 26, 1902.

WALTER BRADLEY SHEPPARD, Fort Collins, Colo.

Was born at Penn Yan, N. Y., November 22, 1865. He prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

Since 1898, he has lived in Colorado, without regular occupation, except during five years, when he was editor of a paper in Fort Collins. He spent considerable time in the mountains of Colorado, Montana and Wyoming.

Married in 1889, Margaret Lapham, of Penn Yan.

JOHN CALHOUN SIMONDS, Charleston, S. C.

Was born at Abbeville, S. C., October 23, 1863, the son of Andrew and Sarah Calhoun Simonds. His boyhood was spent in Charleston, and he prepared for college at Exeter.

Since shortly after graduation he has been connected with the First National Bank of Charleston, for many years as Cashier, but now as President.

He attends the Episcopal Church, and in politics is a Democrat.

He was married March 8, 1892, to Elizabeth Mary Orr, daughter of Thomas P. and Annie E. Branch, of Augusta, Ga. They have two children:

Elizabeth Mary Branch, born June 2, 1895.

John Calhoun, Jr., born October 5, 1897.

FRANK CLIFTON SMITH.

Was born at Albany, N. Y., March 29, 1862. He prepared for college at the Natchang High School, and entered Yale in the Class of '85. He joined '87 in the second term of Freshman year.

The first five or six years after graduation he was connected with the Philadelphia Press. He then went abroad and was in Europe for ten years or so. In 1905 he became Professor of Modern European Languages in Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa. A year later he was at Bellefonte Academy, Bellefonte, Pa. His present whereabouts the Secretary has been unable to determine.

He was married September 5, 1888, to Ella Marie, daughter of Sanford and Wealthy L. (Ross) Swift, of Abington, Conn.

PAUL SPENCER, Philadelphia, Pa.

Was born at Orange, N. J., March 19, 1866, the son of George Gilman and Caroline (Arnold) Spencer. His father was a graduate of Yale '34. His boyhood was spent in Brooklyn, and he prepared for college at the Brooklyn Polytechnic.

After one year in business he entered Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, where he graduated in '91 with the degree of M. E. He was connected successively with the Field Engineering Company, of New York, the Stanley Electrical Manufacturing Company, of Pittsfield, Mass., and the People's Light and Power Company, of Newark, N. J. Since 1900 he has been an inspector of electrical plants for the United Gas Improvement Company, of Philadelphia. He resides at Bryn Mawr, Pa.

He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Unitarian Church. He belongs to the University Club, of New York, the Philadelphia Cricket Club, and the Merion Cricket Club. He is an associate member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, and since June, 1906, has served on its Board of Managers. He is also a Director of the Des Moines Edison Light Company, of Des Moines, Iowa.

He was married April 25, 1894, to Frances Margaret, daughter of Alexander C. and Clara Wiswall Durbin, of Montclair, N. J. They have two children:

Frederick Gilman, born at Montclair, N. J., June 24, 1895.

Frances Margaret, born at Ellenville, N. Y., August 15, 1899.

Their third child, Caroline, born at Rosemont, Pa., June 4, 1902, died at Atlantic City, July 12, 1903.

FREDERICK SPRAGUE, Chicago, Ill.

Was born in Chicago, October 4, 1865. He prepared for college at the Chicago High School.

For a number of years he was in the glass business with his father in Chicago. In 1899 he became Secretary and Treasurer of the Orangine Chemical Company, of Chicago.

No word has been received from him for some years.

EDWARD STAEHLIN, M. D., Newark, N. J.

Was born at Newark, June 25, 1865, and prepared for college at the High School in that city.

He graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, in 1890, and subsequently did hospital work at the German Hospital, Vanderbilt Clinic and Chambers Street Hospital until 1893. He then spent a year in the study of medicine in Vienna, returning home in 1894, since which time he has been engaged in the general practice of medicine in Newark. He has written a number of articles which have appeared in various medical journals.

MAXIMILIAN LINCOLN STEIN.

Stein is the only graduate member of the Class whose history is an absolute blank, since graduation. Every effort to locate him has been futile.

WILLIAM PIRRIE TAYLOR, Worcester, Mass.

Was born in Glasgow, Scotland, November 24, 1864, the son of James and Isabella (Pirrie) Taylor. He came to this country in 1875, and resided at Southbridge, Mass., where he prepared for college at the High School.

The first two years after graduation he was in Massachusetts in State Y. M. C. A. work. He then taught two years in Charlottesville, Va. From 1891 to 1904 he was principal and proprietor of a private school in Birmingham, Ala. The next two years he taught Latin at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa. Since 1906 he has been educational director of the Y. M. C. A., of Worcester.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and preaches occasionally. In politics he is an Independent and is an active worker for "no license" in Worcester. He belongs to the Royal Arcanum. Of out-door sports he is especially interested in football and track athletics.

He was married June 17, to Nettie, daughter of Noble A. and the late Phoebe J. (Stockholm) Taylor, of Brooklyn. They have three children:

Dorothy Isabella, born August 20, 1893.

Andrew William, born January 1, 1895.

Their third child, Nettie Ella, born July 10, 1896, died February 28, 1897.

WILLIAM LARNED THACHER, Nordhoff, Cal.

Was born at New Haven, October 9, 1866. His father was Thomas Anthony Thacher (Yale '35), for forty-four years Professor of Latin at Yale, and his mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Baldwin Sherman. His father, three uncles, six older brothers and (so far) three nephews, all have been Yale (Academic) graduates. His boyhood was spent in New Haven, and he prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School.

He spent the first year after graduation in the Yale Medical School and the ensuing three years in the Union Theological Seminary. From 1891 until 1894 he was Secretary of the Students' Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York. Since 1895 he has been teaching in the Thacher School for Boys, in the Ojai Valley, California. He is associate headmaster with his brother Sherman Day Thacher ('83), and head of the Latin Department.

He has been representative of the Southern California Alumni upon the Advisory Board of Yale Alumni since its formation by the Corporation of Yale University. He takes a special interest in local improvements, and holds a number of offices in organizations devoted to such ends, e. g., trustee of the George Thacher Memorial Public Library. He is a trustee and Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Ojai Presbyterian Church.

He has studied languages at the summer schools at the University of California and Chautauqua, and made visits of inspection to many of the colleges and leading schools of the country. He has traveled extensively, having crossed the United States more than twenty times and visited Europe, Alaska, Mexico, Canada and Hawaii. He has scarcely missed a Yale commencement since graduation. He is a member of the Ojai Valley Club, the University Club of Los Angeles and the Archaeological Institute of America. He is President of the Ojai Valley Tennis Club. While tennis is his favorite sport, he also enjoys fishing, hunting, horseback riding, golf and base ball.

RICHARD SIMMS THOMAS, New York City.

Was born at Waukegan, Ill., February 19, 1866, the son of Richard Simms and Helen Malvina (Naylor) Thomas. His boyhood was spent in Chicago, Ill., and Boonton, N. J., and he prepared for college with a private tutor.

He graduated from Columbia Law School in 1889 and was admitted to the New York bar one year later. He has never practiced, however, but taught school until August, 1892, when he became New England Manager of the University Publishing Company with an office in Boston. In October, 1893, he became connected with

Ginn & Company, educational publishers, of Boston, New York and Chicago, of which firm he became a member in 1898, his headquarters being the New York office.

He is an Episcopalian, in politics a Republican, a Mason, and a member of the Royal Arcanum. He also belongs to the University and Yale Clubs, of New York City, the Ardsley Club, of Ardsley-on-Hudson and the University Club, of Boston. He plays tennis and golf.

JOSEPH LYLE THORNTON, Died June 17, 1890.

(Biographical Sketch in Triennial Record.)

CHARLES LOUIS TORREY, Putnam, Conn.

Was born at Putnam, Conn., December 14, 1862, the son of Charles D. and Martha W. (Warren) Torrey. His boyhood was spent in Putnam, and he prepared for college at the High School of that place.

Having taught school a year, and studied law in an office, he was admitted to the bar and has since been practicing in Putnam. He is now the senior member of the firm of Torrey & Geissler.

He is a Republican in politics, and is Chairman of the Republican City Committee. He has held a number of local offices, including that of Corporation Counsel from January 1, 1904, to January 1, 1908. He was elected to the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1906, and was Chairman of the Committee on Engrossed Bills and a member of the Judiciary Committee. He belongs to the State Bar Association.

He was married October 23, 1897, to Helen Martha, daughter of George M. and Mary Washburn Porter, of Willimantic, Conn.

HOWARD CROSBY TRACY, New York City.

Was born at Westborough, Mass., August 1, 1866, the son of Jeremiah Evarts and Martha Sherman (Greene) Tracy. His boyhood was spent in Plainfield, N. J., and he prepared for college in a private school at that place and at Dr. Pingree's School, Elizabeth, N. J.

Having graduated "cum laude" from Columbia Law School in 1889, he was admitted to the bar in November of that year, and has since been practicing in New York. From September, 1893, to May, 1902, he was in partnership with W. G. Lane (Yale '88), under the firm name of Tracy & Lane, after which date he practiced alone for about a year and then entered the employ of the Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Company, of New York, of which he is now Assistant Attorney. He was Secretary of the Re-organization Com-

mittee of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company from 1893 to 1896, and subsequent to the re-organization was Assistant Secretary of the company for two years.

He resides at Plainfield, N. J. In 1896 he was a candidate for member of the New Jersey Assembly from Union County on the Gold Democratic ticket; but is now a Republican, considering that party best fitted to administer the Government. He is a member of the Republican City Executive Committee, of Plainfield. He is, however, actively associated with the "New Idea" movement in New Jersey politics, started by Senator Everett Colby, the purpose of which is the overthrow of bossism, the freeing of the Legislature from the dictation of political machines, and the encouragement of a more active interest among the general public in affairs of government. Tracy was for two years Chairman of the New Idea organization in his ward and of the Central City Committee of the movement in Plainfield. He is also a member of the Plainfield Protective Association, an organization formed to resist the exactions of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey and to promote any movement in the public interest.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church. He belongs to the New York Bar Association. His favorite sport is canoeing, and he also finds diversion in vegetable gardening. He has traveled extensively throughout the United States, principally in the Northwest.

He was married June 24, 1893, to Minerva Bingham, daughter of Eastburn E. and Martha W. Lamson, of St. Paul, Minn.

ELFORD PARRY TROWBRIDGE, New Haven, Conn.

Was born in New Haven, September 16, 1862, the son of Winston John and Margarette Elford (Dean) Trowbridge, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at Andover. He became a member of the Class of '87 in Junior year.

After two years spent in travel he was for several years in the offices of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. He then went into business in New Haven. He is now President and sole proprietor of the Montowese Brick Company.

He is a Congregationalist, and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the Graduates, Quinnipiack and Yale Clubs, the New Haven Lawn Club and the New Haven Country Club. Golf, tennis, riding and driving are his favorite out-door sports; while genealogy and collections are among his other interests. He has recently visited South America and the West Indies.

He was married October 5, 1904, at Lyme, Conn., to Anna Bertha, daughter of Daniel (Yale '45) and Ellen (Noyes) Chadwick, and a sister of Ernest Chadwick (Yale '91).

FRANCIS BACON TROWBRIDGE, New Haven, Conn.

Was born in New Haven, June 7, 1866, the son of Thomas Rutherford and Katherine (Bacon) Trowbridge, and has always resided there. He prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School.

Since graduating from the Yale Law School in 1890 he has been engaged in the management of family real estate and trusts, and is acting in a fiduciary capacity for several estates.

He has given considerable time to genealogical work and has published four genealogies.

In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Quinnipiack and New Haven Country Clubs, the Yale Club, of New York, the Sons of the American Revolution, the American Historical Association, the New England Historic Genealogical Society, of Boston, Mass., and the New Haven Colony Historical Society. Of the last named he is one of the directors.

He was married June 30, 1898, to Mabel Christine, daughter of Helen Josephine (Chipman) and the late James Augustus Nelson of Brooklyn, N. Y.

WILLIAM RUTHERFORD HAYES TROWBRIDGE, JR., London, England.

Was born in Barbados, B. W. I., May 19, 1866, the son of William Rutherford Hayes and Isabella (Nesbit) Trowbridge. His father was a graduate of Yale '63. His boyhood was spent in Barbados, and he prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

After graduation he was with the firm of Trowbridge & Co., merchants of Barbados, until 1891. He was then in the employ of the Colonial Bank, of London, for a number of years, serving in responsible positions in many of its branches, principally in the West Indies. In 1900, having already published several books, he resigned, and removed to London to make literature his profession. He has since then published thirteen volumes, including fiction, historical works, and a drama in French. (See Bibliography.)

He passed the Military School for Officers at Chelsea in December, 1900, and received a commission as Lieutenant in the 1st Cadet Battalion, the Queen's Royal West Surrey Regiment. He retired from this service in 1907, having reached the rank of Captain. He has been actively interested in settlement work, having resided for several years at the Passmore Edwards Settlement in London. He is a member of the Royal Societies, the Playgoers and the New Vagabonds Clubs, of London, and the Bridgetown Club, of Barbados. His favorite sports are fencing, motoring and rowing.

FRANK DAY TUTTLE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Was born in Brooklyn, October 11, 1865, the son of Ezra B. and Frances (Day) Tuttle. His boyhood was spent in Brooklyn, and he prepared for college at the Brooklyn Polytechnic.

Since 1887 he has been, and still is, in the coal business as a member of the firm of S. Tuttle's Son & Company, 40 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y. From 1902 to 1905 he resided at Lawrence, L. I.

He is a Republican but has not been particularly active in politics. He is a member of the Methodist Church. He is a director of the First National Bank, of Brooklyn, and of the Y. M. C. A. In 1905-07, he was Vice-President and President of the Brooklyn Coal Exchange. He belongs to the Society of Colonial Wars, the Sons of the Revolution and the Hamilton, Crescent Athletic, Heights Casino and Union League Clubs, of Brooklyn. He has served on the Nominating Committees or Boards of Governors of several of his clubs. His favorite out-door game is tennis. His travel has included Cuba, Europe and California.

He was married April 27, 1897, to Florence Guertin, of Brooklyn. They have two children:

Frank Day, Jr., born at Lawrence, L. I., June 9, 1902.

Winslow Guertin, born at Lawrence, L. I., April 1, 1904.

JAMES JOHNSTON WARING, Died July 6, 1887.

(Biographical Sketch in Triennial Record.)

WILLIAM XENOPHON WEED, White Plains, N. Y.

Was born at Stamford, Conn., April 21, 1867. He prepared for college at the Stamford High School.

Having studied at the Columbia Law School, he practiced law in New York until 1901, during the last five years of which period he was connected with the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, making a specialty of real estate law. He then became Managing Attorney for that company for the Westchester County Branch Office at White Plains. He resides at Stamford, Conn.

He is a Congregationalist and a Republican.

He was married January 18, 1890, to Harriet E., daughter of Susan E. and the late Holly Scofield, of Stamford. They have seven childen living:

Mildred, born November 14, 1890.

Walter Irving, born March 13, 1894.

Dorothy, born June 10, 1896.

Constance, born July 9, 1897.

Loraine, born October 4, 1898.

Everett Scofield, born May 23, 1900.

Eunice, born July 13, 1901.

Their second child, Roland Scofield, born June 6, 1892, died March 18, 1896.

(From previous reports, as nothing has been heard from Weed since the Quindecennial Record.)

FREDERIC ROGER WHITTLESEY, Died July 19, 1900.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

FREDERICK SEARLE WOODWARD, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Was born in Brooklyn, September 19, 1865, the son of William Searle and Mary Parkin (Saltonstall) Woodward. His boyhood was spent in Brooklyn, where he prepared for college at the Adelphi Academy.

From 1887 to 1895 he was in various parts of the West, including Chicago, Huron, S. D., Soudan, Mich., Tacoma and North Yakima, Wash., and Graniteville, Mo. In 1895 he returned to Brooklyn, where he still resides. From 1897 to 1901 he was in the employ of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn. He has now been for several years an electrical engineer connected with the Long Island Railroad at Long Island City. He has given some study to various subjects allied with electrical engineering, and has written articles which have been published in the Proceedings of the Brooklyn Engineers' Club.

He is a member of the Church of the Messiah, and in politics a Republican. He belongs to the Brooklyn Engineers' Club, of which he is Vice-President, the New York Railroad Club and the American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

He was married June 4, 1898, to Mary Benedict, daughter of Edwin A. and Mary E. Thrall, of Brooklyn. They have two children living:

William Searle, born in Brooklyn, March 28, 1900.

Marjorie, born in Brooklyn, March 24, 1907.

Their second child, Frederick Benedict, born in Brooklyn, July 6, 1902, died at the age of two days.

GEORGE WOODWARD, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

Was born at Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 22, 1863, the son of Stanley and S. R. (Butler) Woodward. His father was a graduate of Yale '55, and was for 21 years Common Pleas Judge, of Luzerne County, Pa. Woodward spent his boyhood in Wilkesbarre and prepared for college at the Wilkesbarre Academy.

After one year as post-graduate student in Sheff., he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated in 1891. After a year and a half in the German Hos-

pital, in Philadelphia, he removed to New Haven, where he engaged in general practice and was assistant in the Yale Medical School, but returned to Philadelphia. He was for a time associate in the William Pepper Laboratory of Clinical Medicine, University of Pennsylvania. He has published a number of articles on medical or chemical subjects. He is or has been President of the Aid Association of the County Medical Society, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Germantown Hospital and a Director of the Real Estate Trust Company.

He has served in the Philadelphia Common Council, on the Board of Health, and on the Citizens' Permanent Relief Committee. He has been active in behalf of municipal reform in Philadelphia, being a member of the Executive Committee of the "Committee of 70." An account of the work, from his pen, appeared in the Outlook for December 2, 1905. He is also interested in the Octavia Hill Association for the Housing of the Poor, and in the Chestnut Hill Academy. He is an Episcopalian, and is accounting warden of St. Martin's Church in Chestnut Hill. In politics he is a Republican; says that he "couldn't stand Bryan." He belongs to the University Club, the City Club (of which he is one of the Governors) and the Philadelphia and Germantown Cricket Clubs.

He was married October 9, 1894, to Gertrude, daughter of Henry H. and Sally S. (Bonnell) Houston, of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia. They have four children:

H. H. Houston, born February 27, 1896.
George, Jr., born December 26, 1897.
Stanley J., born March 12, 1899.
Charles Henry, born April 14, 1904.

GEORGE HURLBUT YOUNG, New Orleans, La. (?)

Was born in New York City, December 9, 1864. His father was Mason Young (Yale '60), from 1873 to 1884 a member of the Yale Corporation. Young prepared for college at St. Paul's and Andover.

He was in the employ of the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railroad at Jacksonville, Fla., after graduation until January, 1894. From January, 1894, until October, 1896, he was with the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company at Albany and Saratoga, N. Y., as Traveling Freight and Passenger Agent of the "Erie Dispatch" and the "Lackawanna Line." From 1896 to 1898 he was at Hard Times Landing, La., as buyer and manager of the large cotton plantations of John M. Gillespie, '87. In January, 1898, he removed to New

York, where he was with the Mutual Life Insurance Company for three years. In November, 1901, he resumed his connection with Gillespie's plantation. For some years prior to 1908 he was in partnership with Gillespie in a cotton-broking firm at 818 Union Street, New Orleans. Whether he has continued the business since the death of his partner is not known.

He was married February 15, 1890, to Mary Lang, daughter of Capt. William M. Gamble, U. S. N., of Morristown, N. J. They have one child:

Edward Gamble, born July 12, 1891.

NON-GRADUATES.

JOSEPH NOYES BABCOCK, New York City.

Left '87 at the close of Sophomore year. After a period in the real estate business in Brooklyn, became connected with Colonial Trust Company, New York, where he was at time of most recent information, occupying the position of Trust Officer.

PHILIP SHERIDAN BABCOCK, New York City.

Like his brother, next above, he has been with the Colonial Trust Company, New York, for many years, having previously been with the Central Trust Company at 15 William Street, and is now Vice-President of the former institution.

He resides in Lawrence Park, Bronxville, New York, and has a family.

Mrs. Babcock was Lillian B., daughter of Sereno M. and Annie N. Clark, of White Plains, N. Y. They were married November 8, 1890, and have three children:

Philip Sheridan, Jr., born August 8, 1891.
Arthur Clark, born May 10, 1893.
Charlotte Noyes, born March 11, 1895.

ALBERTUS HUTCHINSON BALDWIN, Washington, D. C.

Was born at Branford, Conn., December 14, 1865, the son of the Rev. E. C. and Fannie M. (Hutchinson) Baldwin. His boyhood was spent in New Haven, where he prepared for college at the Hillhouse High School.

From 1884 to 1887 he was in the employ of the United States Fish Commission at Washington, D. C., and Woods Hole, Mass. After studying art in Paris and Venice for two years, he returned to Washington and was employed in illustrating reports of the Fish Commission and other scientific bureaus of the Government. This work took him successively to Porto Rico, Paris, Hawaii, California, the Bahamas and Alaska. He was connected with State or National exhibits at the Chicago, St. Louis and Portland Expositions. Since 1906 he has been a special agent of the Post Office Department.

Politically he is a Republican. He is a member of the Cosmos Club, the Chevy Chase Club, the National Society of Arts and the

Washington Water Color Society, and has been one of the Managers and acting Secretary of the first-named. His favorite sport is golf.

CHARLES FRANCIS BALDWIN, Blantyre, N. C.

Left the Class at the close of Junior year and graduated with Class of '88. It is gathered from the latest reports from the Class of '88 that Baldwin is engaged in agricultural pursuits.

ALBERT WILLIAM BARNUM, Died August 20, 1903.

Graduated from Union College of Law in Chicago and practiced his profession in that city until his death. He was a member of the firm of Barnum, Humphrey & Barnum.

He was married in October, 1894, to Emma D., daughter of A. C. Rawson, of Louisville, Ky.

While swimming in Lake Michigan, near Petoskey, he was drowned August 20, 1903.

So far as known he left no children, one child having died in infancy.

THOMAS LIVINGSTON BAYNE, Russellville, Tenn.

Left college at the close of Sophomore year. His father was a Yale man in the Class of '47, and bore the same name as the son. He was a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Confederate Army and served in the War Department of the Confederacy as Chief of Bureau of Foreign Supplies on staff of the Secretary of War. His mother, Maria Gayle, was a daughter of Governor John Gayle, of Alabama.

Upon leaving college he returned to New Orleans, then his home, and engaged in the practice of law and subsequently the real estate business. In 1900 he removed to Russellville, Tenn., where he became actively engaged in breeding of high grade poultry and swine. He is also editor of a journal published in Knoxville, Tenn., "The Industrious Hen," which as its name indicates, is devoted to the interests of poultry breeders.

He still finds time and opportunity for athletic pursuits, playing on the Morristown (Tenn.) football team, and also on a local base ball team.

He was married in March, 1891, to Gretchen Muller, daughter of William and Caroline (Nicholas) Muller, of New Orleans. They have three children:

Thomas Livingston Jr., born in 1891.
William M., born in 1893.
Edith, born in 1904.
Their eldest son, "T. L." Jr., is at Andover, preparing for Sheff.

REV. ELI BEERS, Boston, Mass.

Was born at Bridgewater, Conn., June 12th, 1856, the son of Chauncey A. and Laura (Dunning) Beers. His boyhood was spent at Bridgewater, Conn., and, having prepared for college at Andover, he joined the Class of '87 at the beginning of Sophomore year. At its close, having passed both Sophomore and Junior examinations, he moved up into '86, with which class he completed the course and graduated.

He graduated from the Yale Divinity School in 1889. He next preached for four years in Anamosa, Iowa, and then spent one year in the Emerson College of Oratory, in Boston. Since then he has devoted himself mainly to the study of the physical and mental causes of disease and of the cure of the same through hygienic agencies. He has lectured extensively on these subjects, and is preparing a treatise for publication. For an interval of four years he was in Bridgewater, Conn., attending mainly to his father's affairs, and he spent the greater part of 1903 traveling in New Mexico and Mexico.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics, though formerly a Republican, now belongs to no party.

FRANCIS BERGSTROM, Worcester, Mass.

Was born at Wermland, Sweden, March 27, 1859, the son of Nils and Lena K. (Edberg) Bergstrom. His boyhood was spent in Minneapolis, Minn. He left '87 in Freshman year, and, returning to college the next year, completed the course and graduated with '88.

After completing one year in the Law School of the University of Minnesota in 1890, and a second in Harvard Law School, he was admitted to the Massachusetts Bar at East Cambridge, July 3, 1890. He then practiced law in Minneapolis until 1903. He then removed to Worcester, Mass., where he is now engaged in an active law practice.

He is a member of the Congregational Church, and in politics a Republican. He was quite active in political affairs as delegate, stump speaker, etc., while living in Minnesota, and took a part in the 1907 Mayoralty campaign in Worcester. He was Vice-President of the Thule Music Hall Association in 1907 and President in 1909. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Worcester Bar Association, the Economic Club, the Congregational Club, Leicester Country Club, and is Vice-President of the Hancock Club. His favorite out-door sports are fishing and golf.

He was married June 14, 1894, to Gertrude, daughter of J. W. Barnard, of Andover, Mass. They have one child living:

Phillips Barnard, born at Minneapolis, October 1, 1899.

WILLIAM BASCOM BISSELL, M. D., Lakeville, Conn.

Was in the Class but a short time and graduated with '88. He studied medicine and has been practicing for a number of years in Lakeville, Conn., where he is Medical Examiner and the leading physician of the town.

CLAYTON HARCOURT BRIGHAM, Died July 29, 1897.

He was a brother of W. S. Brigham '87, but was with the Class but a short time. He graduated in '88 and was residing in Savannah, Ga., at the time of his death.

WILLIAM BARRETT BRINSMADE, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Left the Class in Junior year and graduated with '88. He graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the Class of '91 since which time he has been engaged in practice of medicine in Brooklyn. At last accounts he was also Professor of Clinical Surgery at the Long Island College Hospital. He resides at No. 166 Columbia Heights.

HENRY WADE BRUORTON.

Left the Class in ill health Sophomore year and died in Brooklyn in the summer of 1885.

JAMES PHILIP BOOTH, San Francisco, Cal.

Left '87 in Sophomore year and graduated from the University of California.

For a number of years was engaged in newspaper work in San Francisco, having partly completed a law course at the University of California.

The latest information concerning him comes from a member of the Class, who writes: "Booth was chosen a member of the Board of Supervisors of San Francisco, by Mayor Taylor, in the summer of 1907, on the ground of his excellent previous record and was one of those re-elected on the Democratic-Non-partisan ticket in November."

JOHN CHRISTOPHER BURCH, Memphis, Tenn.

Was born at Nashville, Tenn., September 16, 1866, the son of John C. and Lucy (Newell) Burch. His father was a graduate of Yale '47, and held the offices of Speaker of the Tennessee Senate, Comptroller of the State of Tennessee and Secretary of the U. S. Senate. Burch's boyhood was spent in Nashville, Tenn. He was with '87 until the close of Sophomore year.

He then returned to Nashville and entered the employ of the Daily American. He has been manager of the advertising department of that paper, assistant manager of an English corporation owning iron and timber lands on the Cumberland River, and more recently was connected with the Cumberland Telegraph and Telephone Company. He was also director of a bank and of several other corporations in Nashville. In October, 1905, he removed to Memphis, where he is a broker in bonds and stocks.

He is an Episcopalian, and in politics an anti-Bryan Democrat. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias and to the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo. He is a member of the Hermitage Club, of Nashville and of several other social clubs; he has been President of the Capital Club of Nashville, and a director of others. He has written a number of articles for the daily press. He is interested in football, baseball and fishing.

He was married January 16, 1895, to Elizabeth, daughter of John C. and Elizabeth (Childress) Brown, of Nashville. Mrs. Burch's father was Governor of Tennessee from 1870 to 1874. She died in August, 1904, leaving one son:

John Brown, born at Nashville, May 18, 1898.

JOHN HENRY CARSON, New York City.

Was in the Class but a short time and was for a time in the Class of '87 in Columbia. Nothing has been heard from him directly, but it is said that his address is No. 12 West 10th St., New York City.

PERCY WALKER DANA.

Left college in the Spring of '84. No information has been received from him since that date.

STEPHEN HOWARD DENNEN.

Left the Class in the Spring of '84. It is understood that he died in 1889 or 1890.

JOHN RICE ELDRIDGE, M. D., Berkeley, Cal.

Left the Class at the end of Sophomore year and graduated from Harvard in the Class of '88 and from Cooper Medical College, San Francisco, in '94. He is now practicing medicine at No. 2817 Carver Street, Berkeley.

CHARLES SCHMECK FOOS, Reading, Pa.

Is, and for seven years has been, Superintendent of Schools of Reading, where he has been located since he left college in 1884.

Prior to his election to this office he was engaged most of the time in teaching, although he was at one time in the newspaper business, and at another in the insurance business.

He is a member of the State and National Educational Associations, is president and a member of the Executive Committee of the former and has served on various committees in the latter. He has contributed many articles to National School Journal, American School Board Journal and other educational journals. He has done work at the University of Chicago, Harvard, University of New York, and other colleges, and in 1898 received the honorary degree of A. M. from Lafayette.

He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and has served as Sunday School Superintendent. He is a member of Board of Managers Y. M. C. A. He is a member of the Masons, Knights Templar, the Royal Arcanum and other orders, and has held high office in several of them. He belongs to the Board of Trade, the Press and other clubs.

He was married November 28, 1895, to Mary Van Emburgh, daughter of Garrett H. Demarest. They have four children:

Irvin Demarest, born August 25, 1896.
Frances Alice, born January 11, 1900.
Charles George, born February 8, 1902.
Florence Demarest, born June 6, 1905.

WILLIAM NETTLES GOODWIN, Los Angeles, Cal.

Left the Class in June, '84, and was for a short time in '88. On leaving college he studied law and practiced in Susanville, Cal., with his father, where he was prominent in politics and director of the Electric Light, Water and Power Co. Six or seven years ago he removed to San Francisco and practiced there until just after the great earthquake when he moved to Los Angeles where he now resides. He is married and has two children.

THEODORE STONE HAWLEY, Santa Barbara, Cal.

Was with '87 during Freshman and Junior years, remaining out during Sophomore year and not returning for Senior year.

He has resided in Santa Barbara since 1886, and gives his attention to various business enterprises in which he is interested.

He is unmarried and has held no political office; having declined a nomination for a position on the Board of Public Works and also for that of mayor.

He is a Director of the Commercial Bank and Santa Barbara Savings Bank, a member of the Santa Barbara Club and Santa Barbara Country Club. He is not a member of any of the churches.

WILLIAM STANTON HUME.

Was in the Class only a short time and his whereabouts since he left New Haven are unknown.

GEORGE MERRIAM HYDE, Died April 11, 1899.

(Biographical Sketch in Quindecennial Record.)

IRVING OLMSTEAD, Stamford, Conn.

Left the Class in the Spring of '86 and was for a time in '88. He studied law but has never practiced. He is now living in Stamford, Conn., where his address is 25 Oliver St.

EDWIN PARSONS, New York City.

Was born in New York, December 12, 1864, the son of Charles and Sarah (Shepley) Parsons. His boyhood was spent in New York City. He left '87 in Sophomore year, and completed the course and graduated with '88.

Since graduation he has been engaged in the railroad business. His office is in New York City, but he resides at Cantrell, S. C.

He is an Episcopalian and a vestryman of Goose Creek Church, St. James Parish, S. C. He is a member of the University, Yale and Automobile Clubs of New York, the Graduates Club, of New Haven and the Country Club, of Charleston, S. C.

He was married April 20, 1892, to Laura Lyon, of Oswego, N. Y. She died April 6, 1893. He was again married, March 8, 1898, to Mary B., daughter of George A. Whitehead, of Savannah, Ga. They have four children:

Edwin, Jr., born at Savannah, April 3, 1899.
Sarah Whitehead, born at New York, May 3, 1900.
Elizabeth Church, born at New York, April 12, 1901.
Mary Battle, born at New York, November 22, 1903.

DAVID WARREN PATTEN, North Haven, Conn.

Left the Class in the Spring of '84, and at last accounts was located in North Haven, Conn., and engaged in agriculture.

FREDERIC HOPKINS POMROY, United States Army.

Left the Class at the end of Junior year and graduated with '88. Up to 1897 he was located in Lockport, N. Y. He then entered the army and was for one year in Porto Rico, one year in Cuba and two years in Manila. He is still in the army and is a captain. He is located at different places from time to time but his permanent address is care of the Adjutant General, War Department, Washington, D. C.

GEORGE CLYDE POST, Died April 12, 1885.

Left the Class on account of ill health in spring of '84 and died April 12, 1885.

REV. J. L. QUIMBY, Gardiner, Maine.

Was in the Class but a few weeks. The only information concerning him is that he is a clergyman, located at 125 Brunswick Ave., Gardiner, Maine.

THOMAS FREDERICK SANFORD, Berkeley, Cal.

Left the Class in Spring of '86 and graduated with '88. He took a post-graduate course at Yale and after teaching in the Northwestern University for a time became instructor and later Professor of English in the University of California, Berkeley, where he now is.

THOMAS HUNT TALMAGE, Died November 29, 1895.

EDWARD HENRY THOMPSON.

(Latest information can be found in Class Book published at graduation.)

WILLIAM AUSTIN TOMES, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

(Latest information Decennial Report; except that recent medical directories indicate that he is still practicing at 500 Classon Ave., Brooklyn.)

WINTHROP TURNEY, Died July 6, 1905.

Left the Class at the end of Sophomore year and graduated with '88 and from the Yale Law School in 1890. Until 1897 he practiced law in New York but his health failing, he lived three years upon a farm in Colebrook, Conn., and in 1901 went to Mexico where he remained for a number of years engaged in mining enterprises and in an effort to regain his health. July 6, 1905, he was found dead in pasture at Colebrook near where he was staying under circumstances that led to the conclusion that he had taken his own life.

GEORGE HOBART VINING.

Left the Class in the Spring of Freshman year. Nothing has been heard from him since except that a short time ago he was said to be located in Kansas City, Mo.

WILLIAM DREW WASHBURN, JR., Minneapolis, Minn.

Left the Class at the end of Sophomore year and graduated with '88, since which time he has been in Minneapolis engaged in

numerous enterprises connected principally with mineral, pine and agricultural lands of his native state. He has at times written quite extensively for newspapers and published a number of pamphlets on political and good government subjects. He has served three terms in the Minnesota Legislature, having been elected on the Republican ticket. He is married and has three children:

Beatrice, born June 26, 1890.
William Drew, Jr., born July 28, 1897.
Thomas, born March 28, 1901.

MICHAEL EDWARD WOODWARD, Died March 18, 1886.

ROGER SHERMAN WOTKYNS, Waterbury, Conn.

Left the Class at Christmas of 1885. He was for a time in Chicago, but for twenty years or more has been in Waterbury. He is teller in the Manufacturer's National Bank, of Waterbury, and also Secretary of the Waterbury Machine Co. He was married October 12, 1887, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Edward D. and Sarah M. Steele, of Waterbury. They have one child, Steele Wotkyns, born December 26, 1890.

RICHARD HORNER WYETH.

Left the Class in December, 1884, and was for a time in the Yale Medical School but did not graduate. He died in 1903.

WARREN SAMUEL YATES, Died November 26, 1885.

*LOCALITY INDEX.

Anderson, Ind.—Brady.
Ardmore, Pa.—(C. Ludington).
Astoria, Ore.—Curtis.
Aurora Ill.—Copley.
Bath, N. Y.—Burns.
Berkeley, Cal.—Setchell.
Binghamton, N. Y.—Seymour.
Bridgeport, Conn.—Beard, Cullinan, G. Hill.
Brooklyn, N. Y.—(Adams), (Ketcham), Tuttle, (F. Woodward).
Bryn Mawr, Pa.—(Spencer).
Burlingame, Cal.—(S. Knight).
Buffalo, N. Y.—Dann, Penney.
Cambridge, N. Y.—H. Hart.
Chicago, Ill.—Brooks, E. Caldwell, Hume, Kent, C. Morse, H. Perkins, Sprague.
Charleston, S. C.—Simonds.
Concord, N. H.—Bissell.
Cortland, N. Y.—Cornish.
Dayton Ohio,—Irvin.
Denver, Col.—F. Hart, Lyne.
Deposit, N. Y.—(Seymour).
Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.—(Middlebrook).
East Orange, N. J.—(Cobb).
Eatontown, N. J.—Partree.
Englewood, N. J.—Penrose (?).
Erie, Pa.—Diehl.
Fairfield, Conn.—C. Jennings, (O. Jennings).
Fort Collins, Col.—Sheppard.
Genoa, Nebr.—Burke.
Great Barrington, Mass.—Pettee.
Harrisburg, Pa.—J. McCormick.
Hartford, Conn.—Gates, A. Perkins.
Holyoke, Mass.—Leeds.
Hudson, N. Y.—(Cochrane).
Jersey City, N. J.—(Gray).

*Names in parenthesis indicate residences when business and residence addresses are in different towns.

Kansas City, Mo.—Douglass, Rosenzweig.
Kingsburgh, Cal.—Guernsey.
Lancaster, N. Y.—(Dann).
Litchfield, Conn.—Ivison.
Little Britain, N. Y.—King.
London, Eng.—W. Trowbridge.
Long Island City, N. Y.—F. Woodward.
Memphis, Tenn.—Keeler.
Minneapolis, Minn.—Babcock.
Nekoosa, Wis.—Arn.
Newark N. J.—Staehlin.
New Britain, Conn.—Gaffney, Kirkham.
New Haven, Conn.—Corwin, H. Ferris, Lewis, Phelps, Scoville, E. Trowbridge, F. Trowbridge.
New London, Conn.—Coit.
New York, N. Y.—Adams, Anderson, Brownson, M. Caldwell, Carlton, Chambers, Clarke, Cobb, Cochrane, Cunningham, C. Ferris, Gardiner, Grant, Gray, Hartridge, Haven, Hawkes, F. Hill, Howe, Jenks, O. Jennings, Ketcham, Lee, Leverett, W. Ludington, Maxwell, Middlebrook, Porter, Rogers, Sheffield, Thomas, Tracy.
North Andover, Mass.—Bigelow.
Nordhoff, Cal.—Thacher.
Omaha, Neb.—V. Caldwell.
Ossining, N. Y.—(Clarke).
Osterville, Mass.—(Hinkle).
Paoli, Pa.—(Coxe).
Peekskill, N. Y.—C. Knight.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Coxe, C. Ludington, Pickett, Spencer, G. Woodward.
Plainfield N. J.—Hyde, (Tracy).
Portland, Ore.—Curtis.
Pottsville, Pa.—Archbald.
Providence, R. I.—Root.
Putnam, Conn.—Torrey.
Reading, Pa.—W. McCormick.
Rochester, N. Y.—Pritchard.
Rye, N. Y.—(Carlton).
San Francisco, Cal.—S. Knight, Pomeroy, Romaine.
Scranton, Pa.—Hand.
Shaowu, China.—Bliss.
Spokane, Wash.—Cowles.
Springfield, Mass.—(Leeds), Norton.
Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y.—(C. Ferris).
Stamford, Conn.—(Weed).
Tuxedo Park, N. Y.—(Porter).
Uniontown, Pa.—Playford.

Upper Montclair, N. J.—Leffingwell.
Waterbury, Conn.—Chase, Goodenough.
White Plains, N. Y.—Weed.
Winnetka, Ill.—(C. Morse).
Wood Ridge, N. J.—(Lee).
Worcester, Mass.—Taylor.
Yonkers, N. Y.—(Leverett).

As may be seen from the foregoing locality index, the one hundred and twenty-seven graduate members are scattered from London to China. The addresses of five are unknown. One is in London and one in China. The remainder are in twenty-one States. New York, naturally has the largest number, forty-four; Connecticut comes next with twenty, followed by Pennsylvania with eleven, and Illinois with eight; Massachusetts and California each have six; New Jersey has five; three reside in Colorado, and each of the following states has two: Indiana, Tennessee, Nebraska, and Missouri. Nine States have one each, viz: Oregon, Wisconsin, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Washington, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Louisiana and Ohio.

*PRESENT ADDRESSES.

CHARLES ADAMS, 25 Broad Street, New York City. (183 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.)

CHANDLER PARSONS ANDERSON, 35 Wall Street, New York City. (121 East 60th Street.)

JAMES ARCHBALD, JR., Sheafer Building, Pottsville, Pa. (1504 Mahantongo Street.)

REV. ARTHUR JOHN ARN, Nekoosa, Wis.

WILLOUGHBY MAYNARD BABCOCK, 610 Temple Court, Minneapolis, Minn. (2504 Lake of the Isles Boulevard.)

REV. GERALD HAMILTON BEARD, 319 Barnum Avenue, Bridgeport, Conn.

LEWIS SHERRILL BIGELOW, 768 Essex Street, North Andover, Mass.

LESLIE DAYTON BISSELL, St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

EDWARD LYDSTON BLISS, M. D., care of American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, Foochow, China. (Shaowu, China.) Permanent American address, 10 Allen Street, Newburyport, Mass.

ALLAN BLAIR BONAR, M. D., 606 Memphis Trust Building, Memphis, Tenn. (1756 Forrest Avenue.)

ARTHUR WOLFE BRADY, Anderson, Ind.

WILSON BROOKS, 234 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. (11138 Western Avenue, Morgan Park, Ill.)

PROF. CARLETON LEWIS BROWNSON, The College of the City of New York, St. Nicholas Terrace, New York City. (164 West 74th St.)

EDWARD LATHROP BURKE, Genoa, Nance County, Nebr.

WILLIAM SAVAGE BURNS, 209 Liberty Street, Bath, N. Y.

ERNEST LEROY CALDWELL, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. (6202 Madison Avenue.)

MIDDLETON ARNOLD CALDWELL, 19 West 46th Street, New York City.

VICTOR BUSH CALDWELL, United States National Bank, Omaha, Nebr. (630 South 20th Street.)

SCHUYLER CASEMATE CARLTON, 146 Broadway, New York City. (Rye, N. Y.)

WALTER BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, 35 Wall Street, New York City. (161 East 64th Street.)

FREDERICK STARKWEATHER CHASE, Chase Rolling Mill, Waterbury, Conn. (165 Grove Street.)

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*Where two addresses are given, that enclosed in brackets is residence address.

Francis Cameron Clarke, Grand Central Station, New York City. (Ossining, N. Y.)

Sanford Ellsworth Cobb, 51 Wall Street, New York City. (50 Glenwood Avenue, East Orange, N. J.)

Francis Cochrane, 10 Wall Street, New York City. (Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d Street.) Summer address, Hudson, N. Y.

Alfred Coit, 98 State Street, New London, Conn. (146 Huntington Street.)

Ira Clifton Copley, 36 Fox Street, Aurora, Ill. (251 South Lake Street.)

William Aaron Cornish, State Normal School, Cortland, N. Y. (2 Stewart Place.)

Prof. Robert Nelson Corwin, Sheffield Scientific School, New Haven, Conn. (247 St. Ronan Street.)

William Hutchinson Cowles, Care of the Spokesman Review, Spokane, Wash. (2602 West Second Avenue.)

Alexander Browne Coxe, 1103 Girard Building, Philadelphia, Pa. (Paoli, Pa.)

John Cullinan, Jr., Connecticut Bank Building, Bridgeport, Conn. (155 Harral Avenue.)

Joseph Thomas Cunningham, New York City.

Thomas Hamlin Curtis, P. O. Box 112, Portland, Oregon, or P. O. Box 542 Astoria, Oregon. (270 East 28th Street, South Portland, Ore.)

Henry Alexander Dann, 1028 White Building, Buffalo, N. Y. (17 Maple Avenue, Lancaster, N. Y.)

John Casper Diehl, Erie High School, Erie, Pa. (510 Myrtle Street.)

Willard Robinson Douglass, 931 Scarritt Building, Kansas City, Mo. (116 West 38th Street.)

Clarence Clark Ferris, 35 Wall Street, New York City. (Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y. City.)

Prof. Harry Burr Ferris, M. D., 150 York Street, New Haven, Conn. (395 St. Ronan Street.)

Frederick Wilson Francis. (Address unknown.)

Bernard Francis Gaffney, 338 Main Street, New Britain, Conn. (47 Vine Street.)

Robert Alexander Gardiner, Care of Union Club, New York City.

Andrew Frink Gates, Hartford, Conn.

Edward Winchester Goodenough, M. D., 44 Leavenworth Street, Waterbury, Conn.

Madison Grant, 11 Wall Street, New York City. (22 East 49th Street.)

Robert Beers Gray, 206 Broadway, New York City. (37 Astor Place, Jersey City, N. J.)

George Henry Guernsey, M. D., Kingsburgh, Fresno County, Cal.

William Jessup Hand, 607 Commonwealth Building, Scranton, Pa. (801 Webster Avenue.)

Clinton Larue Hare, 31-33 East Maryland Street, Indianapolis, Ind. (1525 North Meridian Street.)

Rev. Frederic Wells Hart, 1016 30th Street, Denver, Colo.

Horace Sedgwick Hart, M. D., Cambridge, Washington County, N. Y.

Clifford Wayne Hartridge, 2 Rector Street, New York City. (164 West 79th Street.)

George Griswold Haven, Jr., 30 Broad Street, New York City. (6 East 53d Street.)

Forbes Hawkes, M. D., 42 East 26th Street, New York City. (40 East 26th Street.)

Frederick Trevor Hill, 56 Wall Street, New York City. (29 Washington Square, West.)

George Edwin Hill, Sanford Building, Bridgeport, Conn. (839 Myrtle Avenue.)

Charles Mills Hinkle, Osterville, Mass.

Clarke Wesley Holly. (Address unknown.)

Frank Clifford Howe, Yale Club, 30 West 44th Street, New York City.

John Howard Hume, Municipal Court Building, 148 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. (25 Walton Place.)

Louis Kepler Hyde, City National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

Obed Wilson Irvin, 39 East Third Street, Dayton, Ohio. (395 West First Street.)

Henry Ivison, Litchfield, Conn.

Robert Irving Jenks, 1 Broadway, New York City. (54 East 64th Street.)

Charles Bulkley Jennings, Fairfield, Conn.

Oliver Gould Jennings, 49 Wall Street, New York City. (Fairfield, Conn.)

Charles Keeler, 1274 Madison Avenue, Memphis, Tenn. (1882 Peabody Avenue.)

William Kent, 12 Sherman Street, Chicago, Ill. (5112 Kimbark Avenue.)

Henry Belden Ketcham, 2 Rector Street, New York City. (108 Willow Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.)

Rev. John Scott King, Little Britain, N. Y.

John Henry Kirkham, New Britain, Conn.

Charles Asher Knight, M. D., 1028 Main Street, Peekskill, N. Y.

Samuel Knight, 1111 Merchants' Exchange Building, San Francisco, Cal. (Burlingame, San Mateo County, Cal.)

Yan Phou Lee, 229 Park Row, New York City. (Second Street, Wood Ridge, N. J.)

Alfred Leeds, Care of American Writing Paper Co., Holyoke, Mass. (27 Ridgewood Terrace, Springfield, Mass.)

Frank Dodge Leffingwell, 77 Oakwood Avenue, Upper Montclair, N. J.

John Leverett, M. D., 57 Laight Street, New York City. (11 Van Sice Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.)

Robert Hart Lewis, 102 Church Street, or P. O. Drawer S, New Haven, Conn. (37 George Street, West Haven, Conn.)

Charles Henry Ludington, Jr., 425 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (Ardmore, Pa.)

William Howard Ludington, 276 Madison Avenue, New York City.

Harry Lyne, University Club, Denver, Colo.

James McCormick, Jr., P. O. Box 548, Harrisburg, Pa. (101 North Front Street.)

William McCormick, 17 North Fifth Street, Reading, Pa. (1622 Mineral Spring Road.)

Robert Maxwell, 817 Broadway, New York City. (524 Fifth Avenue.)

Joseph Weed Middlebrook, 41 Park Row, New York City. (Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.)

Clarence Tomlinson Morse, 1538 Tribune Building, Chicago, Ill. (Winnetka, Ill.)

Richard Dana Morse,

Edward Hiram Norton, Care of G. & C. Merriam Co., Springfield, Mass. (11 Maplewood Terrace.)

Homer Tomlinson Partree, M. D., Eatontown, N. J.

Thomas Penney, 816 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y. (54 Hodge Avenue.)

Thomas Norwood Penrose, Englewood, N. Y. (?)

Arthur Perkins, 803 Main Street, Hartford, Conn. (95 Niles Street.)

Herbert Farrington Perkins, Harvester Building, Michigan Avenue and Harrison Street, Chicago, Ill. (2885 Kenmore Avenue.)

Prof. George Daniel Pettee, Great Barrington, Mass.

Prof. William Lyon Phelps, Yale University, New Haven, Conn. (44 High Street.)

Frederic Smith Pickett, M. D., 803 Arcade Building, Philadelphia.

Robert William Playford, Uniontown, Pa.

John Norton Pomeroy, 2312 Gough Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Thomas Wyman Porter, 114 Worth Street, New York City. (Tuxedo Park, N. Y.)

Albert Richard Pritchard, 999 Main Street East, Rochester, N. Y. (6 Argyle Street.)

John Rogers, M. D., 102 East 30th Street, New York City.

Benjamin Romaine, Mills Building, San Francisco, Cal. (3231 Jackson Street.)

Rev. Edward Tallmadge Root, 141 Chester Avenue, Providence, R. I.

Grant Isaac Rosenzweig, New York Life Building, Kansas City, Mo.

Rev. Charles Otis Scoville, New Haven, Conn.

Prof. William Albert Setchell, Botany Building, University of California, Berkeley, Cal. (Faculty Club, University of California.)

Lewis Seymour, Deposit, N. Y., and Binghamton, N. Y. (Deposit, N. Y.)

James Rockwell Sheffield, 52 William St., New York City. (67 East 75th Street.)

Walter Bradley Sheppard, Fort Collins, Colo.

John Calhoun Simonds, First National Bank, Charleston, S. C. (29 East Battery.)

Frank Clifton Smith. (Address unknown.)

Paul Spencer, N. W. corner Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. (Bryn Mawr, Pa.)

Frederick Sprague, 15 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. (537 Dearborn Avenue.)

Edward Staehlin, M. D., 15 Lincoln Park, Newark, N. J.

Maximillan Lincoln Stein. (Address unknown.)

William Pirrie Taylor, 10 Elm Street, Worcester, Mass. (27 Somerset Street.)

William Larned Thacher, Thacher School, Nordhoff, Ventura County, Cal.

Richard Simms Thomas, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City. (45 West 32d Street.)

Charles Louis Torrey, Putnam, Conn. (74 Grove Street.)

Howard Crosby Tracy, 37 Liberty Street, New York City. (1331 Prospect Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.)

Elford Parry Trowbridge, 116 Church Street, New Haven, Conn. (258 Church Street.)

Francis Bacon Trowbridge, 101 Orange Street, New Haven, Conn. (353 Temple Street.)

William Rutherford Hayes Trowbridge, Jr., 33 Buckingham Gate, London, England.

Frank Day Tuttle, 40 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y. (55 Remsen Street.)

William Xenophon Weed, 49 Walker Avenue, White Plains, N. Y. (Stamford, Conn.)

Frederick Searle Woodward, Long Island Railroad, Borden Avenue and Front Street, Long Island City, N. Y. (22 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.)

George Woodward, M. D., 709 North American Building, Philadelphia, Pa. (400 West Willow Grove Avenue.)

George Hurlburt Young, 818 Union Street, New Orleans, La. (?)

NON-GRADUATES OF '87.

JOSEPH NOYES BABCOCK Colonial Trust Company, 222 Broadway, New York City. (Mt. Vernon, N. Y.) (N Y D)

PHILIP SHERIDAN BABCOCK, Room 1806, 15 William Street, New York City. (78 West 85th Street.) (N Y D)

ALBERTUS HUTCHINSON BALDWIN, Office of First Assistant Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C. (Cosmos Club.) (V R)

CHARLES FRANCIS BALDWIN, Blantyre, N. C. ('88 Class Record.)

THOMAS LIVINGSTON BAYNE, Russellville, Tenn. (V R)

REV. ELI BEERS, 142 Chandler Street, Boston, Mass. (V R)

FRANCIS BERGSTROM, State Mutual Building, Worcester, Mass. (55 Channing Street.) (V R)

WILLIAM BASCOM BISSELL, M. D., Lakeville, Conn. (D L G)

JAMES PHILIP BOOTH, San Francisco, Cal. (J. N. Pomeroy, Jan., 1908)

WILLIAM BARRETT BRINSMADE, M. D., 166 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y. (D L G)

JOHN CHRISTOPHER BURCH, 64 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn. (250 Lewis Street.) (V R)

JOHN HENRY CARSON, 12 W. 10th Street, New York City. (Y U)

PERCY WALKER DANA

JOHN RICE ELDRIDGE, M. D., 2817 Carver Street, Berkeley, Cal.

CHARLES SCHMECK FOOS, School Administration Building, Reading, Pa. (1528 Mineral Spring Road.) (V R)

WILLIAM NETTLES GOODWIN, 516 W. 5th Street, Los Angeles, Cal. (Y U)

THEODORE STONE HAWLEY, Santa Barbara, Cal. (V R)

WILLIAM STANTON HUME

IRVING OLMSTEAD, 25 Oliver Street, Stamford, Conn. (D L G)

EDWIN PARSONS, 15 Broad Street, New York City. (The Oakes, Cantrell, S. C.) (V R)

DAVID WARREN PATTEN, North Haven, Conn. (?)

CAPT. FREDERIC HOPKINS POMEROY, U. S. A., Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City. (Army List and Directory for Dec., 1908.) Permanent mailing address, Care of the Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C. (DLG)

REV. J. L. QUIMBY, Gardiner, Maine. (Y U)

PROF. THOMAS FREDERICK SANFORD, University of California, Berkeley, Cal. (DLG)

EDWARD HENRY THOMPSON,

William Austin Tomes, M. D., 500 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

George Hobart Vining, 1810 Main Street, Kansas City, Mo. (Y U)

William Drew Washburn, Jr. Guaranty Building, Minneapolis, Minn. (V R)

Roger Sherman Wotkyns, Waterbury, Conn. (Quin.)

Explanatory:—The sources of the information are indicated in parenthesis by the following symbols:

V R—Vicennial replies of the man himself.

D L G—Directory of Living Graduates for 1908 (in cases where the man has graduated with another class).

Quin.—Quindecennial Record.

N Y D—New York Directory.

Y U—Secretary's Office, Yale University.

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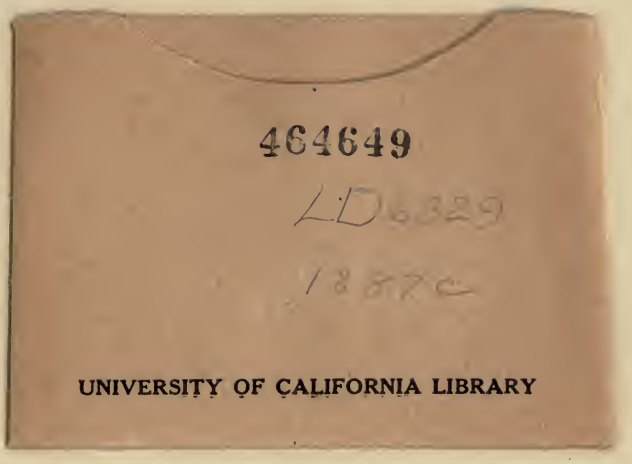
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